

Managing and Sharing 3D Models for Construction

May 7, 2014

1:00 pm – 2:30 pm EST



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration



Pre-webinar Poll 1

What data could/would/should you release pre-bid?

- Corridor models in proprietary format
- LandXML alignments, profiles, control points, surfaces, surface features, cross-sections
- 3D plan graphics
- 2D plan graphics
- Storm sewer models
- Bridge models
- Survey metadata
- Vector PDF
- Raster PDF
- Paper



Pre-webinar Poll 2

How do you deliver files to contractors?

- Secure, managed common data environment
- With other bid documents for secure, managed download
- Managed FTP site
- Unmanaged FTP site
- Physical media (USB, DVD)
- Email
- Other
- No data shared with contractors

Welcome and Introductions

Douglas Townes, P.E.

FHWA Resource Center



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration



Audience Demographics Poll

What type of organization do you represent?

- DOT Construction Division
- DOT Design Division
- DOT Survey Division
- DOT Other Division
- Local Authority
- FHWA Division Office
- FHWA Other Office
- Other Federal Agency
- Contractor
- Consultant
- Vendor
- Industry Representative



3D Engineered Models Webinar Series

Webinar 1: Overview of 3D Models for Construction

Webinar 2: Creating 3D Engineered Models

Webinar 3: Applications of 3D Models in the Contractor's Office

Webinar 4: Applications of 3D Models on the Construction Site

Webinar 5: Managing and Sharing 3D Models for Construction

Webinar 6: Overcoming Challenges to Using 3D Models for Construction

Webinar 7: Implementing 3D Engineered Models for Construction

Webinar 8: Adding Time, Cost and other Information to 3D Models



Recordings of Previous Webinars

<http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/construction/3d/webinars.cfm>

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Federal Highway Administration

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3D Engineered Models

FHWA / Programs / Construction / Technologies and Innovations / 3D Engineered Models / 3D Engineered Models Webinar Series



3D Engineered Models

Accelerated Construction

Intelligent Compaction

Slide-in Bridge Construction

SHRP2

Surveying

3D Design

Construction

Post-Construction

Training

Resources

3D Engineered Models Webinar Series

One of the technologies for the FHWA's Every Day Counts (EDC) initiative is 3D Engineered Models for Construction. A series of eight webinars have been developed to assist the FHWA's transportation partners in adopting this proven technology. The webinars are given in a "cradle to grave" sequence. Participants will hear how contractors incorporate 3D engineered models in their workflow of bidding and preparing to execute construction. Topics and guest speakers include:

Recorded Webinars

- [Overview of 3D Engineered Models for Construction](#)
November 20, 2013 1:00 p.m. - 2:30 p.m. Eastern
- [Creating 3D Engineered Models](#)
January 8, 2014 1:00 p.m. - 2:30 p.m. Eastern

Need more help?

Contact the [Technical Support Services Center \(TSSC\)](#) for a fast, personal response to your specific questions from a national technical expert in 3D engineered models.



Social Media

Tweet along on Twitter:

#EDC2 @USDOTFHWA





Today's Speakers

| Speaker | Topic |
|---|--|
| Douglas Townes (FHWA-RC) | Welcome, Introductions and Safety Message |
| Brian Smith, PE (Iowa DOT) | File Delivery to Support Automated Machine Guidance at Iowa DOT |
| Paul Wheeler, PE (Utah DOT) | Signing & Sealing Digital Documents |
| Bruce Flora, RLS (Flora Surveying) | Best Practices for Supporting Estimating, Construction Layout and Automation |
| Francesca Maier (Parsons Brinckerhoff) | Moderated Question & Answer Session |
| Douglas Townes (FHWA-RC) | Information on Next Webinar and Close |

File Delivery to Support Automated Machine Guidance at Iowa DOT

Brian Smith, PE

Iowa Department of Transportation



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration



Learning Objectives

- Discuss which files in the Design Model are delivered, and why
- Describe the purpose and need for standardization and documentation of the delivered model
- Discuss effective ways for transmitting models



Topics Covered

- Data needed for construction in neutral file formats
- Data available to evaluate means & methods
- Data for validating exchanged models
- How files are delivered
- Contract Language/disclaimers for releasing files



Topics Covered

- Need for Standardization
- Elements that are Standardized
 - Naming conventions
 - Data structure
 - Template Library
- Describing 3D models for designers and contractors in CADD/Design Manual

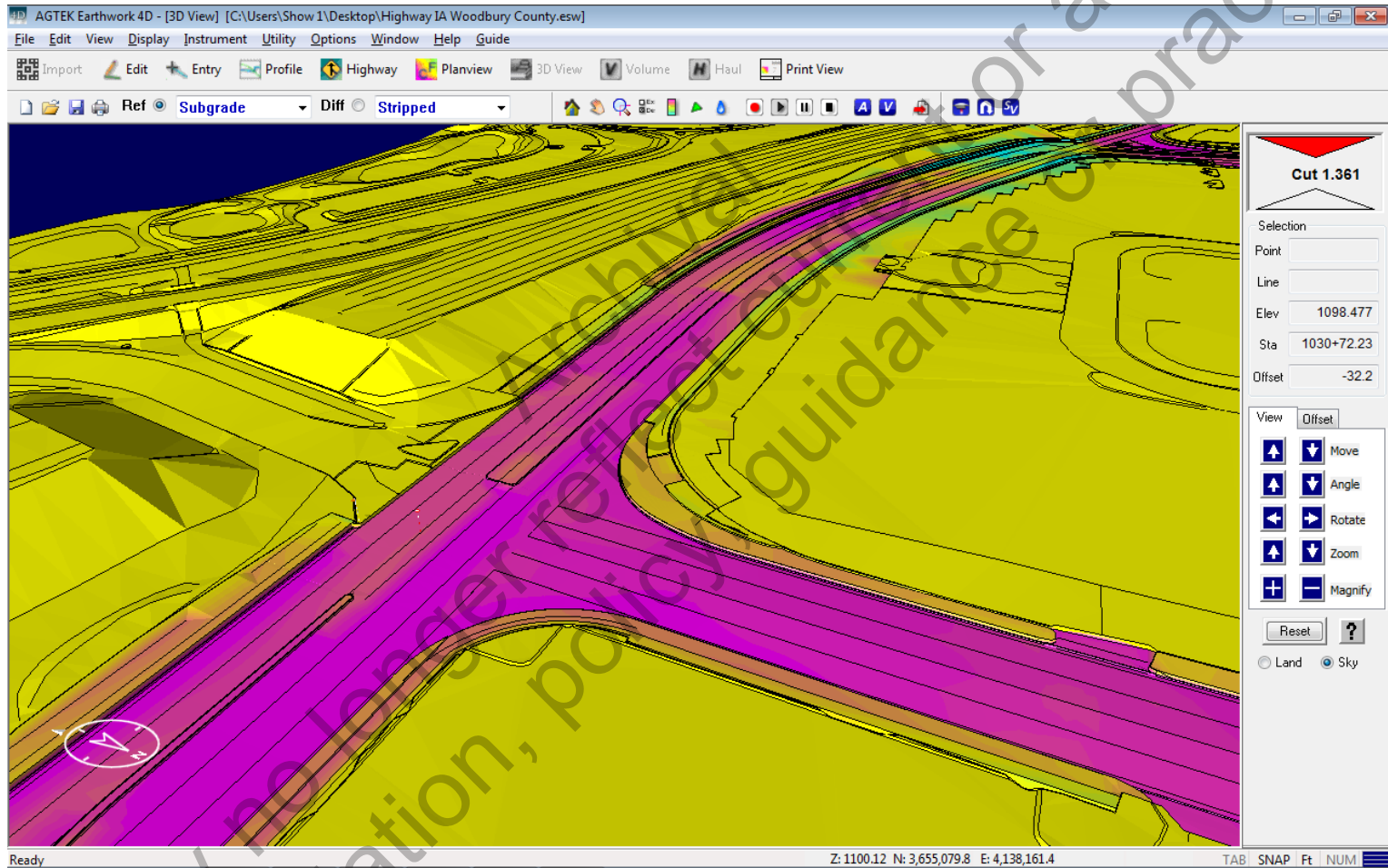


Data Needed

- Horizontal and vertical alignments
- Digital terrain model of Existing Ground
- Digital terrain model of proposed design
- 3D break line CADD file
- Project documentation file

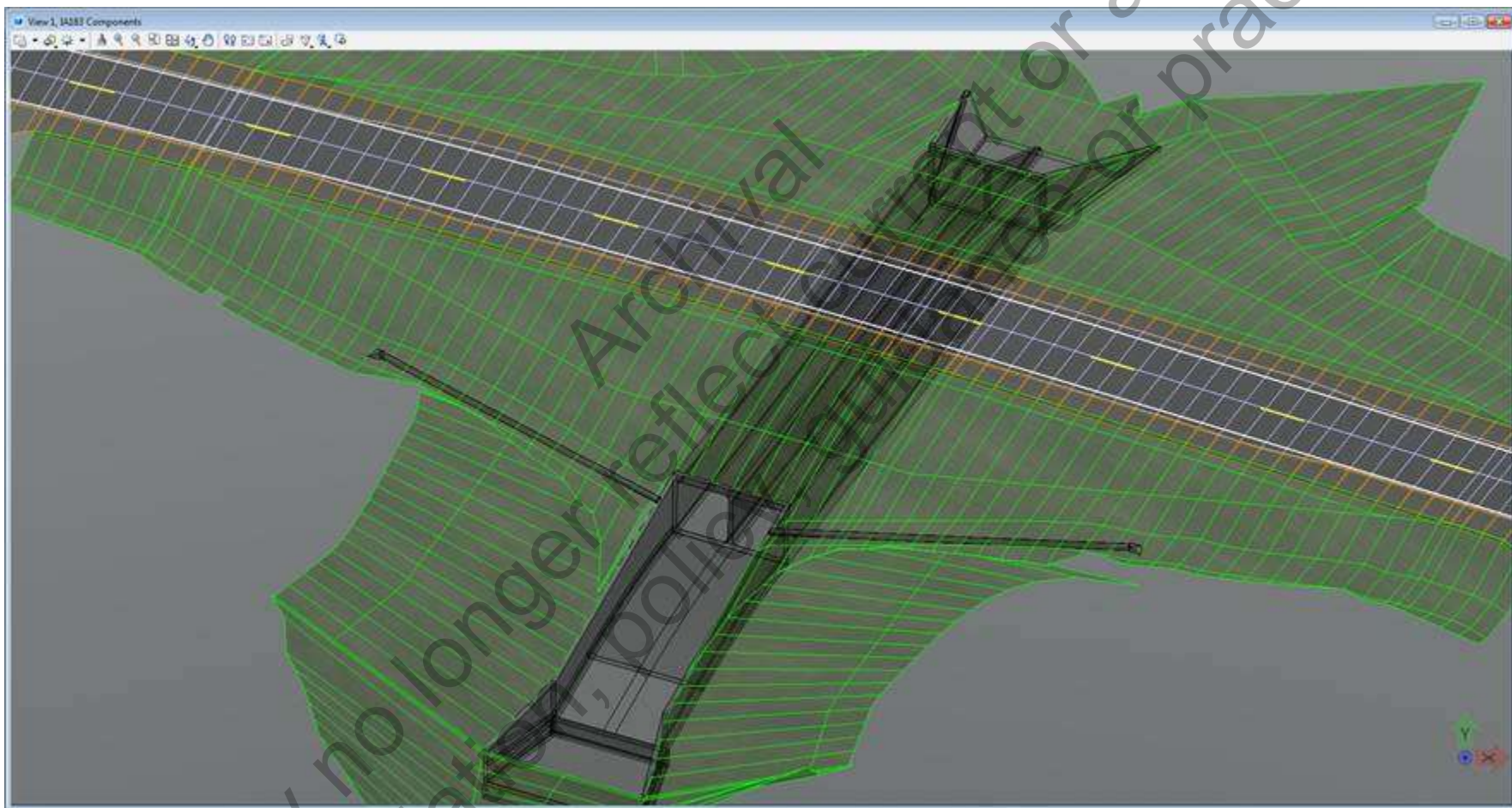


Data Needed: Existing Surface



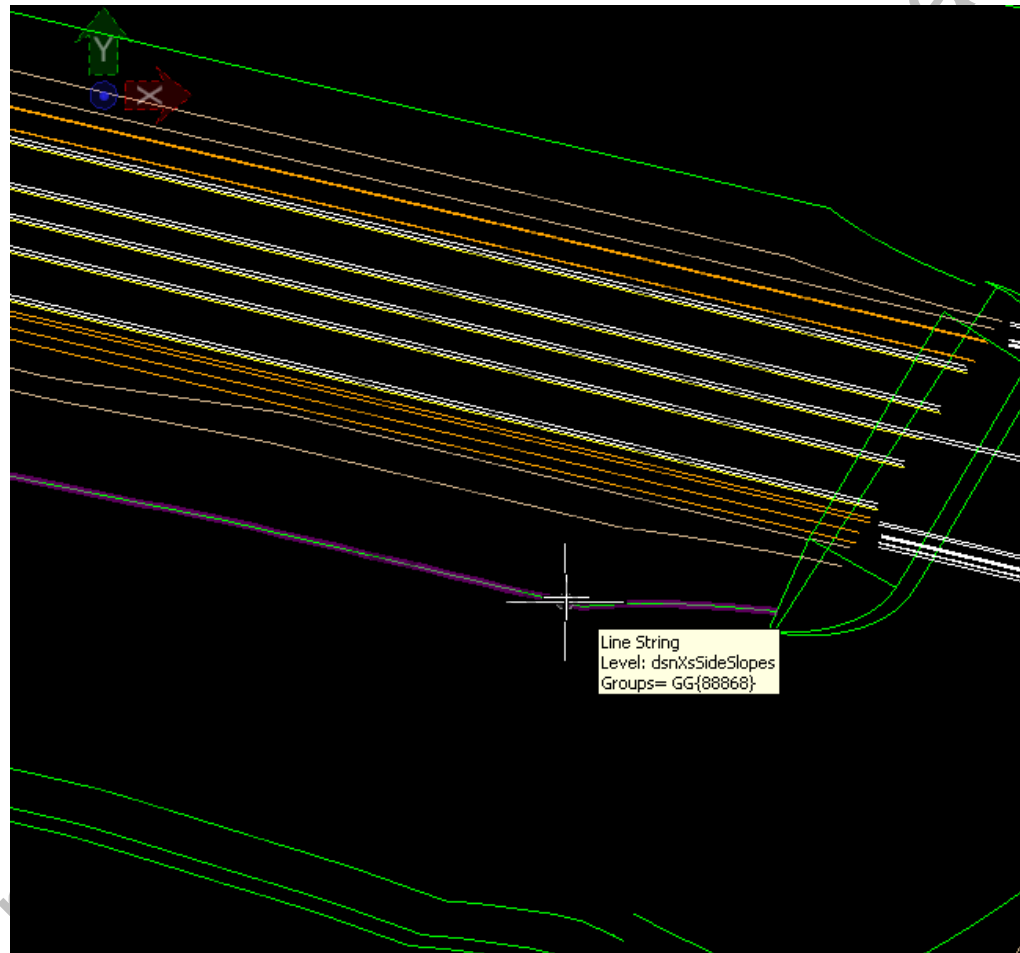


Data Needed: Design





Data Needed: 3D Breaklines





Poll 1: Design Model Documentation

How is your design model documented?

- Agency CADD Manual
- Office CADD Manual
- Other standard documentation
- No standard



Data Needed: Documentation

Iowa Department of Transportation Office of Design Project Data Summary



Refer to Chapter 20 of the Design Manual for information on standard naming conventions:
<http://www.iowadot.gov/design/dmanual/manual.html>

Revised Date:

Project Information

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| County: | Lucas |
| PIN: | 09-59-014-010 |
| Project Number: | BRF-014-2(34)--38-59 |
| Project Location: | Bridge over English Creek 1.5 Miles North of Co. Rd. S-45 |
| Project Description: | RCB Culvert New - Triple Box. |
| Design Engineer: | Flattery |
| Design Team: | Flattery\Luong |

Design File Information

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| Design File name: | 59014034.dsn |
| Linework Model: | ML_0050_IA_14 |
| Proposed DTM: | |
| Design Criteria: | |
| Plansheet PDFs | 38-0142-034.pdf |

Survey File Information

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------|
| Aerial Photography filename: | 59014034.sur |
| Survey file name: | |
| TIN file name: | 59014034.tin |
| Raster file name: | |
| Structure file name: | 59014034.str |

GEOPAK Information

| | |
|-----------------------|------------|
| GPK File: | job014.gpk |
| Operator Code: | r3 |
| Project Manager File: | |
| COGO Input Folder: | |
| COGO Output Folder: | |

Location of this File:



Data Needed: Documentation

| Horizontal and Vertical Alignments | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Roadway | Survey Chain | Construction Chain | Point Range | Beginning Station | End Station | Existing Ground Profile | Construction Profile |
| Mainline | | | | | | | |
| IA 14 | ML014 | | 10 CUR1 CUR2 15 | 453+04.71 | 532+47.90 | ML014_E | |
| Side Roads | | | | | | | |
| Ramps/ Loops | | | | | | | |
| Returns | | | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous | | | | | | | |
| English Creek Channel | | CHANNEL | 9010 - 9014 | 1+00.00 | 4+73.79 | CHANNEL_E | CHANNEL_P |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

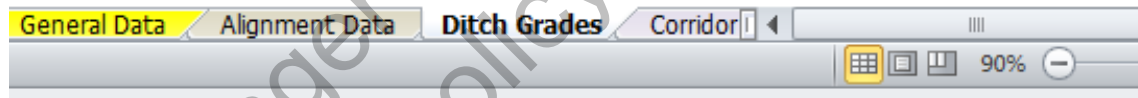
General Data | Alignment Data | Ditch Grades | Corridor Modeler

90%



Data Needed: Documentation

| Ditch Grades | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Roadway | Profile Name | Beginning Station | End Station |
| Mainline | | | |
| IA 14 Left | DGL500 | 500+00 | 502+10 |
| | DGL502 | 502+45 | 505+00 |
| | DGR500 | 500+00 | 502+00 |
| | DGR502 | 502+35 | 505+00 |
| Side Roads | | | |
| Ramps/ Loops | | | |
| Miscellaneous | | | |





Data Needed: Documentation

| Corridor Modeler | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-------------|--|
| Project Files | | | | | | |
| | | Folder / Filename | | | Description | |
| Working Directory | W:\Projects\5901401009\Design | | | | | |
| Plan Graphics Design File | 59014034CM_2Dlinework.dsn | | | | | |
| Template Drops Visualization File | | | | | | |
| Preference File | 59014034.rdp | | | | | |
| Template Library | 59014034ClosedComponent.itl | | | | | |
| Road Designer File | 59014034.ird | | | | | |
| DTM - Base Existing Ground | 59014034.dtm | | | | | |
| DTM - Proposed | | | | | | |
| Plan Graphics Documentation | | | | | | |
| Name | Drafting Standard | Type | Purpose | Model | Created by | |
| HingeLt | dsnCmltDitches | Symbology | Left Barnroof Hinge | Project Overview | | |
| HingeRt | dsnCmltDitches | Symbology | Right Barnroof Hinge | Project Overview | | |
| ML014_R_EX_EOP | dsn3DExistingPvmtTop | Symbology | Right Existing Edge of Pavement | Project Overview | kcb | |
| ML014_L_EX_EOP | dsn3DExistingPvmtTop | Symbology | Left Existing Edge of Pavement | Project Overview | kcb | |
| ML014_L_Hinge | dsn3DBackSlopeBreakLine | Symbology | Left Barnroof Hinge | Project Overview | kcb | |
| ML014_R_Hinge | dsn3DBackSlopeBreakLine | Symbology | Right Barnroof Hinge | Project Overview | kcb | |
| CHANNEL_L_CHNL_DB | dsn3DForeSlopeBreakLine | Symbology | Left Channel Bottom | Project Overview | kcb | |
| CHANNEL_R_CHNL_DB | dsn3DForeSlopeBreakLine | Symbology | Right Channel Bottom | Project Overview | kcb | |
| FILL_R_TIE | dsn3DBackSlopeBreakLine | Symbology | Right Fill Tie | Project Overview | kcb | |
| Fill_L_TIE | dsn3DBackSlopeBreakLine | Symbology | Left Fill Tie | Project Overview | kcb | |
| CHANNEL_ABUT_L | Level 1 | Symbology | Channel Left Bridge Abutment | Project Overview | kcb | |
| CHANNEL_ABUT_R | Level 1 | Symbology | Channel Right Bridge Abutment | Project Overview | kcb | |



Validating Exchanged Models

- Alignments, horizontal and vertical can be loaded into the surface
- Paper plans and typicals can be used
- Cross sections may be cut and compared
- Load the 3D breaklines with the surface



Delivering Files

<http://www.iowadot.gov/contracts/lettings.html>

| <u>Call group</u> | <u>Bid order range</u> | <u>Call group</u> | <u>Bid order range</u> |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| Structures | 001 - 080 | Traffic safety | 351 - 400 |
| Alternate pavement types | 081 - 100 | Buildings and building sites | 401 - 450 |
| PCC pavement | 101 - 150 | Miscellaneous | 451 - 500 |
| HMA – pavement / resurfacing | 151 - 200 | Erosion control | 501 - 600 |
| Surface rehabilitation | 201 - 300 | Bridge painting | 601 - 650 |
| Grading | 301 - 350 | Small business contracts | 981 - 999 |

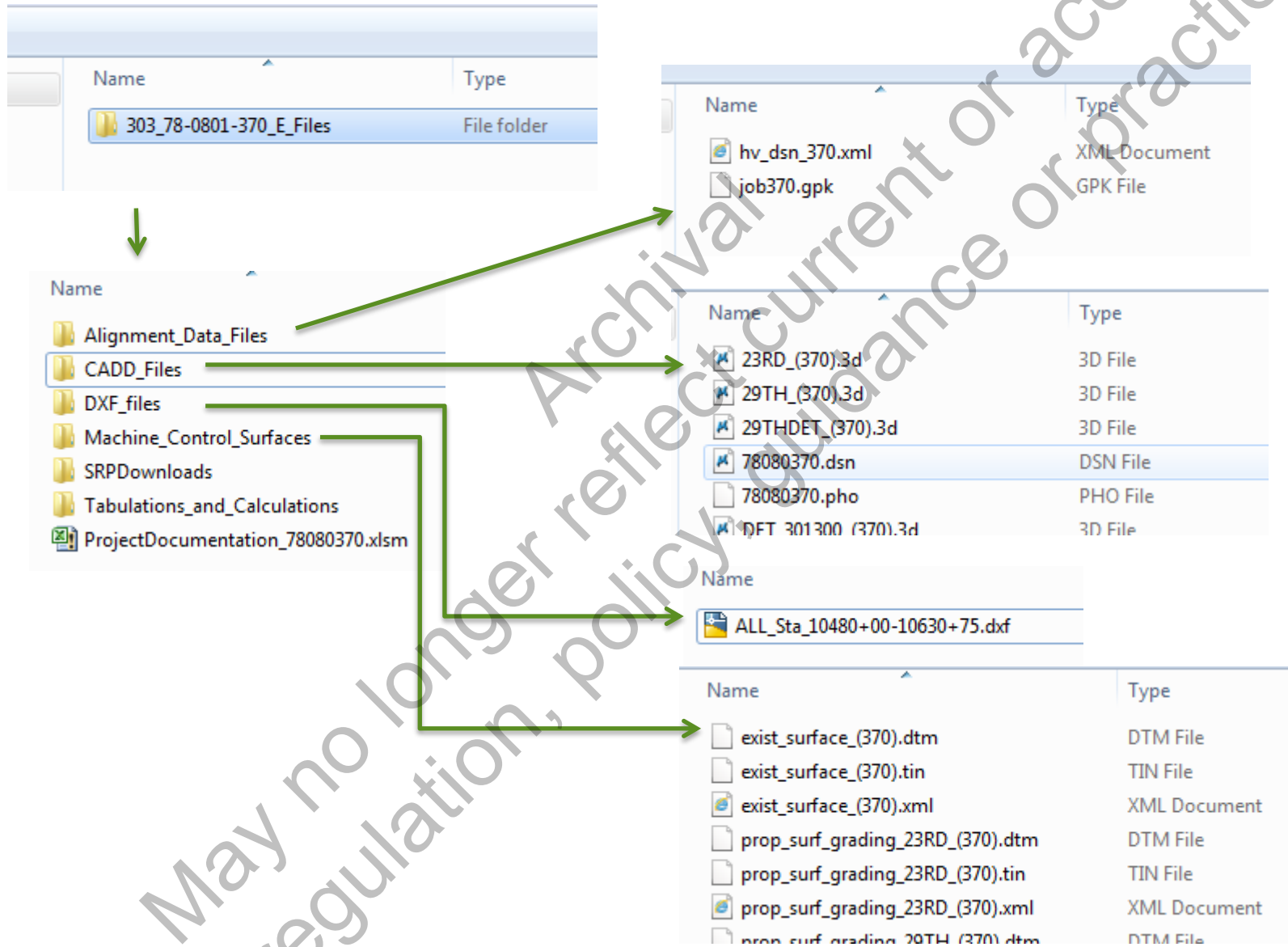
Show entries

Search:

| Bid order | Proposal ID | County | Project number | Download |
|-----------|-------------|---------------|--|----------|
| 212 | 00-0002-744 | STATEWIDE | MP-000-2(744)0--76-00 | |
| 213 | 00-0002-745 | STATEWIDE | MP-000-2(745)0--76-00 | |
| 301 | 20-0692-020 | CLARKE | ER-069-2(20)--28-20 | |
| 302 | 27-C027-054 | DECATUR | ER-C027(54)--58-27 | |
| 303 | 78-0801-370 | POTTAWATTAMIE | IMN-029-3(140)54--0E-78 IM-NHS-080-1(370)4--03-78 | |



Delivering Files





Contract Language

- Files for information only contractor uses at their own risk
- <http://www.iowadot.gov/erl/current/GS/content/1105.htm>
 - 1105.04B
 - 1105.17



Contract Language

1105.04 CONFORMITY WITH AND COORDINATION OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

- A. In case of a discrepancy between contents of the contract documents, the following items listed by descending order shall prevail:
1. Addendum
 2. Proposal Form
 3. Special Provision
 4. Plans
 5. Standard Bridge Plans, Standard Culvert Plans, and Standard Road Plans
 6. Developmental Specifications
 7. Supplemental Specifications
 8. General Supplemental Specifications
 9. Standard Specifications
 10. Materials I.M.
- B. Electronic support files, if available, will be provided prior to letting and are for information only. Should there be a discrepancy between an electronic support file and a contract document, the contract document shall govern.
- C. Should there be a discrepancy between figures and drawings on any of the contract documents, the figures shall govern unless they are obviously incorrect.
- D. The Contractor shall not take advantage of any apparent error, omission, or discrepancy in the contract documents. The Engineer will be permitted to make such correction in interpretation as may be deemed necessary for the fulfillment of the intent of the contract documents subject to compensation as provided in [Articles 1109.03](#), [1109.04](#) and [1109.16](#). Written notice of changes in the contract documents will be given to the Contractor by the Engineer.
- E. All work performed and all materials furnished shall be in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, cross sections, dimensions, and material requirements, including tolerances, shown in the contract documents.
- F. If the Engineer finds the material or the finished product in which the material is used is not within reasonably close conformity with the contract documents but that reasonably acceptable work has been produced, the Engineer will then make a determination if the work shall be accepted and remain in place. In this event, the Engineer will document the basis of acceptance by contract modification which will provide for an appropriate adjustment in the contract price for such work or materials as is necessary to conform to the determination based on engineering judgment.



Poll 2: Design Model Standardization

How is your design model format standardized?

- Software format
- File structure
- File naming convention
- Template library and resource files
- Object naming convention
- Level structure and CADD graphics
- PDF presentation only
- No standard



Need for Standardization

- Standardization is needed to deliver a consistent repeatable product
- It also simplifies creating a process for generating the generic deliverable files
- The customer needs to receive the deliverable in a consistent format to make them efficient
- Holds designers to measurable standard



Need for Standardization

- Delivering something with documentation is way better than nothing

Archival
May no longer reflect current or accepted
regulation, policy, guidance or practice.



Need for Standardization

- Standard Template Libraries and training
- Drop spacing
- Naming Conventions
- Folder Structure
- Example files to show the level of detail
- Quality assurance of standards



Electronic File Description

<http://www.iowadot.gov/design/dmanual/20B-71.pdf>

Protected View: This file originated from a potentially unsafe location, and most features have been disabled to avoid potential security risks. [Learn More](#)

| | |
|---|---------------|
|  Iowa Department of Transportation Office of Design | 20B-71 |
|---|---------------|

| | |
|--|--|
| <h2>Electronic Files Supplied by the Office of Design</h2> | Design Manual Chapter 20 Project Automation Information Originally Issued: 03-23-11 Revised: 05-08-13 |
|--|--|

Overview

This section provides details of the origin and organization of the files generated during the design process, either from within or outside of the Office of Design. All files listed that the designer has available must be included in the submission of electronic files, unless specifically noted otherwise.

The following topics are included:

- [Project Documentation—Project Data Summary](#)



Electronic File Description

Protected View: This file originated from a potentially unsafe location, and most features have been disabled to avoid potential security risks. [Learn More](#)

Additional Files Generated for Final Turn-In of Electronic Files

[Top of Document](#)

“.dxf” Files (The .dxf file is an AutoCad format file.)

NOTE: AutoCad files are similar to MicroStation V7 files in that they contain only the one single file container rather than multiple models.

This .dxf file is typically produced with Corridor Modeler. The intent of the .dxf file is to provide our customers with a file in a generic format. The .dxf file contains all the longitudinal and transverse break lines for a single alignment, such as for one ramp. This .dxf file is a converted MicroStation file. Leveling in this file should be descriptive so that it is easy to determine what the lines represent. The .dxf file is only necessary for the final plan turn-in on Machine Guidance projects.

Geopak Produced LandXML Files

[Top of Document](#)

“hv_dsn_parennumber.xml” files

The “hv_dsn_parennumber.xml” file contains all the horizontal and vertical design alignments for an entire project, in LandXML format. This includes alignments and profiles for intersection and/or interchange returns and ramp tapers. For information on Geopak Element, File, and

Page 10 of 11



Minimum File Requirement

Files Required for Final Turn-In of Electronic Files

[Top of Document](#)

If the files listed below are available, they shall be submitted to the Office of Contracts for Final Turn-in.

- [Project Documentation file](#) shall always be included.
- Alignment Data Files shall be included if there is any geometry.
 - [XML file](#) for all alignments when alignments have been developed for the project
 - [XML file](#) for Survey control points
 - Native [GEOPAK ".gpk" file](#) for all alignments when alignments have been developed for the project
- CADD files
 - All MicroStation Files containing plan views and/or profiles that are available shall be included ("[.dsn](#)" & "[.geo](#)")
 - All Microstation support files referenced to the ".[dsn](#)" file shall be included.
 - All [Microstation Cross sections Files](#) for all alignments provided shall be included.
- Machine Control Surfaces, shall be provided for all projects developed for automated machine control guidance.
 - [XML files](#) of automated machine guidance surfaces
 - [Autodesk ".dxf" files](#) containing three dimensional break lines
 - Native GEOPAK format Surfaces ([.tin](#) & [.dtm](#))
- PDFs
 - [VanDike reports](#)
- [Tabulations & Calculations](#), all tabulation files that have been created for a project shall be included (C, CS, G, J, M and S).

Note: Any file noted as a Microstation file that does not have the *.[dgn](#) file extension is a Microstation DGN file that has had its extension changed to differentiate between the office that created the file.



Contractor Software

AGTEK Earthwork 4D - [3D View] [C:\Users\Show 1\Desktop\Highway IA Woodbury County.esw]

File Edit View Display Instrument Utility Options Window Help Guide

Import Edit Entry Profile Highway Planview 3D View Volume Haul Print View

Ref Subgrade Diff Stripped

View Offset

Cut 1.361

Selection

Point

Line

Elev 1098.477

Sta 1030+72.23

Offset -32.2

Move

Angle

Rotate

Zoom

Magnify

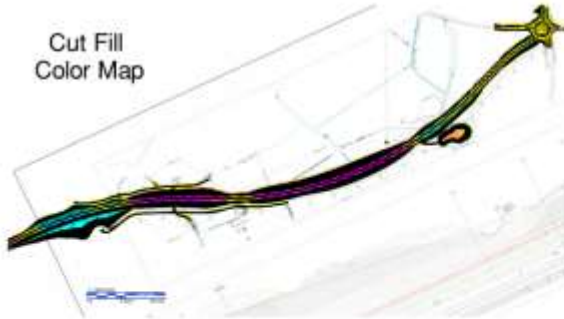
Reset ?

Land Sky

Ready Z: 1100.12 N: 3,655,079.8 E: 4,138,161.4 TAB SNAP Ft NUM



Contractor Software

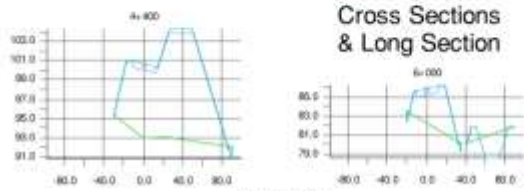


3D View North End looking South

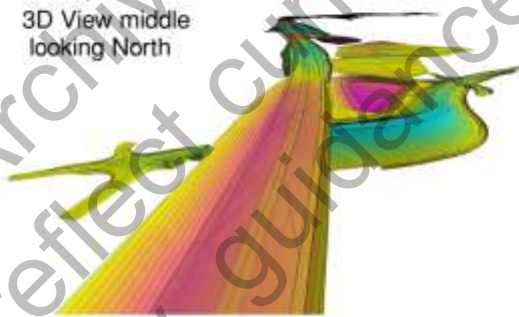


Volumes

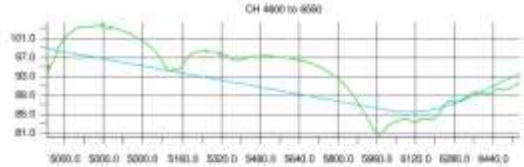
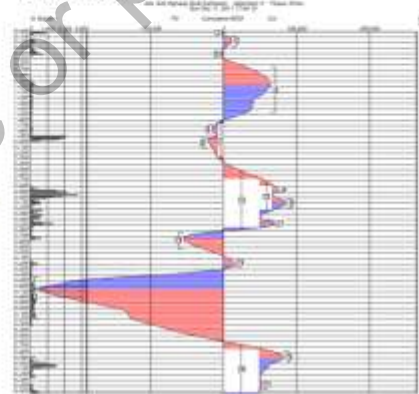
| Station | Volume | Unit |
|---------|--------|-------|
| 0+00 | 100 | cu yd |
| 0+100 | 200 | cu yd |
| 0+200 | 300 | cu yd |
| 0+300 | 400 | cu yd |
| 0+400 | 500 | cu yd |
| 0+500 | 600 | cu yd |
| 0+600 | 700 | cu yd |
| 0+700 | 800 | cu yd |
| 0+800 | 900 | cu yd |
| 0+900 | 1000 | cu yd |
| 0+1000 | 1100 | cu yd |



3D View middle looking North



Mass Diagram

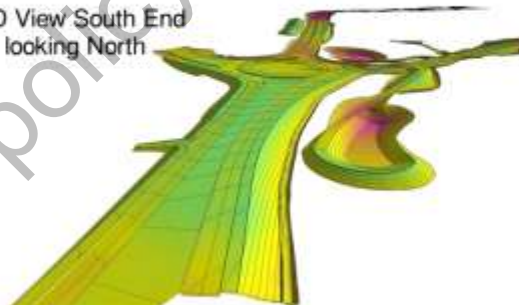


Hauls

| Station | Volume | Unit |
|---------|--------|-------|
| 0+00 | 100 | cu yd |
| 0+100 | 200 | cu yd |
| 0+200 | 300 | cu yd |
| 0+300 | 400 | cu yd |
| 0+400 | 500 | cu yd |
| 0+500 | 600 | cu yd |
| 0+600 | 700 | cu yd |
| 0+700 | 800 | cu yd |
| 0+800 | 900 | cu yd |
| 0+900 | 1000 | cu yd |
| 0+1000 | 1100 | cu yd |



3D View South End looking North



A43 Corby Link Road

Earthworks - Main Carriageway





Contractor Software: Earthwork

Search

Places

- My Places
- Temporary Places
- A43 Highway Bulk Earthwork
 - Benchmarks
 - Plan Sheets
 - Grading Plan Sheet 1
 - Grading Plan Sheet 2
 - Grading Plan Sheet 3
 - Existing Lines
 - Design Lines
 - Existing Perimeters
 - Stripping Areas
 - Strip Topsoil
 - Plane Area: 512,644.29 m²
 - Slope Area: 513,988.36 m²
 - Strip Topsoil
 - Plane Area: 5,809.07 m²
 - Slope Area: 5,817.87 m²
 - Design Annotation
 - Design Perimeters
 - Report Regions
 - Exam
 - Plane Area: 5,809.07 m²
 - Slope Area: 6,817.87 m²
 - Main Roadway
 - Plane Area: 512,644.29 m²
 - Slope Area: 513,988.36 m²
 - Sectional Areas
 - Profile Lines
 - Highway
 - Cut-Fill
 - Subgrade vs. Stripped
 - Grid-Subgrade vs. Stripped
 - Agtek Logo

4+980 to 5+000

Subgrade vs. Stripped

Alignment: 0 Phase: Entire Units: Meters

Cumulative Fill: 194,475.6 m³

Station Net Cut Volume: 3,238.3 m³

| Raw Volume (m ³) | | Compaction Ratio | | Compacted Volume (m ³) | |
|------------------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------------------------|------|
| Cut | Fill | Cut | Fill | Cut | Fill |
| 3,327.1 | 60.7 | 1.00 | 1.10 | 3,327.1 | 68.8 |

AGTEK
Created with AGTEK Earthwork 4D

© 2013 Intelera Ltd & BlueSky
© 2013 Google

AGTEK EARTHWORK SYSTEMS

Google earth



Contractor Software

Ex RC Conc Pvt 10"
Phase 12 - Stage 5-3
Area: 46,182.05 sq. ft.
Length: 826.75 ft

| Material | Section | Multiplier | Quantity | Units |
|--------------------|----------|------------|----------|-------|
| Ex RC Conc Pvt 10" | 1.000000 | 0.111100 | 1,797.83 | SY |
| EX RC Pvt - Volume | 0.833000 | 0.333300 | 4,482.77 | CY |
| EX ML Overlay 3.5" | 3.500000 | 0.006700 | 379.47 | Ton |

Created with Materials 4D



Verify Learning Outcomes

- Discuss which files in the Design Model are delivered, and why
- Describe the purpose and need for standardization and documentation of the delivered model
- Discuss effective ways for transmitting models

Signing & Sealing Digital Documents

Paul Wheeler, Technology Advancement Specialist
Utah Department of Transportation



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration



Learning Objectives

- Discuss different approaches to signing & sealing digital files

Archival
May no longer reflect current or accepted
regulation, policy, guidance or practice.



Poll 3: State of the Practice of Digital Sign & Seal

Do you currently sign & seal electronic documents?

- Yes
- We'd like to
- No

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regulation, policy, guidance or practice.



Digital vs. Electronic Signatures

Electronic? Digital?



Archived
May no longer reflect current or accepted
regulation, policy, guidance or practice.



Digital vs. Electronic Signatures

Electronic Signatures

- Just an image, not verifiable
- No Integrity
- No metadata behind it.
- Easy to manipulate





Digital vs. Electronic Signatures

Digital Signatures

- The adoption of the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (UETA) in most states and the passage of Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (ESIGN) at the federal level in 2000 solidified the legal landscape for use of electronic records and electronic signatures in commerce.
- Intelligent electronic signature
- Provides the metadata behind the signature to enhance security and integrity





Why Digital Signatures?

- Authenticity
- Integrity of content
- Decreased printing costs
- Ease of distribution
- Save time!





Poll 4: File types for Digital Sign & Seal

What file types do you sign and/or seal digitally?

- PDF
- Office documents
- CADD files
- None



Requirements for Digital Signatures

- Each state has different requirements for licensing and electronic seal use
- Reputable Certificate Authority
- Software that is friendly to Digital Signature workflows
- Organizational understanding of the digital signature documents and workflow.

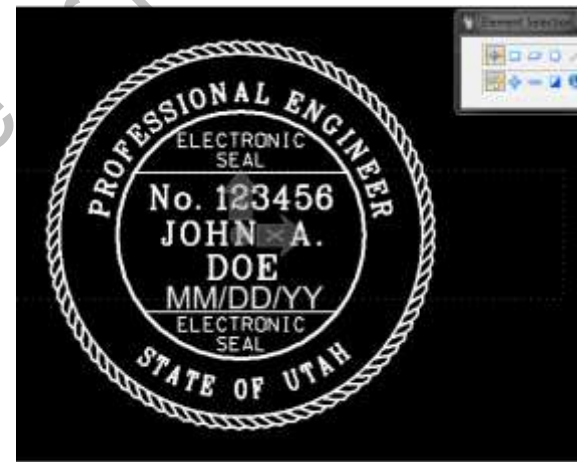




Signatures in CADD

Pros

- Ability to lock (copy, print, open) the CADD Files
- Functionality of digital certificates
- Identify who certified the files
- Identify when the file was certified
- Invalidate signature if the files are changed

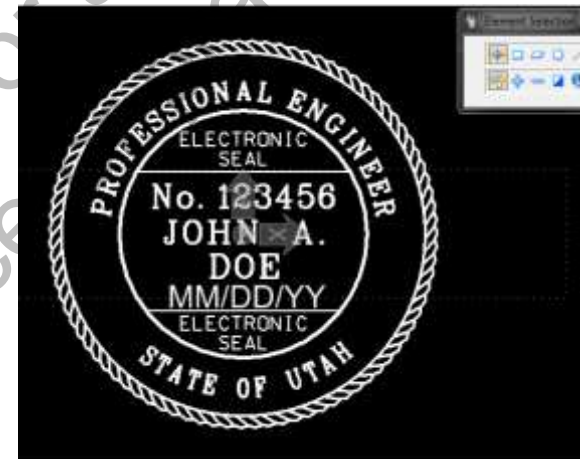




Signatures in CADD

Cons

- Software bugs
- Software compatibility with certificates
- Software versions need to be the same.
- Reference file problems with invalidation





Signatures in PDF

Pros

- Easy to distribute documents
- Final plan set is certified and locked
- Multiple people can easily sign
- Widely accepted format
- Portfolio Creation (Multiple PDF files combined into one container)
- Easy signing of files via free Adobe Reader
- Ability to lock document via cover sheet





Signatures in PDF

Cons

- Slow load times for validation of signatures
- Extra software needed for creation of document
- Have to add Reader functionality in order to sign in Adobe Reader.
- Portfolio size can become large for big projects.





Lessons Learned

- Ensure everyone uses the same version of the software.
- Have a system for keeping certificates up to date.
- Have an organized workflow for signing the documents.
- Make it easy to use the digital process!





Benefits

- Decreased printing costs for the department
- Integrity of digitally signed files
- Signing of plan sets were completed faster between departments/consultants
- Bidding for contractors became easier with Digital Print Room
- Contractors could easily distribute accurate verifiable electronic copies of the plan sets





Poll 5: Need for Digital Sign & Seal

Is digital sign and seal of CADD documents a prerequisite to releasing models For Construction?

- Yes, it's essential
- Yes, it's desirable
- No
- Not sure



Verify Learning Outcomes

- Discuss different approaches to signing & sealing digital files

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Best Practices for Supporting Estimating, Construction Layout and Automation

Bruce Flora, RLS

Flora Surveying



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration



Learning Objectives

- Describe best practices for delivering files for effective construction

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Poll 6: Embedding Survey Metadata

Do you embed survey metadata in your CADD files?

- Yes, it's on our seed/template
- Yes, on all files contain spatial data
- Yes, on some files
- Yes, on the survey base map only
- Not sure
- No



Estimators And Professional Surveyors Wishes

- Estimator: existing conditions at pre-bid
- Surveyor: existing conditions at construction

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Original Mapping Documentation



This map compiled by:
 AERO-METRIC
 46180 BUSINESS COURT
 DULLES, VIRGINIA
 20188-8708

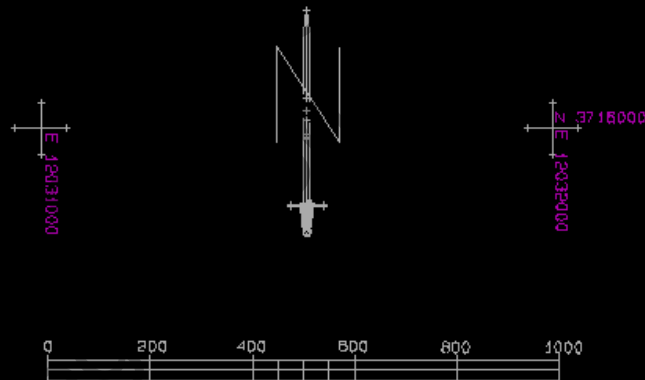
GROUND CONTROL LEGEND

| POINT | NORTH | EAST | ELEV |
|-------|-------------|--------------|---------|
| 30 | 3719069.870 | 12026638.520 | 92.980 |
| 58 | 3717522.603 | 12026776.197 | 84.600 |
| 523 | 3718778.010 | 12029127.430 | 118.28 |
| 550 | 3717806.090 | 12030238.030 | 82.860 |
| 551 | 3715663.380 | 12029104.920 | 82.390 |
| 552 | 3720005.720 | 12027378.230 | 123.850 |
| 900 | 3718458.540 | 12025224.180 | 105.880 |
| 901 | 3720015.880 | 12025350.150 | 78.490 |

This mapping has been compiled in accordance with procedures that have been demonstrated to comply with the National Standard For Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA), for a target horizontal mapping scale of 1 inch = 100 feet and a specified contour interval of 2 feet.

Dashed contours indicate that ground is partially obscured by vegetation or shadows. These areas may not meet standard accuracy and require field testing/completion. Drainage patterns in these areas may not be accurately depicted.

This map compiled by photogrammetric methods from aerial photography dated 12-28-2012. Vertical datum based on NGS Mean Sea Level. Contour interval 2 feet. Grid based on VA State Plane Coordinate System, South Zone NAD 1983. Air Survey Corp. Project No. 7121222.





Poll 7: Vertical Datum Description

Does your survey metadata describe the basis for the survey datum?

- Yes
- No
- Not sure

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Original Mapping Ground Control

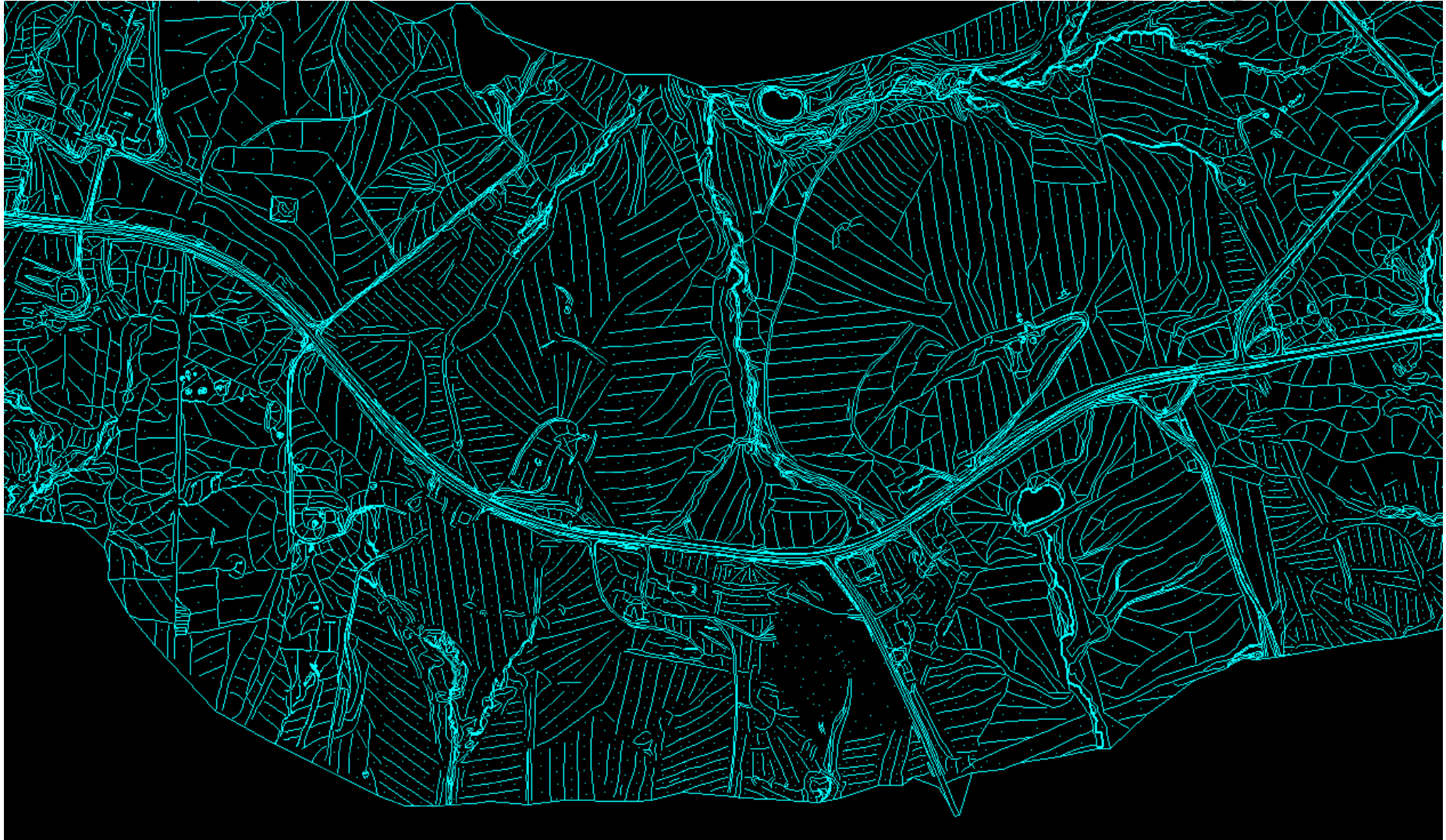
GROUND CONTROL LEGEND

| POINT | NORTH | EAST | ELEV |
|-------|-------------|--------------|---------|
| 30 | 3719069.870 | 12026638.520 | 92.980 |
| 68 | 3717522.603 | 12026776.197 | 84.600 |
| 523 | 3718778.010 | 12029127.430 | 116.28 |
| 550 | 3717806.090 | 12030238.030 | 92.860 |
| 551 | 3715663.380 | 12029104.920 | 82.390 |
| 552 | 3720005.720 | 12027378.230 | 123.850 |
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This map compiled by photogrammetric methods from aerial photography dated 12-28-2012. Vertical datum based on NGS Mean Sea Level. Contour interval 2 feet. Grid based on VA State Plane Coordinate System, South Zone NAD 1983. Air Survey Corp, Project No. 7121222.

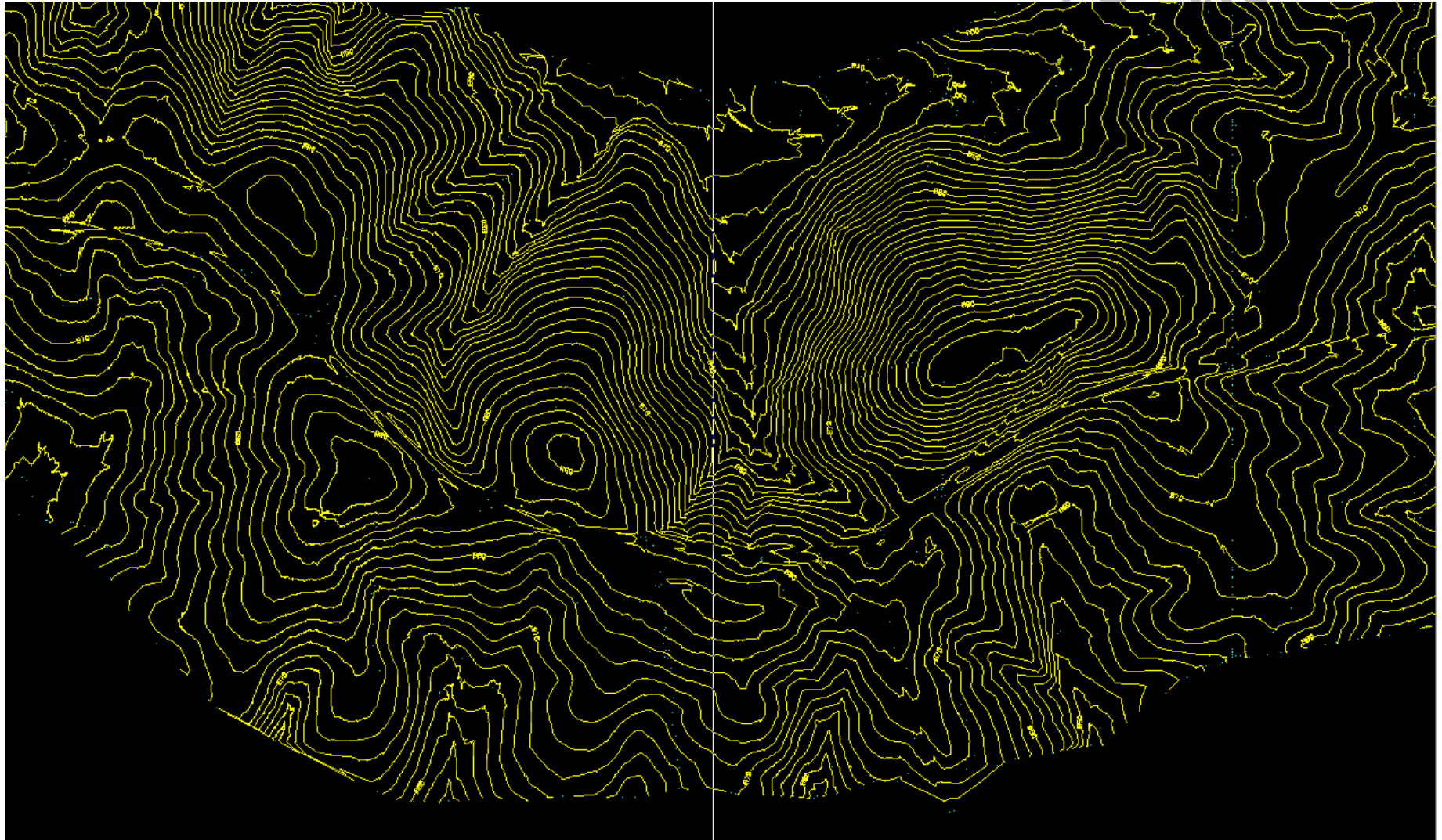


Points and Breaklines





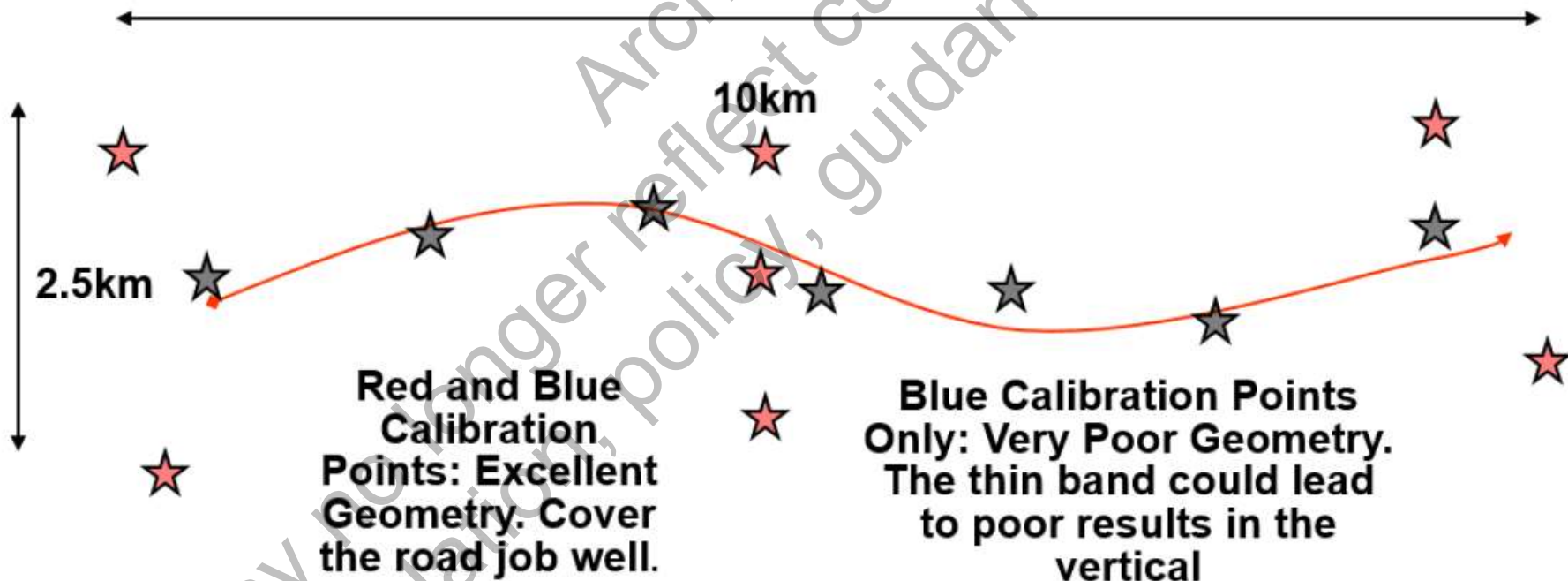
2' Contours





AMG Construction Control

- Road (or other elongated job)
- The points must surround the area the machines will be working in and have good geometry





Professional Model Builder Wishes For AMG

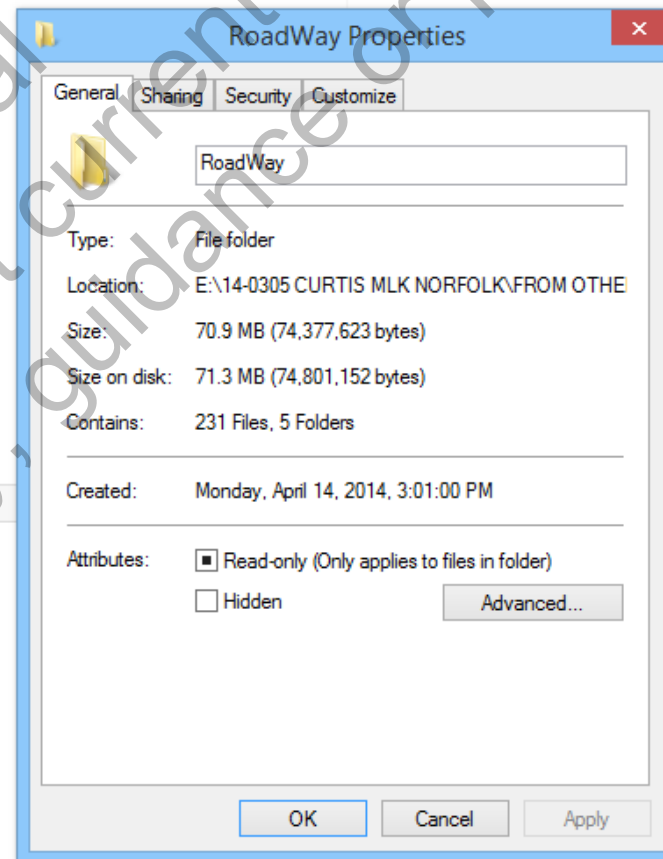
- AutoCAD Civil 3D: Bind Xrefs
- Bentley InRoads/Geopak: Merge References

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CAD Files Supplied By Owner

| | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| BMLK-01 | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| BMLK-02 | 9/4/2013 11:30 AM | File folder |
| BMLK-03 | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| BMLK-04 | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| BMLK-05 | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| BMLK-06 | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| BMLK-07 | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| BMLK-08 | 9/4/2013 11:30 AM | File folder |
| BMLK-09 | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| BMLK-10 | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| BMLK-11 | 9/4/2013 11:30 AM | File folder |
| BMLK-12 | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| BMLK-13 | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| BMLK-14 | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| Bridge_Ref_Files | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| Erosion and Sed | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| General | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| Grading | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| Lighting | 4/14/2014 3:00 PM | File folder |
| RoadWay | 4/14/2014 3:01 PM | File folder |
| site | 4/14/2014 3:01 PM | File folder |
| SWM | 4/14/2014 3:01 PM | File folder |
| Utilities | 4/14/2014 3:01 PM | File folder |
| Utilities_Private | 4/14/2014 3:01 PM | File folder |
| Walls | 4/14/2014 3:01 PM | File folder |





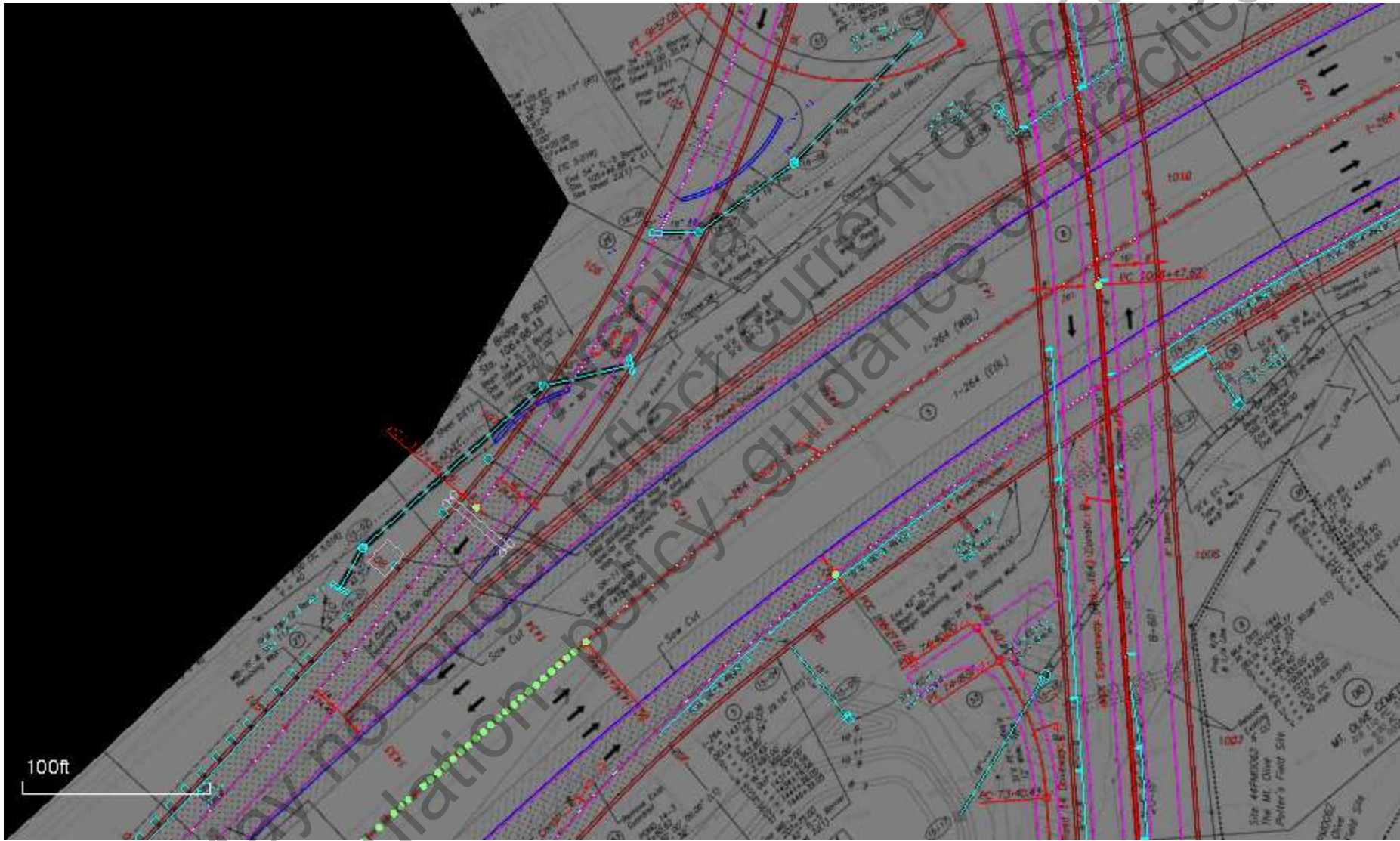
2D Linework Extracted From CAD Files/Overlaid On Plans For QA/QC



May
regulat



CAD File Overlay Blow Up For Detail





Verify Learning Outcomes

- Describe best practices for delivering files for effective construction

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Moderated Question & Answer

Francesca Maier, P.E.
Parsons Brinckerhoff



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration



Poll 8: Webinar 6 Topics

Which Challenges would you like to hear more about?

- Concurrence between the Plans and the Model
- Extra effort in design to create construction-ready models
- Precedence of plans and 3D model
- Creating specifications for AMG
- Reviewing 3D models prior to construction
- Procuring Survey Equipment (Rovers) for Construction Engineers & Inspectors
- Other (please add to Chat)



Question & Answer

Please add your questions to the Q&A Pod

You may add suggestions for poll pods!

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Upcoming Webinars and Close

Douglas Townes, P.E.
FHWA Resource Center



U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration



3D Engineered Models Webinar Series

Webinar 1: Overview of 3D Models for Construction

Webinar 2: Creating 3D Engineered Models

Webinar 3: Applications of 3D Models in the Contractor's Office

Webinar 4: Applications of 3D Models on the Construction Site

Webinar 5: Managing and Sharing 3D Models for Construction

Webinar 6: Overcoming Challenges to Using 3D Models for Construction

Webinar 7: Implementing 3D Engineered Models for Construction

Webinar 8: Adding Time, Cost and other Information to 3D Models



Up Next: Webinar 6

Overcoming Challenges to Using 3D Models for Construction

September 10, 2014

1:00 pm – 2:30 pm

www.fhwa.dot.gov/3D

Douglas.townes@dot.gov