### FHWA Webinar on Target Setting: Findings from AASHTO/FHWA Peer Exchange

September 9, 2014







### Introductions and Overview

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- Matt Hardy, AASHTO
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### Agenda

- Opening and introductions
- Presentation by Arizona DOT and Flagstaff MPO followed by Q&A
- Presentation by Texas DOT and Houston-Galveston Area Council followed by Q&A
- Presentation by Caltrans and San Diego Association of Governments followed by Q&A
- High Level Findings from Target Setting Peer Exchange





### **Overview of Presentations**

- Background
- Successes Achieved
- Challenges to Date
- Challenges Anticipated
- Next Steps





# Collaborating in Target Setting: Arizona DOT and Flagstaff MPO

Presentation at FHWA/AASHTO Target Setting Webinar September 9, 2014





# Arizona DOT Scott Omer







### Background

- 2 TMA's
- 6 MPO's
- 4 COG's (RTPO's)
- Total NHS (MAP-21) is 4133 miles (2768 original)
- Expanded NHS added 950 miles of PA in just MAG and PAG. (1348 total added)
- NHS increased by 48%





### **Successes Achieved**

- In the Beginning, the boss said Create a Vision, and the Vision was Good.
- Building a Quality Arizona (bqAZ)
  - Transportation Planning Framework (Vision)
- What Moves You AZ
  - State LRTP (Plan)
- Linking the Long Range Plan and the Capital Program (P2P)
  - To create a performance-based process that links planning to programming (Implementation)
  - Goal is to be transparent, defensible, logical, and reproducible
  - System Performance is the Foundation for Project Selection
- Collaboration with our Partners. MAG and FMPO set on our Project Management Committees for the LRTP, and all of our MPO's participated in bqAZ and P2P.





### Challenges to Date

- When are we going to see those GOALS we have to set Targets for????
- Arizona is a large, diverse state. Mostly Rural, but some very large Urban Areas.
- 23 Tribes and Two Staff to Coordinate and Consult with.
- We have a great Tribal Consultation Process we will follow, but it isn't based on speed.





### Challenges Anticipated

- The Transportation Planning Process by nature is an Iterative Process. Things will CHANGE, and CHANGE IS GOOD.
- Folks other than Planners may not agree with the previous statement.
- Should we set Aspirational Targets or Practical Targets?
- Should we be setting Tiered Targets?
- The Decisions the State DOT makes, can impact an MPO or local Municipality, and Vice-Versa.
- Coordination of Targets may not be a win-win.





### **Next Steps**

- Collaboration
- Consultation
- Coordination
- Cooperation
- Wait and See





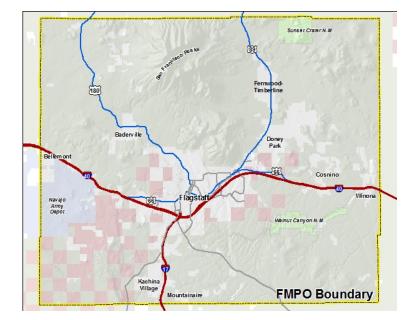
# Flagstaff MPO David Wessel





### Background

- Flagstaff MPO
  - 525 Square Miles
  - 85,000 people
  - Walk Friendly City
  - Bike Friendly City
  - National Award winning transit system
  - Arterial network largely state system
- Staff
  - FT Manager
  - FT Multimodal Planner
  - PT Administrative Specialist







### **Successes Achieved**

#### • Strong planning & Collaboration

- Regional planning between City and County is the norm
- ADOT and Regions expect participation in statewide efforts
- ADOT HQ and District participation in MPO processes
- "Migration" to performance-based planning
  - "Transportation Decision 2000": sales taxes supporting modes
  - 2009 RTP: Standards and performance expectations for area and place types (i.e., urban to rural, activity centers, etc.)
- Promises Made Promises Kept
  - Investments in all modes and results have been as described





### Challenges to Date

- Time and effort is collaboration deep enough?
- Balance- are results representative?
- Measures & targets: Vision > Plan > Program
- Elephants in the Room –the whole herd
  - Regional vs. extra-regional and jurisdictional priorities
  - Funding available / PBPP effect on funding distribution
  - Whose road is it? Whose should it be?
- Ever-elusive Economic Development measures
- Mode Neutral vs. Mode Dependent





### Lessons Learned

- This isn't easy
- This matters
- We're all in the same boat
- There are people out there willing to help
- Diversity within the FMPO community is nothing compared to the diversity of communities ADOT serves
- Diversity warrants respect





### Challenges Anticipated

- Setting targets in time: Now > TIP > Plan > Vision
- Connecting target measures and real-life experience
- Relationships between targets
- Determining price curves to achieve different targets
- Moving the Needle and reporting it in a slow growth environment
- Targets and priorities changing with election cycles
- Monitoring particularly field data





### **Next Steps**

- Peer Cities comparison:
  - Current and future population
- Models and Case Studies
- Sharpening the Tools
- Engaging the Public
  - Weighting criteria
  - "Trends as targets" or "Targets as Aspirations"
- 3 C's with our Partners





Integration of Performance Measures and Targets in the Transportation Planning Process: Texas DOT and Houston-Galveston Area Council (HGAC) Presentation at FHWA/AASHTO Target Setting Webinar

September 9, 2014





### TxDOT/TEMPO – Core Principles

TxDOT and TEMPO developed, and jointly recommended a set of core principles to shape the national transportation performance management process:

- Flexibility for calculations and reporting;
- Allowance for diversity of conditions among areas;
- Reasonableness of measures;
- Measurements based on trends;
- Incorporation of existing public involvement efforts;
- Allowance for reassessments and improvement;
- Application to federally funded programs;
- Provision of additional resources; and,
- Consideration of yet-to-be-developed metrics.





### Progress to Date: Strategic Approach

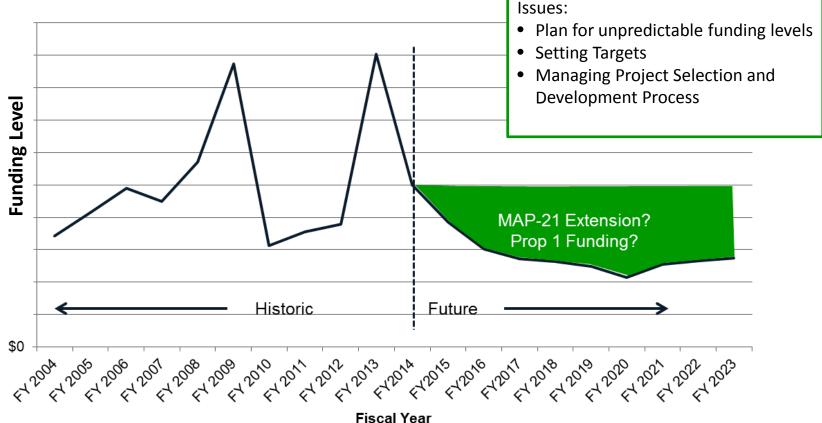
- TxDOT and the MPOs collaborated on a strategic approach to performance management implementation that includes:
  - TxDOT sharing state data with MPOs
  - TxDOT and MPOs using the same data to the extent practicable
  - TxDOT and the MPOs establishing a baseline set of statewide performance measures for common use
  - MPOs sharing system performance targets with TxDOT
- Approach provides better use of resources
  - TxDOT can focus on broader data collection efforts and statewide coordination.
  - MPOs can focus more resources on planning





Issue: Addressing Fiscal Constraint within Planning Process

#### Unified Transportation Program Statewide Funding FY 2004 - 2023



scal rear



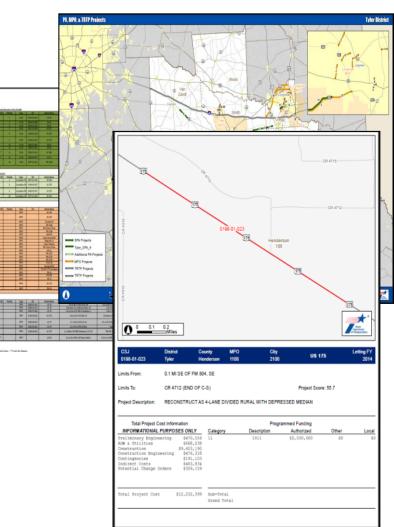
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#### Issue: Improving Project Information for Plan Integration

To better integrate plans across various planning levels (LRTP/MTPs, TxDOT's UTP, STIP/TIP) improving the availability, accuracy and reliability of project date has been a necessity.

#### What we have done...

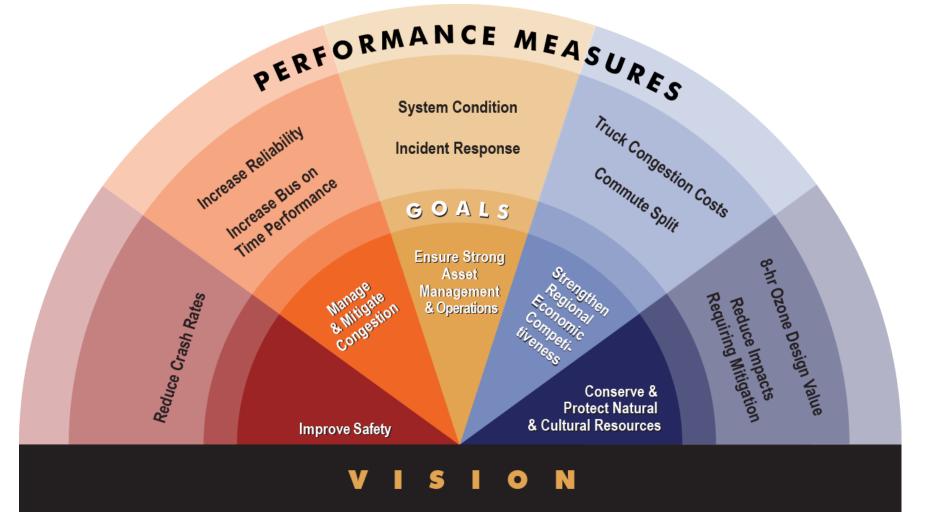
- Better inform districts of the planning, and programming processes
- Automate and improve data collection process on projects
- Geospatial mapping of projects and data
- SharePoint collaboration tool to manage and assess project information real-time with staff and leadership







### H-GAC RTP







### Lessons Learned

- Accurate and comprehensive project and system performance data is critical to successful integration of performance measures across the planning spectrum.
- Transportation stakeholders/public involvement is vital in shaping measures, goals and targets, but can be difficult for nontechnical individuals to understand the performance management process.
- Maintaining objective performance measure and target setting process when working with groups who have specific agendas can be challenging at times;
  - Measures and targets of some groups/individuals may conflict with those of others (e.g. local vs. state and rural vs. urban);
  - Competing goals can create difficulty with fiscal constraint; and
  - At times local/short range priorities may not optimally align with long-range transportation plans.





### Next Steps

- Data, Processes and Plans will continue to evolve as the following activities progress:
  - Rulemaking process
  - Plan development activities (State and Local)
- TxDOT, MPOs and other partners will continue to work collaboratively to:
  - Ensure a common Texas response to the federal rulemaking on performance measures
  - Coordinate through quarterly Texas MPO (TEMPO) meetings and through ad-hoc working groups (Core Principles, Congestion, Air Quality, etc.)





### **Contact Information**

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## Coordinating Target Setting Requirements: Caltrans and San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG)

Presentation at FHWA/AASHTO Target Setting Webinar September 9, 2014





### **Background and Experiences**

- Green House Gas (GHG) Emissions and California legislation (AB 32, SB 375, AB 391)
- Sustainable Communities Strategy and Long Range Transportation Plan
- Regional GHG reduction targets
- Statewide efforts to identify a set of common performance measures





### **RTP/SCS Performance Measures**



#### **Performance-Based Planning Activities MPO** Plan Bay Area adopted July 2013 – 10 performance measures with associated numeric targets; rigorous project performance analysis Initiating "State of the Region" performance monitoring effort 2050 RTP/SCS: Our Region, Our Future adopted October 2011 – 38 performance measures with enhanced project evaluation process SANDA Second RTP/SCS process underway (San Diego Forward: The Regional Plan); streamlining performance measures Ongoing performance monitoring efforts and reporting 2035 RTP/SCS adopted April 2012 – 40 performance measures with detailed reporting on scenario impacts Developed online regional performance monitoring tools 2035 MTP/SCS adopted April 2012 – >70 performance measures with emphases on land use, transportation, environment, and equity **Biannual releases of Performance Monitoring Report**







### SANDAG: Performance Based Planning

- Regional Transportation Plan Performance Measures
- Regional Comprehensive Plan Performance Monitoring Report: urban form, transportation, housing, natural habitats, water and air quality, economic prosperity, water supply, energy, and San Diego region-Mexico border transportation
- Indicators of Sustainable Competitiveness: compare the San Diego region to 19 other metropolitan regions and the U.S. as a whole in the three E's
- State of the Commute: major commute routes from the traveler's perspective, including travel time and delay



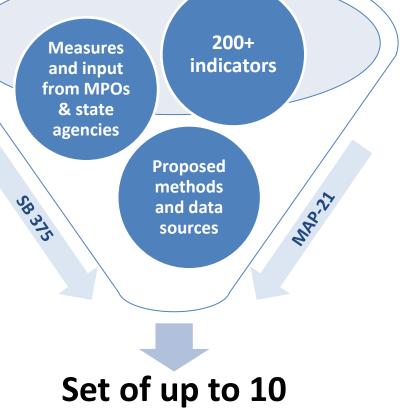






### Indicators: Selection Process

- Total and congested VMT per capita
- Commute mode share
- State of good repair
- **Highway buffer** index
- **Fatalities/serious** injuries per capita and per VMT



- Transit accessibility
- Travel time to jobs
- Change in agricultural land
- CO2 emissions per capita

# statewide indicators







### California Transportation Plan 2040

MAP-21 National Goals	CTP 2040 Goals
1. Safety	Goal 4 - Improve Public Safety & Security
2. Infrastructure Condition	Goal 2 – Preserve the Multimodal Transportation System
3. Congestion	Goal 1 - Improve Multimodal Mobility & Accessibility for All Users
4. System Reliability	Goal 1 – Improve Multimodal Mobility & Accessibility for All Users <i>* Policy 1 – Manage &amp; Operate an Efficient</i> <i>Integrated System</i>
5. Freight Movement & Economic Vitality	Goal 3 – Support a Vibrant Economy * Policy 2 – Enhance Freight Mobility, Reliability and Global Competitiveness.
6. Environmental Sustainability	Goal 6 - Practice Environmental Stewardship
7. Reduce Project Delays	





### **Successes Achieved**

- Close coordination and collaboration among State agencies and MPOs on regional GHG target setting
  - Standing State agency-MPO working group meets every other month
  - Early U.S. DOT/Caltrans kick-off workshop with regional agencies, transit operators, tribal representatives in November 2013.
  - Data made available to State and MPOs through State funding





### Challenges to Date

- A diverse state: highly urbanized, small urban and rural areas
- Limited data availability for various modes
- Data governance





### **Challenges Anticipated**

- Single targets or multiple targets (state and regions)?
- How to develop multi-modal and active transportation data
- Limited resources for data collection staff and dollars
- Alignment of MAP-21 targets, State and regional goals with investment decisions





#### Next Steps

- Continue to coordinate and collaborate among federal, state, regional agencies, transit operators and tribal governments
- Developing rural target-setting
- Continue to coordinate on implementation of MAP-21 performance provisions through review and comment on Notices of Proposed Rule Making





### **Contact Info**

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  - Elisa Arias elisa.arias@sandag.org









# Peer Exchange Findings





# Survey







### **State of the Practice Survey**

- Informed organization of the peer exchange
- Survey based on 50 practitioner responses
  General findings
  - Findings related to coordination, collaboration, and integration of targets
- Detailed results available in summary report





# Implementation Framework





#### Process

#### Needs:

- Clear identification of roles and responsibilities
- Internal and external working groups (all levels)
- Structure for stakeholders
- Process for establishing baseline
- Communication plan

## Challenges and Opportunities:

- Lack of alignment between agencies
- Lag time in investment effects on performance
- Additional guidance for bi- and multi-state areas
- Tools to assess and visualize tradeoffs





# **Data sharing**

#### Needs:

- Improved data sharing and governance
- Focus on relevance and importance of data
- Understanding of methodologies and assumptions
- Improved coordination and tools
- Involvement of local agencies (e.g. owners of system)

### **Opportunities:**

- Establish standards
- Develop improved tools for protecting and sharing data
- Explore nontraditional data sources





# **Managing Expectations**

## **Challenges:**

- Specialized interests
- Stakeholders' lack of understanding of tradeoffs

### Ideas for better expectation management:

- Improved discussions of tradeoffs
- Relate actions taken to public input-driven priorities
- Continuous engagement and periodic surveys
- Staff training

### **Opportunities:**

- Improve understanding of appropriate stakeholder role in various situations
- Improved visualization tools





## **Partnerships**

#### Needs:

- Improve internal partnerships
- Strengthen existing partnerships most already exist
- Identification of new partners
- Better urban-rural partnerships
- Engage Federal partners

### **Opportunities:**

- Case studies to share best practices
- Process guidance on resolving differences





### **Training and Education**

Needs vary, but additional training and education is needed for nearly all agencies, partners, and stakeholders.

### **Opportunities for technical assistance:**

- Understanding of final requirements
- Workshops
- Analysis techniques training
- Checklists
- Research syntheses
- Guidance on working with tribal governments





#### **Safety Rulemaking Implementation Discussion**

- Addresses need for tangible guidance
- Report identifies opportunities for refinement of implementation framework
- Summary report includes steps identified by this group for each implementation area (process, data sharing, etc.)





# "Choose Your Own Adventure" in Collaboration







#### **Strategies Identified for Using Collaboration to Prioritize Achievement of Various Targets**

- Communication Plans
- Identification of direct and "ripple" benefits
- Identify projects that can be supported by different stakeholder groups
- Frame conversations around executive's objectives
- Build relationships
- Articulate ties to economic development





# **Research and Technical Assistance Opportunities**





#### **Top Priorities for Research and Technical Assistance**

- Bi- or multi-state collaboration with MPOs to set targets (topic)
- International experiences and best practices (topic)
- Guidance on new requirements and methodologies (e.g. target setting guidebook)
- Training on facilitation techniques or communication tools (for use with public and decision-makers)
- Guidance on data management and governance
- Guidance on mechanisms for integrating existing plans into target setting processes
- Clarification of rules and requirements
- Mechanism for sharing information between agencies
- Information about effective visualization techniques





# Final Summary Report







#### **Final Report Contents**

- Complete list of notable practices identified by participants
- Comprehensive list of research and technical assistance requests identified by participants – general and by implementation topics
- Additional information about implementation framework
- Detailed survey findings on the current state of the practice



