

# Expansion of the Panama Canal Potential Impact on Asia – East Coast/Gulf Trade

Rodolfo Sabonge  
Vice-President, Market Research and Analysis Office  
Panama Canal Authority

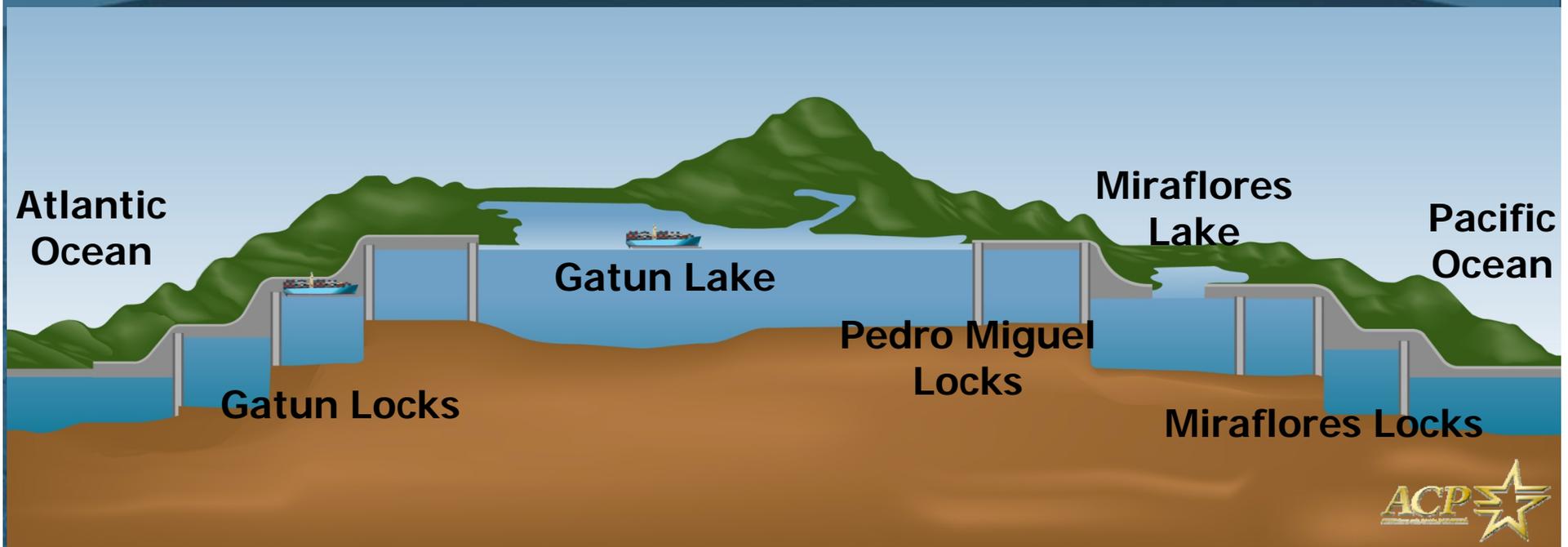


**DISCLAIMER.** The *information, documents, reports, maps and photographs* displayed in this PowerPoint presentation is sole proprietary of the ACP or used with the authors' authorization; therefore its modification, reproduction, distribution or publication for any purpose is prohibited. Its use requires previous authorization of the **ACP.**

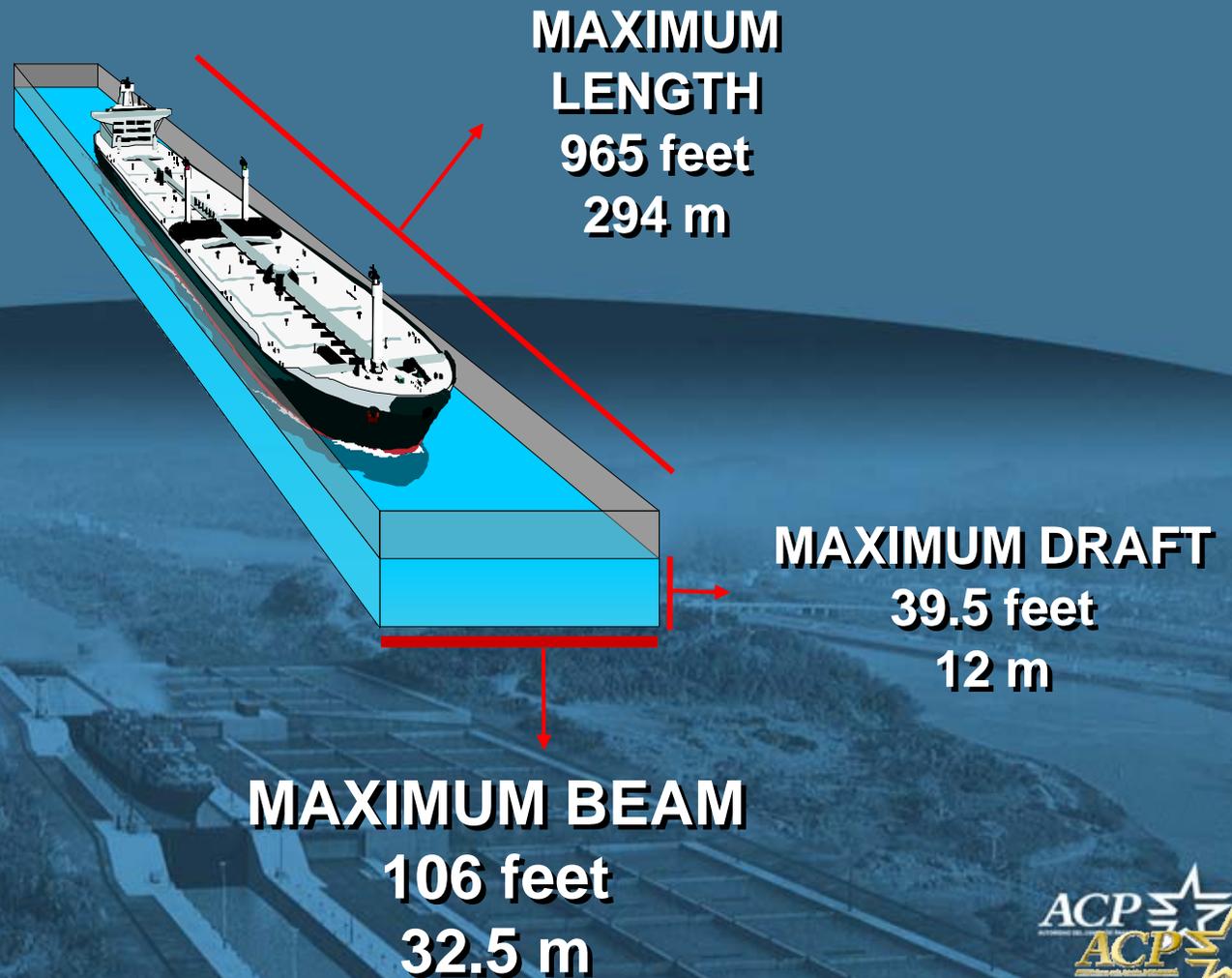
- **Introduction**
- World Trade and Canal Traffic
- Update on the Panama Canal Expansion Program
- Potential Changes in Trade Patterns

# The Panama Canal

- **Approx. 50 miles (80 km) long between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans**
- **Gatun Lake is 85 feet (26 m) above sea level**
- **The water used to raise and lower vessels in each set of locks comes from Gatun Lake by gravity (approx. 52 million of gallons per transit)**
- **Transferred to the Republic of Panama at noon, Dec. 31, 1999.**

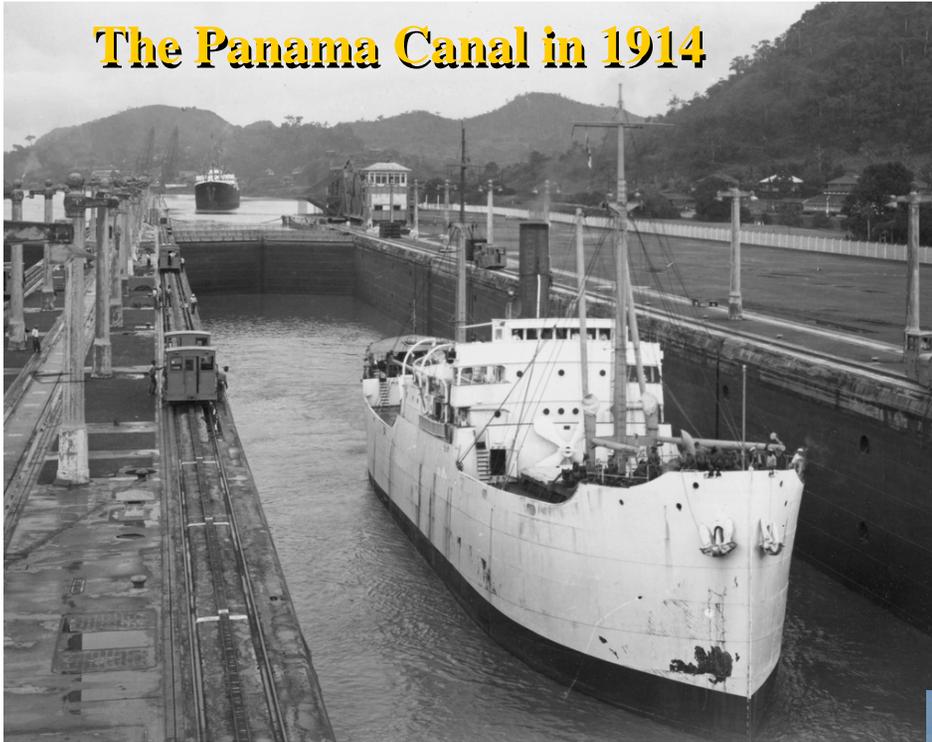


# EXISTING PANAMAX VESSEL

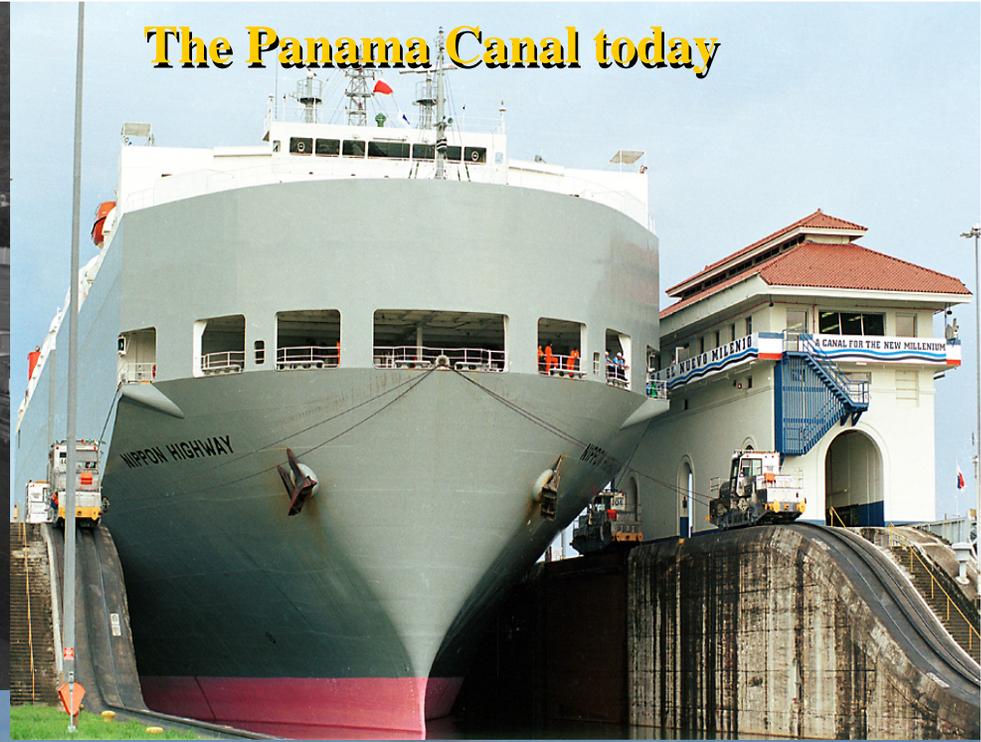




**The Panama Canal in 1914**

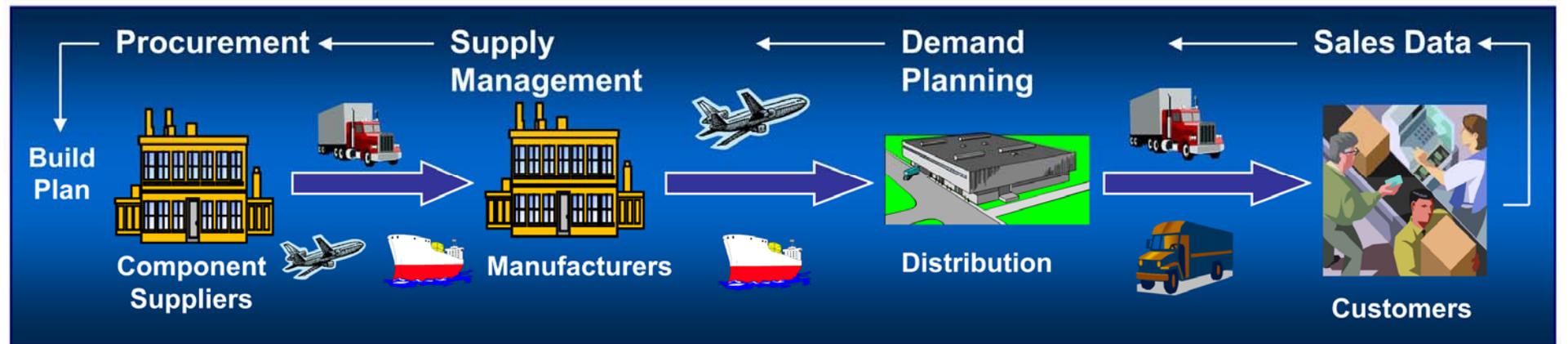


**The Panama Canal today**



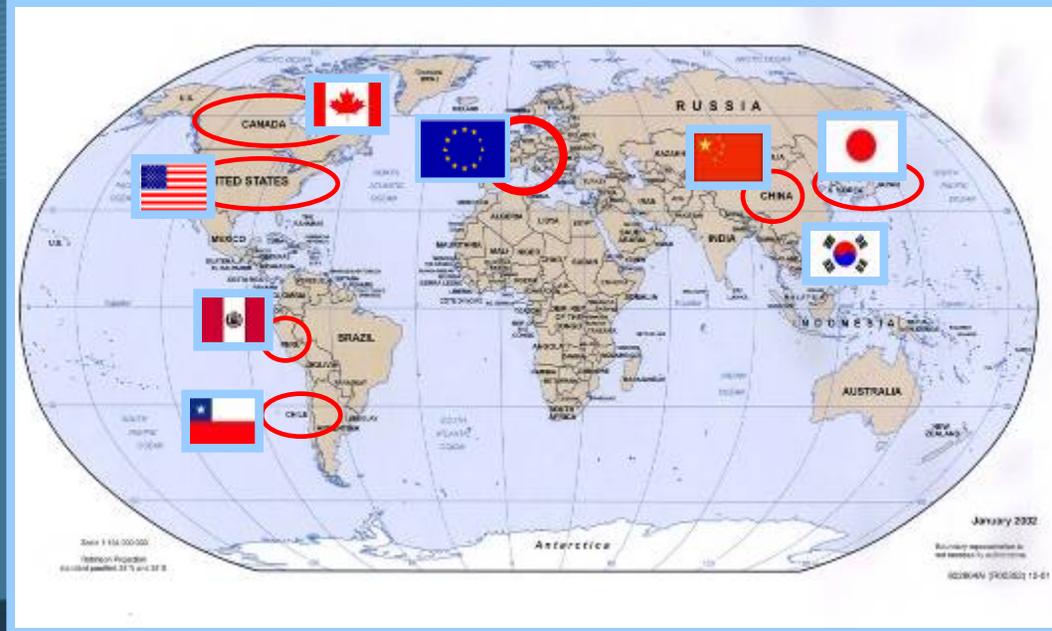


# EVOLUTION OF SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT AND LOGISTICS



# The Panama Canal Trade and Main Users

In the relevant routes (Asia-east coast of the United States) the Panama Canal transported **43.0%** of the Panama Canal trade cargo in 2008.



**64%** of Canal cargo traffic originates in or is destined to the **United States**

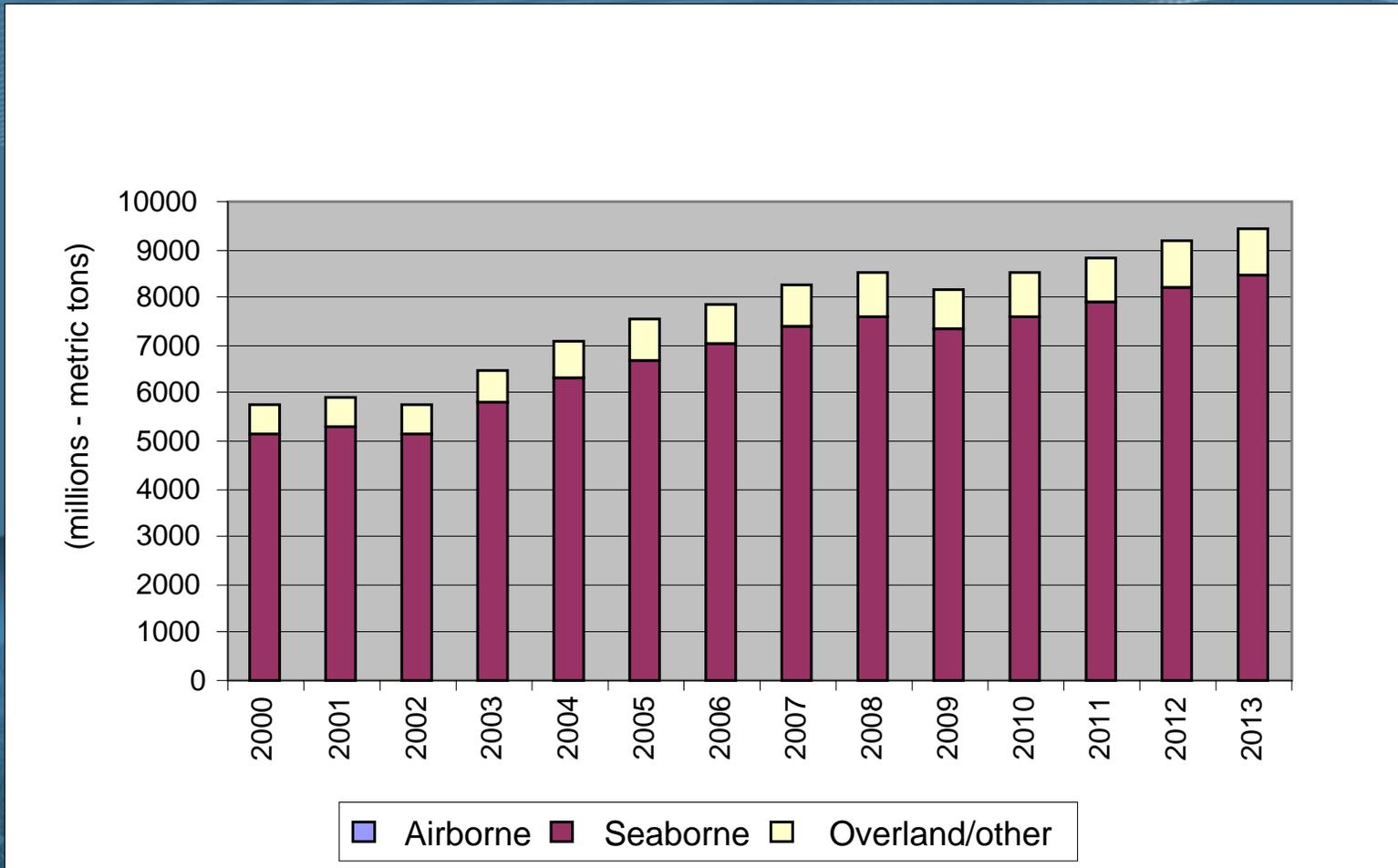
## Total Cargo Movement FY 2008 \* Measured in Million of Long Tons

USERS	FY 2007*	FY 2008*	2008 (%)
United States	136.8	133.7	64
China	43.7	43.7	21
Chile	22.0	26.7	13
European Union	26.5	26.1	12
Japan	29.2	24.7	12
South Korea	17.3	17.3	8
Peru	13.1	14.1	7



- **World Trade and Canal Traffic**
- **Update on the Panama Canal Expansion Program**
- **Potential Changes in Trade Patterns**

# Total World Trade by Mode

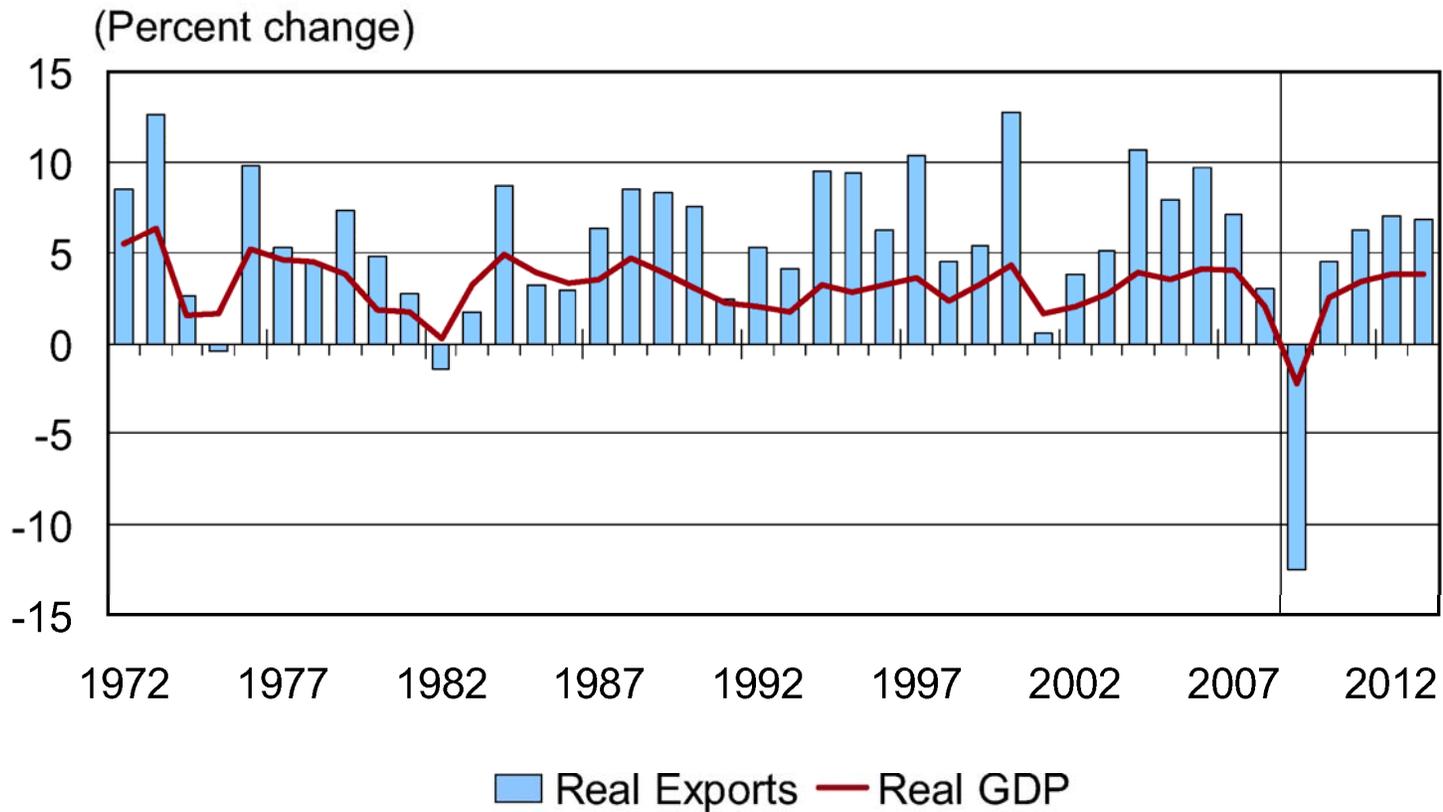


Tonnage growth	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Airborne	7.9%	9.5%	-4.6%	-18.6%	6.6%
Seaborne	5.1%	4.6%	3.4%	-3.8%	3.9%
Overland/other	-1.3%	8.2%	3.0%	-6.3%	4.0%

Source: Global Navigator IHS Global Insight, June 09



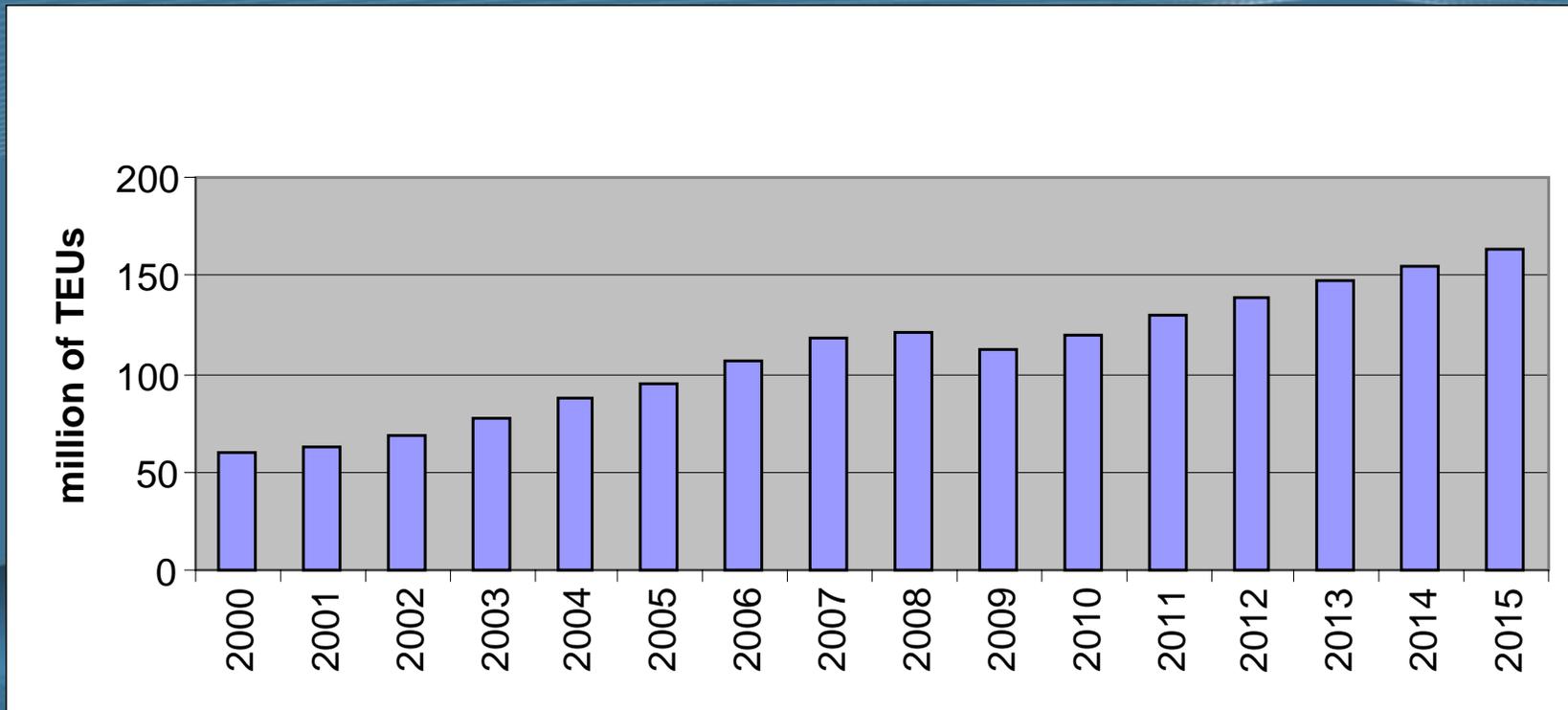
# World Trade Outlook: Export / Import Volumes Recover in 2010 from Dramatic Decline in 2009



Source: IHS Global Insight



# Total Container Trade



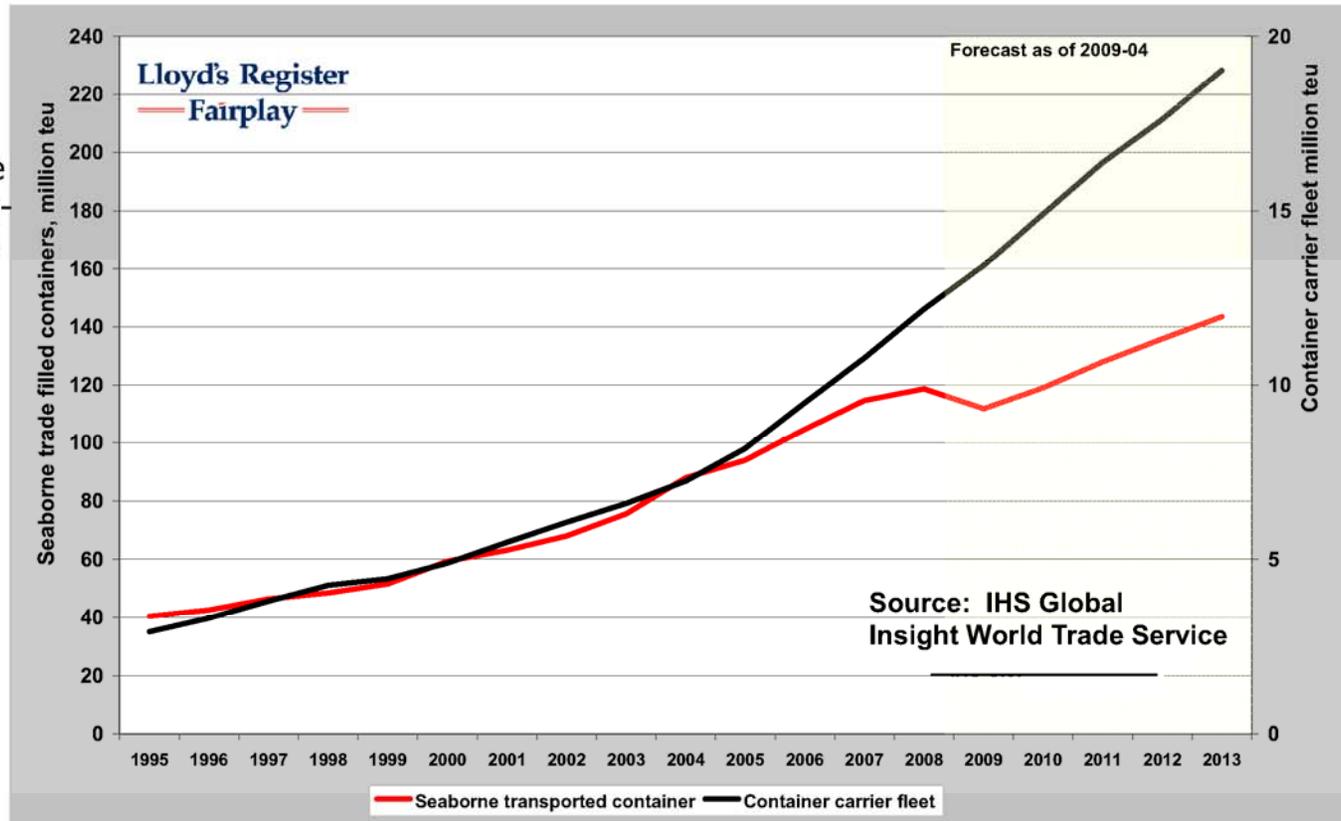
Containerized trade (million TEUs)					
Exporter	2007	2008	2009	2010	growth rate 2010-2024
China	31.2	31.5	28.5	31.6	7.1%
Japan	7.1	7.1	6.4	6.7	4.3%
South Korea	5.5	5.7	5.5	5.7	5.5%
Taiwan	4.3	4.4	4.1	4.3	4.2%
USA	9.7	11.2	9.3	9.7	3.8%

Source: Global Trade Navigator, Global Insight, June 09



# Containership Supply / Demand Has Huge Imbalance

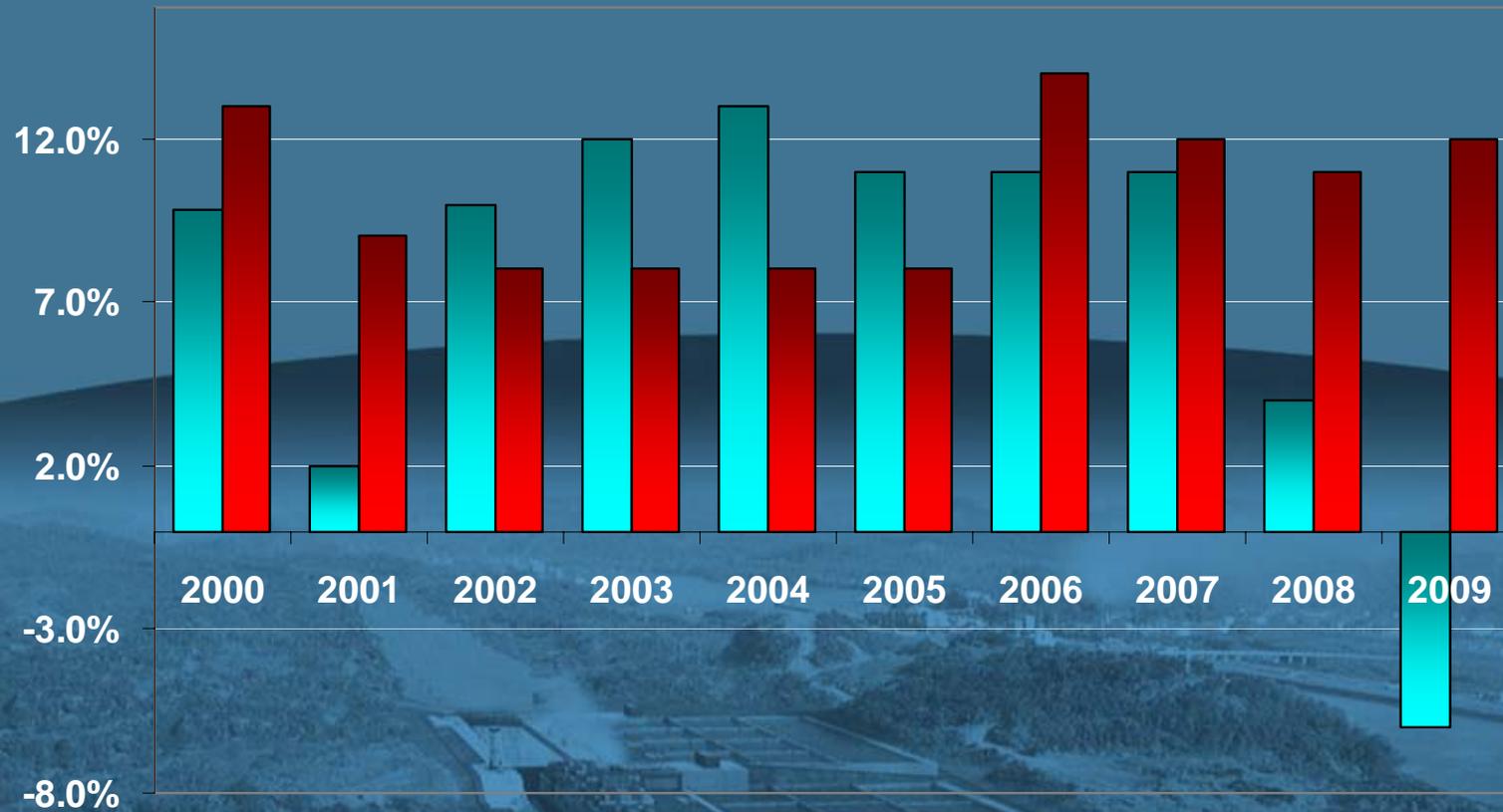
Even with recovery in the economy, slow-steaming, new routes, and transport of empties the extra capacity is evident



Sustained financial pressures on carriers affect services



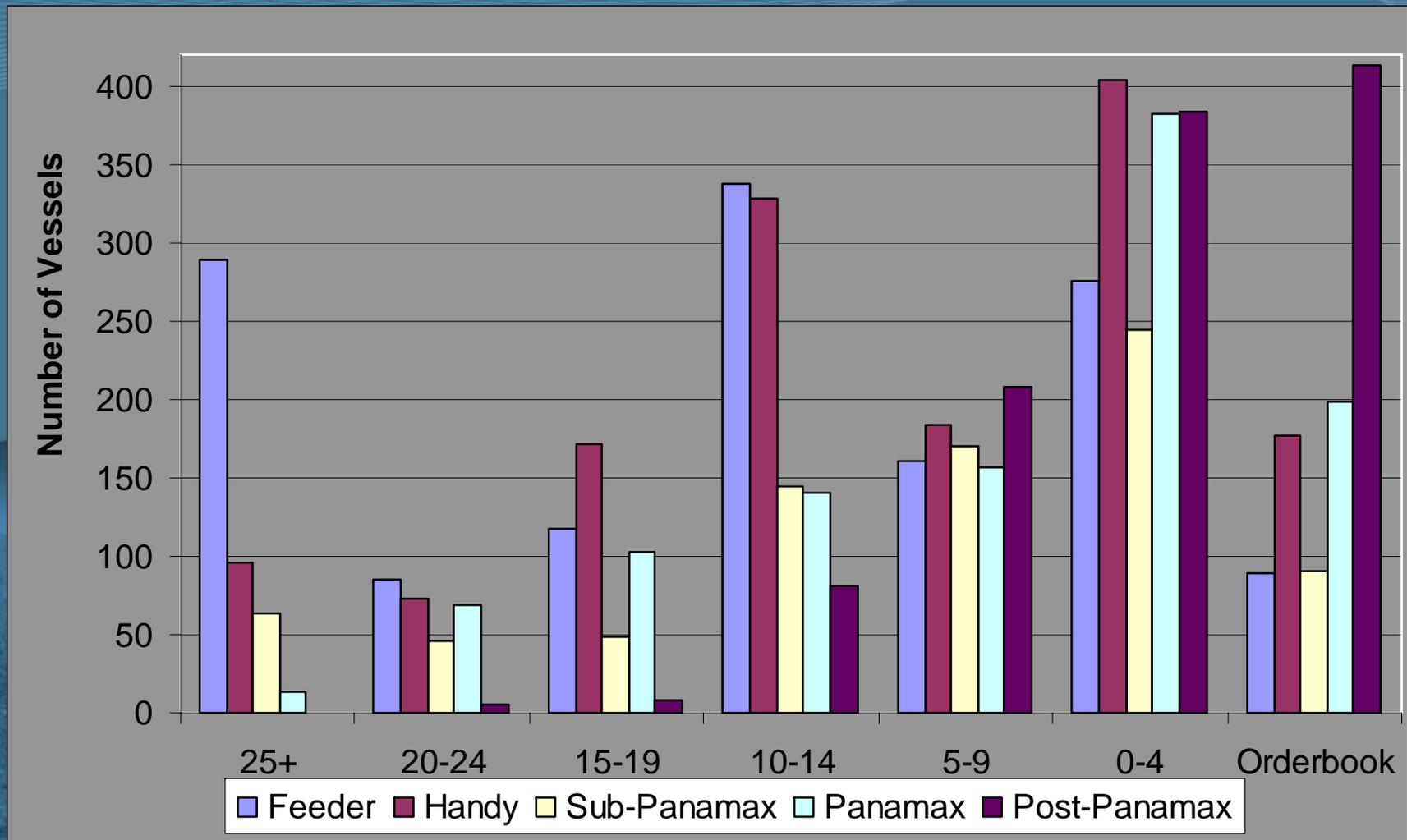
# Container Trade & Capacity Supply/Demand Balance



Source: Clarkson's Research Studies (June 2009)



# Age of Full Container Fleet by Size and Orderbook



Source: Clarkson's Research Studies – August 2009



# Post-Panamax Fleet Full Container Vessels

Shipping Line	Post-Panamax Existing Fleet Container Vessels (Sept. 2009)			Orderbook - Post-Panamax Full Container Vessels			Total Fleet - 2012	
	TEU Capacity	TEU Range	Existing Post-Panamax	TEU Capacity in order	TEU Range	In order Post- Panamax Vessels	Total Post-Panamax	Total TEU Capacity
Maersk Line 1/	727,724	3,700-13,500	94	218,200	4,500-7,450	38	132	945,924
Mediterranean Shipping (MSC)	404,308	4,469 - 13,800	47	133,400	12,400-13,800	10	57	537,708
CMA-CMG	213,702	5,700 - 11,356	27	331,553	3,600-13,300	37	64	545,255
Evergreen	200,478	5,364 - 7,024	33	N/A	N/A	N/A	33	200,478
Hapag Lloyd Cont.	97,613	7,719 - 8,750	12	122,500	8,750	14	26	220,113
China Shipping	143,522	5,618 - 9,580	21	106,368	13,296	8	29	249,890
Hanjin Shipping Co.	90,366	5,302 - 6,655	15	92,900	8,580-10,000	10	25	183,266
Coscon	165,238	5,250 - 10,050	24	108,000	13,500	8	32	273,238
Nippon Yusen Kaisha (NYK)	171,348	6,148 - 9,012	24	46,500	9,300	5	29	217,848
Mitsui O.S.K.	172,698	4,708 - 9,100	26	53,600	6,700	8	34	226,298
OOCL	152,467	4,583 - 8,063	23	83,852	8,063-8,600	10	33	236,319
K"Line"	157,632	5,500 - 8,120	25	61,870	4,400-8,120	11	36	219,502
Yang Ming	140,144	5,500 - 8,236	21	90,700	4,500-8,200	15	36	230,844
Hamburg Sud	84,712	5,550 - 5,905	15	37,405	5,905-6,300	6	21	122,117
CSAV	32,705	6,541	5	58,948	6,316 - 8,000	8	13	91,653
Zim Integrated Shpg.	18,270	8,200 - 10,070	2	198,420	8,200-12,600	18	20	210,440
Otros	1,919,204	3,700 - 13,800	285	2,016,823	3,600 - 14,000	203	488	3,936,027
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,892,131</b>		<b>699</b>	<b>3,761,039</b>		<b>409</b>	<b>1,108</b>	<b>8,653,170</b>

Source: Shipping Intelligence Network, September 2009, Clarkson Research Services

4,892,131

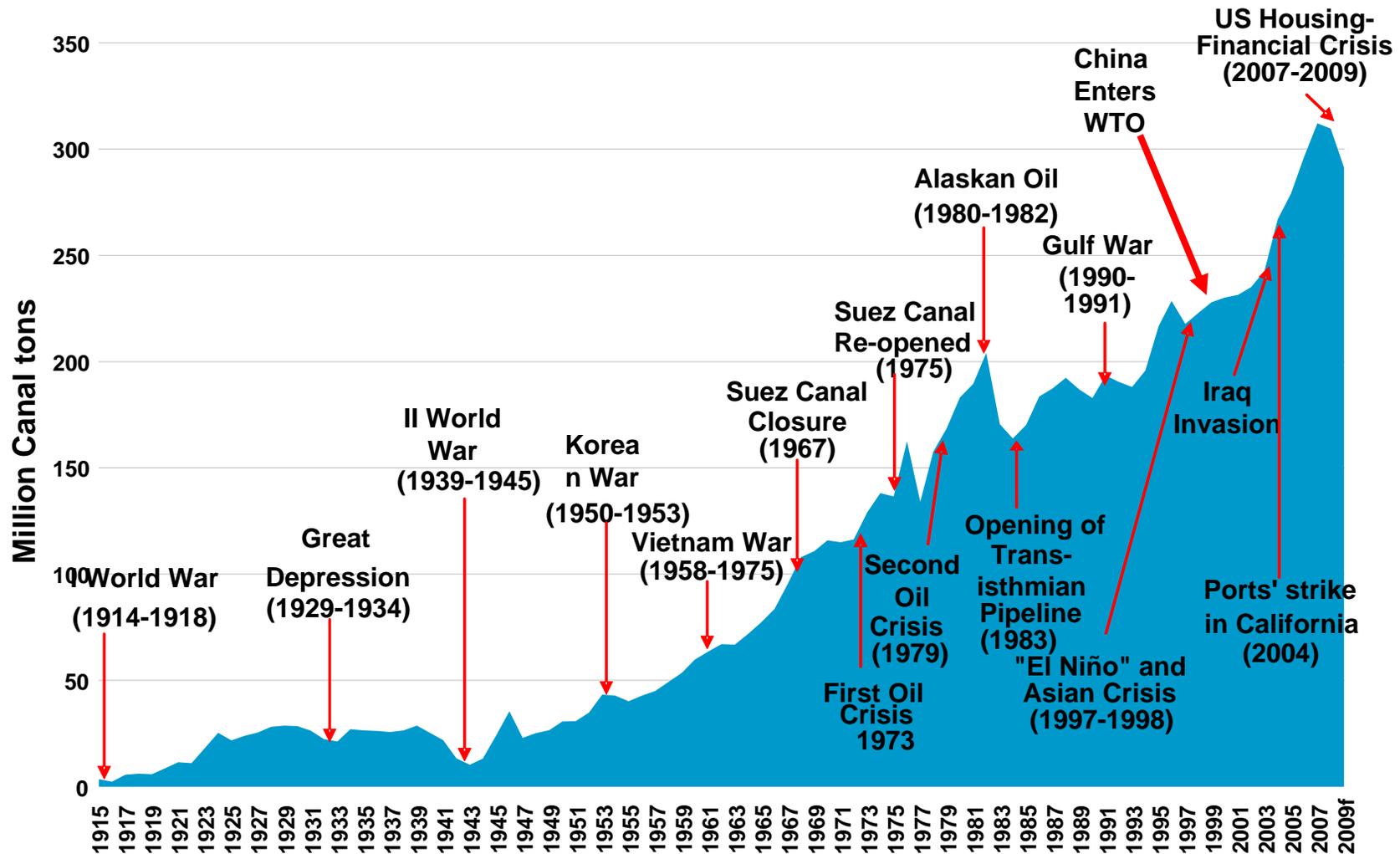
3,761,039

8,653,170



- **World Trade and Canal Traffic**
- **Update on the Panama Canal Expansion Program**
- **Potential Changes in Trade Patterns**

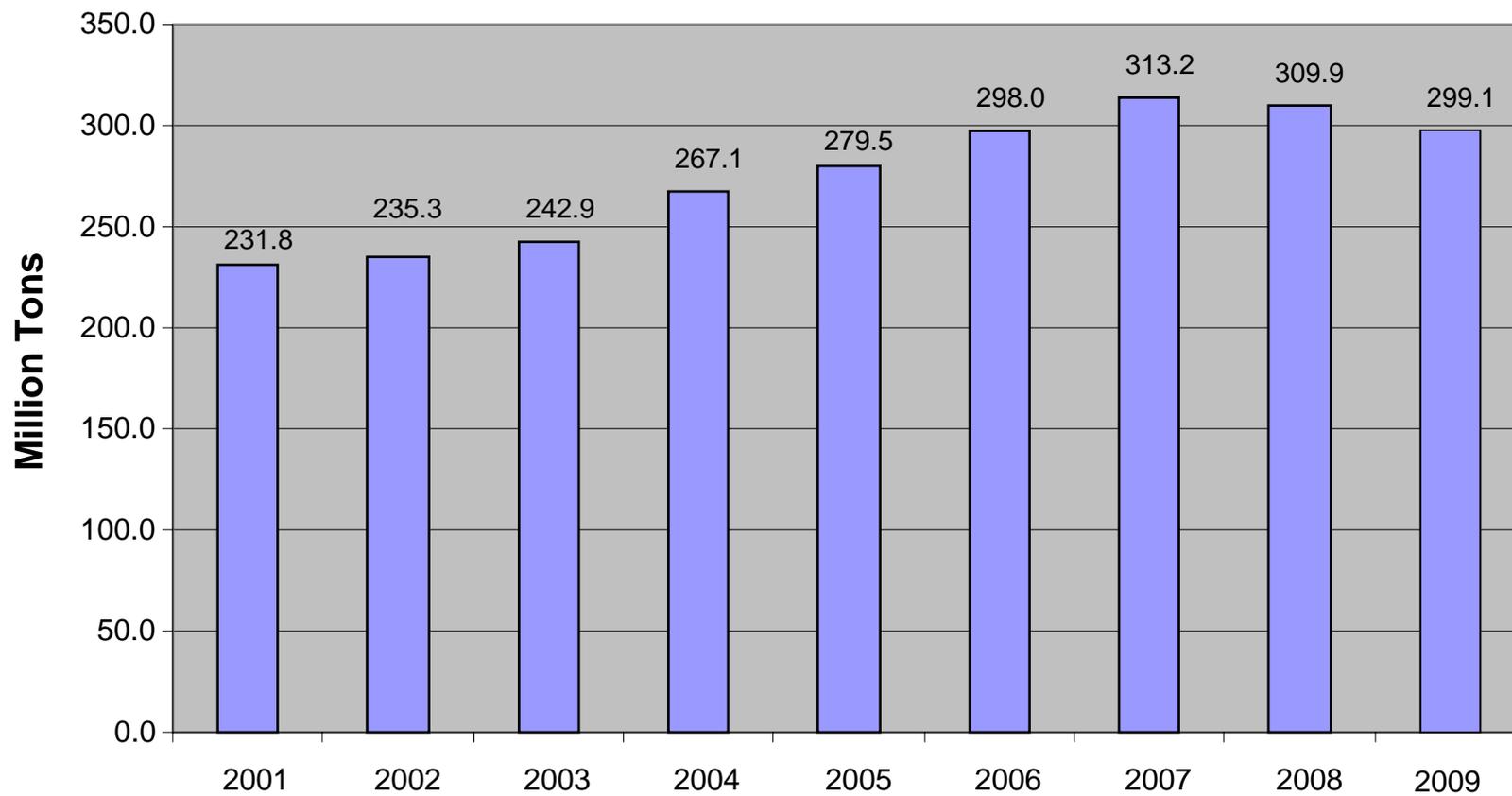
# Panama Canal Traffic and World Events



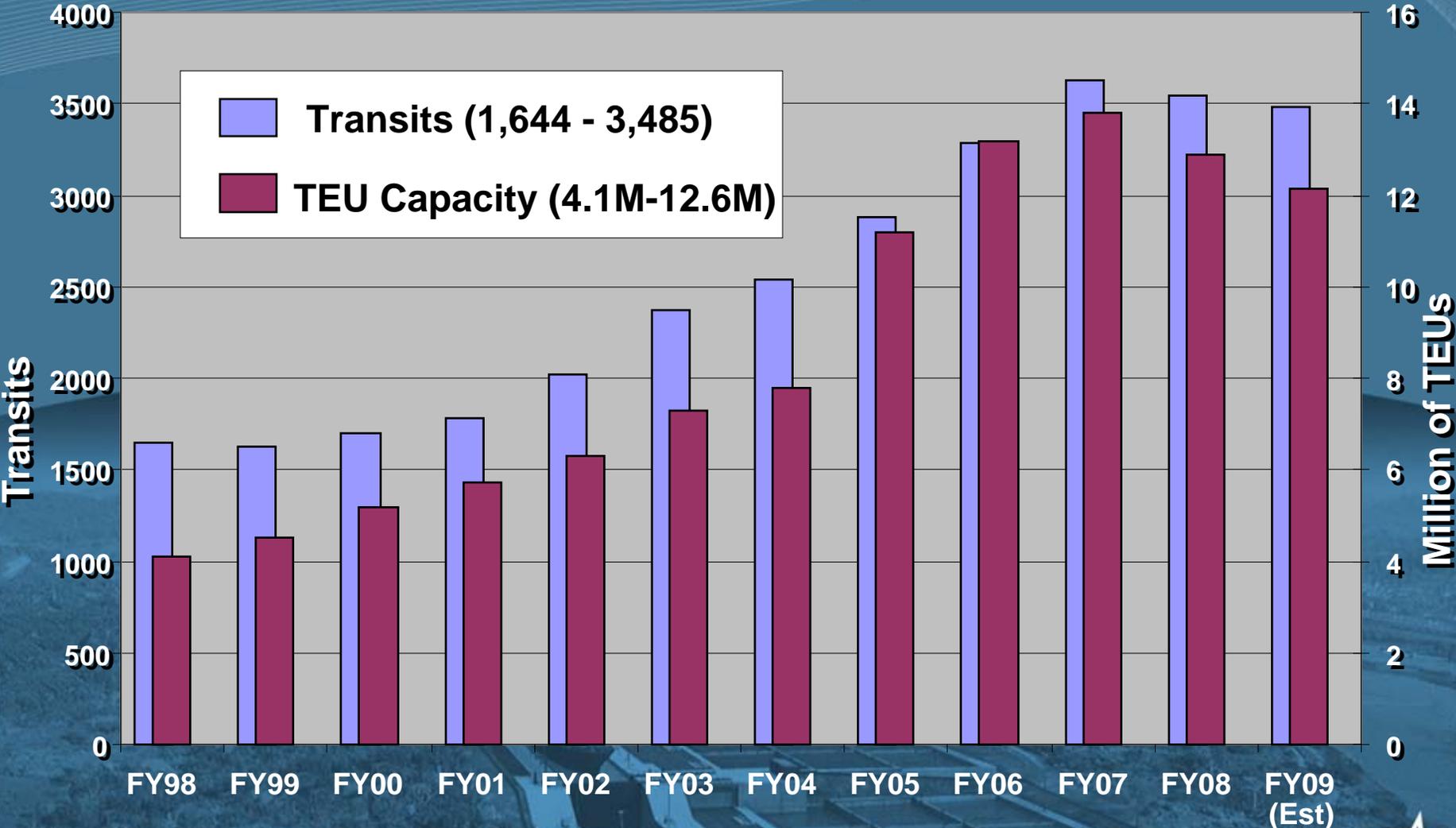
Source: Panama Canal Authority.



# Total PCUMS Vessel Tonnage Fiscal Years 2001-2009



# Growth of container traffic through the Panama Canal (1998 – 2009 Est.)



Based on the capacity of transiting vessels – Source: ComPair Data - April 2009.

# International Ports Connecting through the Panama Canal every Week

— Transit the Canal  
— Feeder services that don't transit the Canal



Source: ACP and ComPairData, 2008



# World Ports Connected through Liner Services that transit the Panama Canal and/or call Panamanian Ports

Algeciras	Felixstowe	Miami FL	Salerno
Altamira, MEX	Freeport, Bahamas	Mobile AL	San Antonio
Antofagasta	Genoa	Mumbai (Nhava Sheva)	Santo Tomas de
Antwerp	Guayaquil	Mundra	San Juan PR
Arica	Haifa	Nagoya	San Vicente
Auckland	Halifax, Nova Scotia	Napier	Savannah GA
Balboa	Hamburg	Naples	Shanghai
Baltimore MD	Havana	New York NY/NJ	Shekou
Barcelona	Hong Kong	Ningbo	Shimizu
Barranquilla	Houston TX	Norfolk VA	Southampton
Bilbao	Iquique	Noumea, New	Sydney
Boston MA	Jacksonville FL	Oakland CA	Tampa FL
Bremerhaven	Kaohsiung	Oakland CA	Tauranga
Brisbane	Keelung	Osaka	Thamesport
Buenaventura	Kingston	Paita	Tilbury
Busan	Kobe	Papeete, Tahiti	Timaru
Callao	Kwangyang	Philadelphia PA	Tokyo
Cartagena,	La Guaira	Port Chalmers	Tuticorin, India
Caucedo, Dom Rep	Lazaro Cardenas,	Port Everglades FL	Valencia
Charleston SC	Le Havre	Port Kelang	Valparaiso
Chiwan	Leghorn	Port of Spain,	Vancouver, B.C.
Colombo	Long Beach CA	Port Said, Egypt	Veracruz, MEX
Cristobal, Panama	Los Angeles CA	Port-au-Prince	Vigo
Curacao	Manzanillo, Dom Rep	Portland OR	Wilmington NC
Damietta, Egypt	Manzanillo, MEX	Puerto Cabello	Xiamen
Dubai, Jebel Ali	Manzanillo, Panama	Puerto Limon	Xingang/Tianjin
Dunkirk	Maracaibo	Puerto Quetzal	Yantian
Ensenada, MEX	Matarani	Qingdao	Yokohama
	Mejillones	Rio Haina	Zeebrugge
	Melbourne	Rotterdam	





**1996: 235 Thousands TEUs**  
**2008: 4.6 Millions TEUs**



Source: Panama Maritime Authority (AMP).

# Inventory of Full-Container Services through the Panama Canal

Route	Number of Services	Service Capacity /1	Number of Vessels	Average Size
Asia-East Coast USA	15	3,386,269	132	4,331
Pendulum	2	497,443	27	4,773
West Coast South America-Europe	10	1,256,125	72	2,803
Asia-Caribbean	3	422,502	21	3,025
West Coast South America-Caribbean	1	105,798	3	2,029
West Coast South America-East Coast USA	1	132,652	6	2,544
Australia-East Coast USA-Europe	2	207,086	15	2,612
West Coast USA-Europe	1	78,011	6	2,351
<b>Total</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>6,085,886</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>3,690</b>

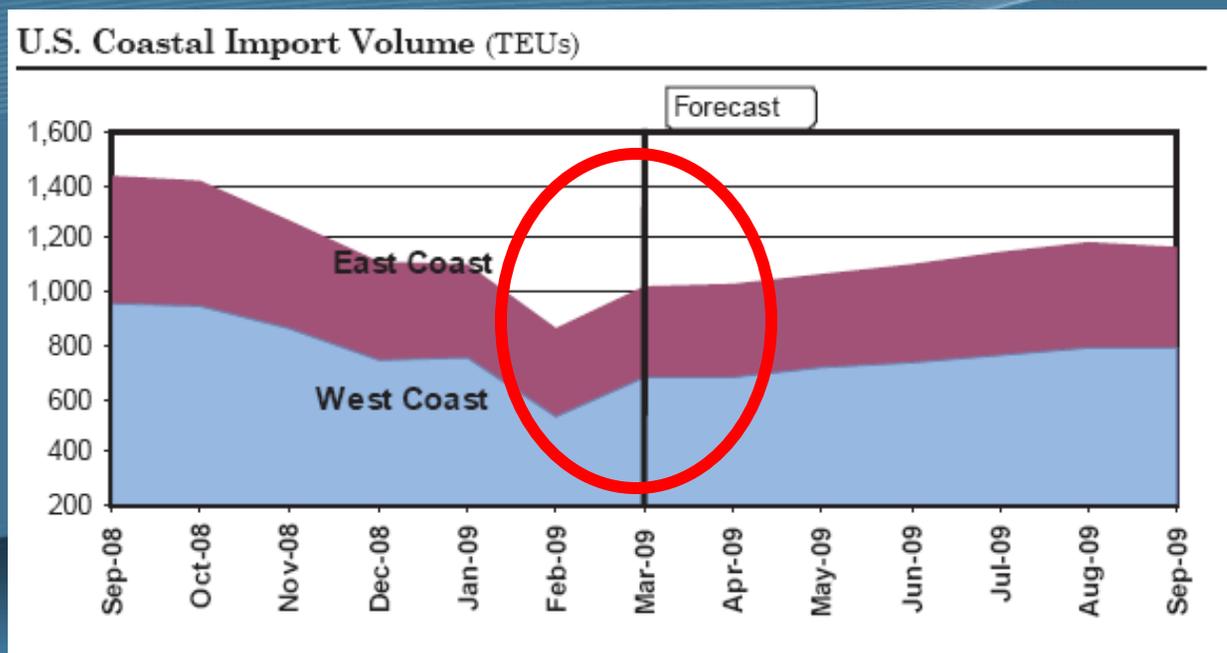
## Evolution of Full Container Services through the Panama Canal

	July 2003	July 2004	July 2005	July 2006	July 2007	July 2008	July 2009
Number of Services through the Canal		30	36	40	43	38	35
Capacity (M. TEU) 1/		4.5	5.5	6.3	6.9	6.6	6.1
Vessels deployed		238	278	313	330	307	282
Average Vessel Size (TEU)		3,401	3,424	3,517	3,600	3,657	3,690

1/ TEU Capacity in one direction.  
Source: ComPair Data - July 2009.



# United States Ports Imports from Northeast Asia (TEU)



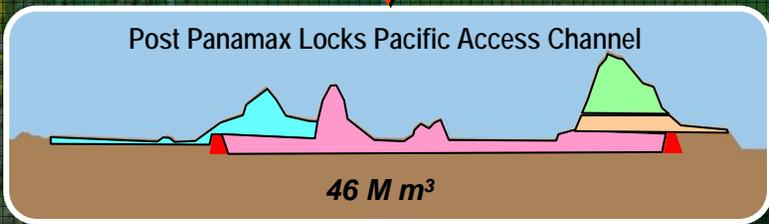
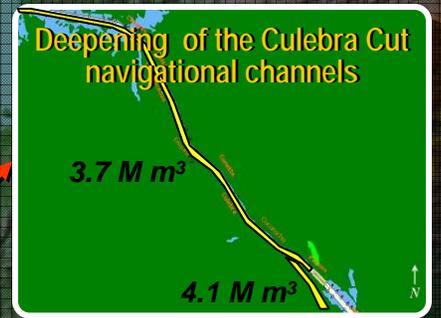
Source: ACP with information of IHS Global Insight, June 2009.

	2007 Q1	2008 Q1	2009 Q1	% 07-08	% 08-09
East Coast	610,427	627,015	525,780	2.7%	-16.1%
Gulf	40,831	44,744	37,756	9.6%	-15.6%
West Coast	1,952,482	1,766,833	1,351,785	-9.5%	-23.5%

Source: PIERIS, Global Container Report 1Q 2009

- World Trade and Canal Traffic
- **Update on the Panama Canal Expansion Program**
- Potential Changes in Trade Patterns

# Expansion Program Components



# Secured Financing for Program – December 9, 2008

The \$2.3 billion financing package will cover a portion of the \$5.25 billion total cost of the project and will be allocated as follows:

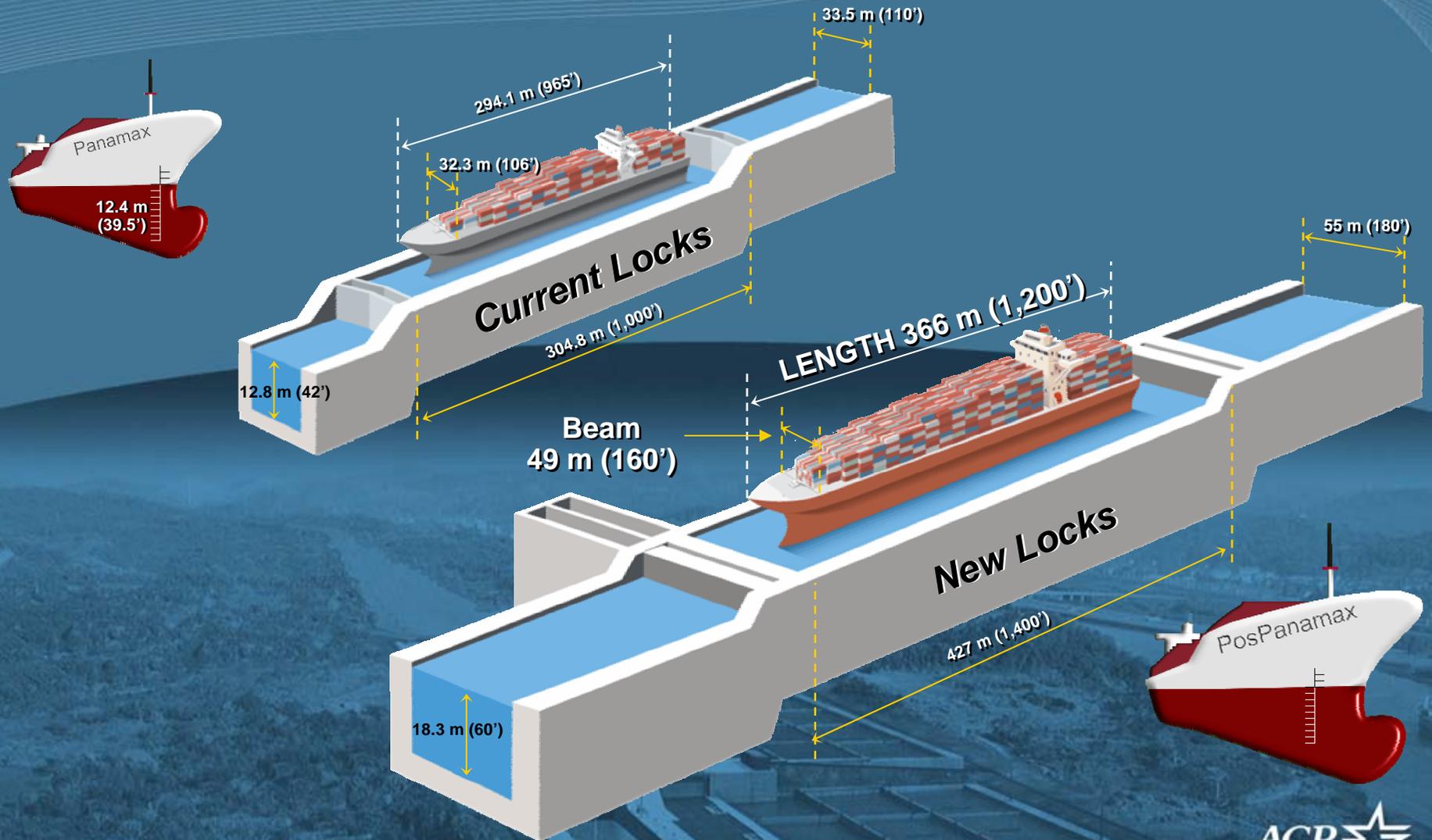
<b>FINANCING:</b> European Investment Bank (EIB)	\$ 500 M
Japan Bank for International Cooperation (JBIC)	\$ 800 M
Inter-American Development Bank (IDB)	\$ 400 M
International Finance Corporation (IFC)	\$ 300 M
Corporación Andina de Fomento (CAF)	\$ 300 M
<b>Subtotal:</b>	<b>\$2,300 M</b>
<b>ACP:</b>	<b>\$ 2,950 M</b>
<b>Total:</b>	<b>\$ 5,250 M</b>



The negotiated financing structure includes favorable provisions for the ACP including a 20-year amortizing period with a 10-year grace period.

# Dimension of Locks and New-Panamax vessels

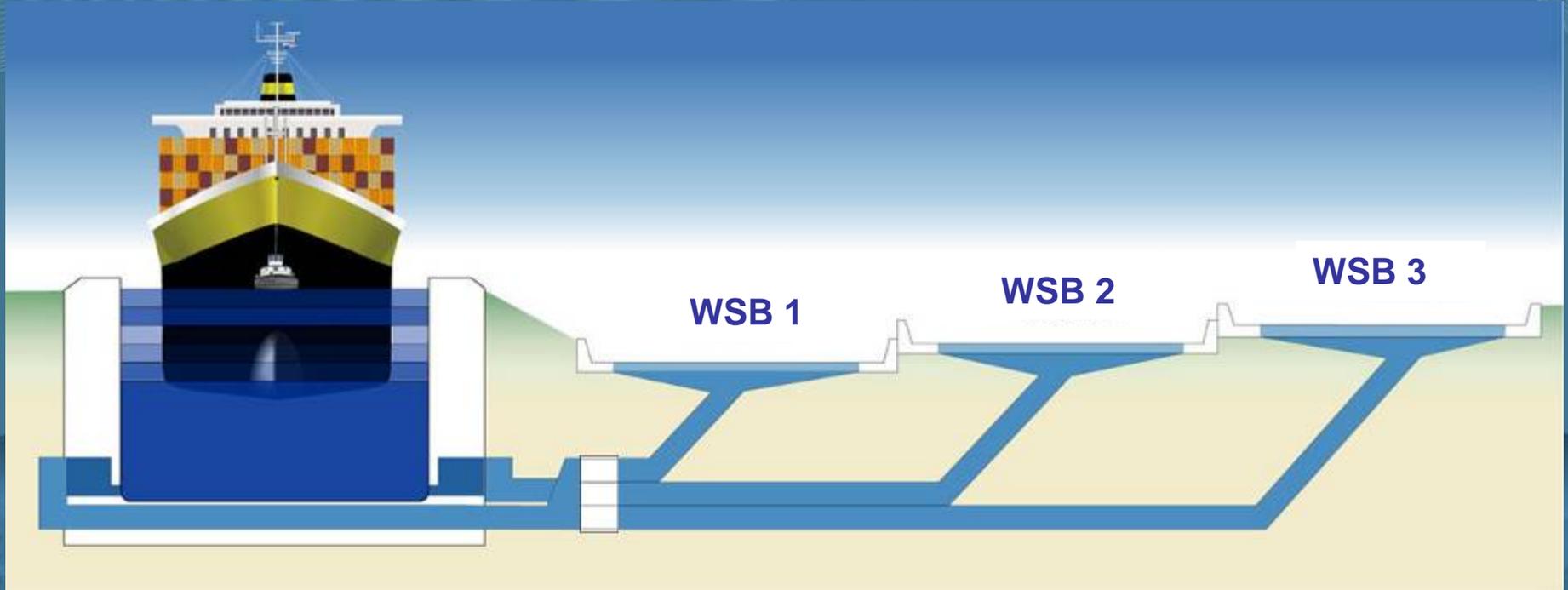
Existing Locks Max Vessel: **4,400 TEU's**



New Locks Max Vessel: **12,600 TEU's**



# Post-Panamax Locks Operation



With the water saving basins the new locks will use **7% less** water than the existing locks



# Panama Canal Expansion Program

0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

Pacific Access Channel – Phase 1



Relocation of 230 KV  
Transmission Towers and Lines



Pacific Access Channel – Phase 2



Pacific Entrance  
Dredging and Widening



Pacific Access Channel – Phase 3



Gatun Lake and Culebra Cut  
Dredging



# Panama Canal Expansion Program

## Recently Awarded Projects

0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

Locks Design - Build

Scheduled 0.6%

Progress 0.6%

Atlantic Entrance  
Deepening and Widening

Scheduled 1.2%

Progress 1.2%

## Major Contracts Under Bid

0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

Pacific Access Channel – Phase 4

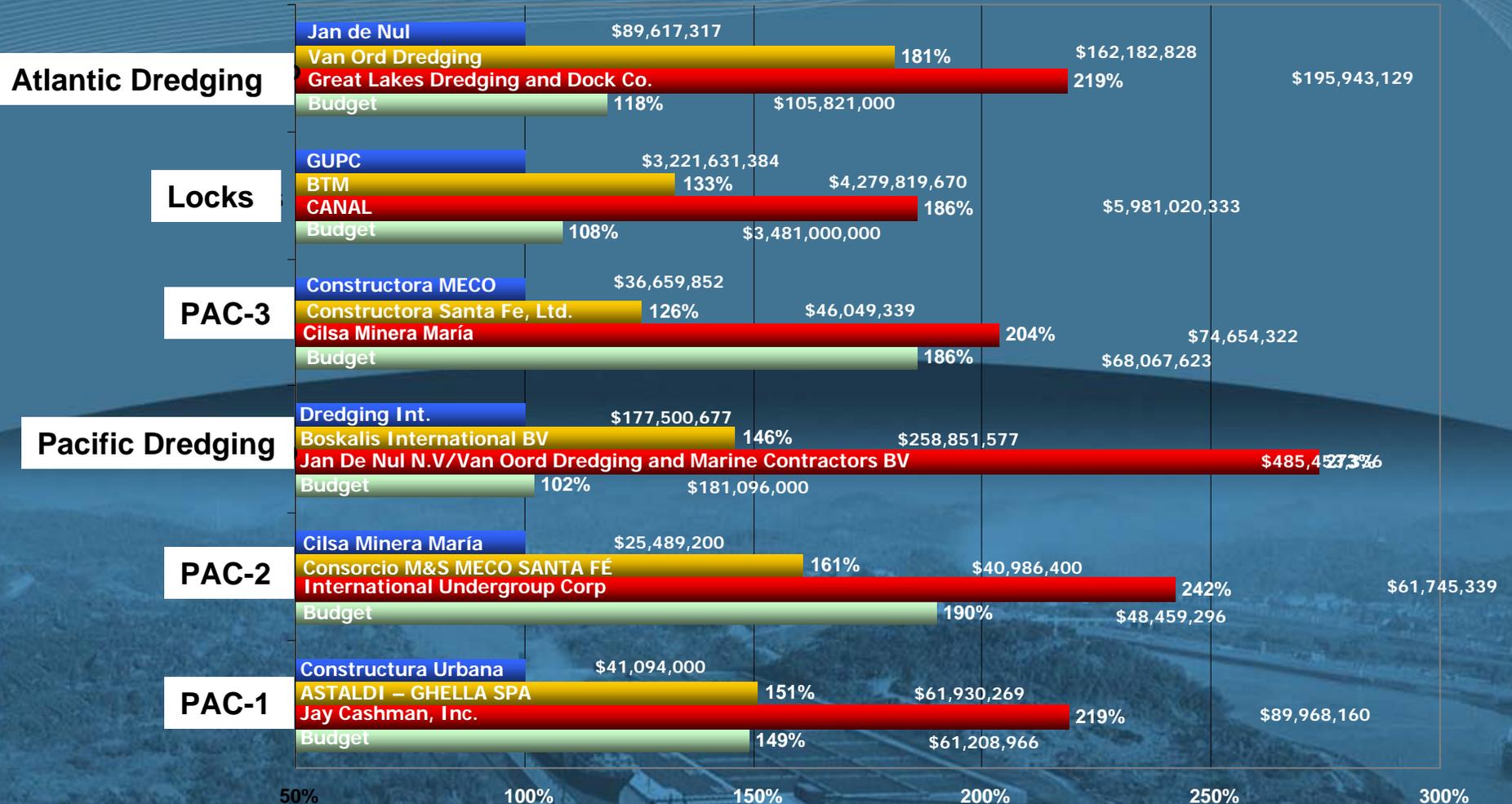
Scheduled 2%

Progress 2%



# Prices for Canal Expansion Program Major Projects

## Lowest, Average and Highest Prices and Alloted Sums



Lowest Price
  Average Price
  Highest Price
  Budget



- World Trade and Canal Traffic
- Update on the Panama Canal Expansion Program
- **Potential Changes in Trade Patterns**

**+++ Container Trade Potential Game Changer**

**+ Dry Bulk Carriers**

**+ Liquid Bulks**

**+/- Vehicle Carriers**

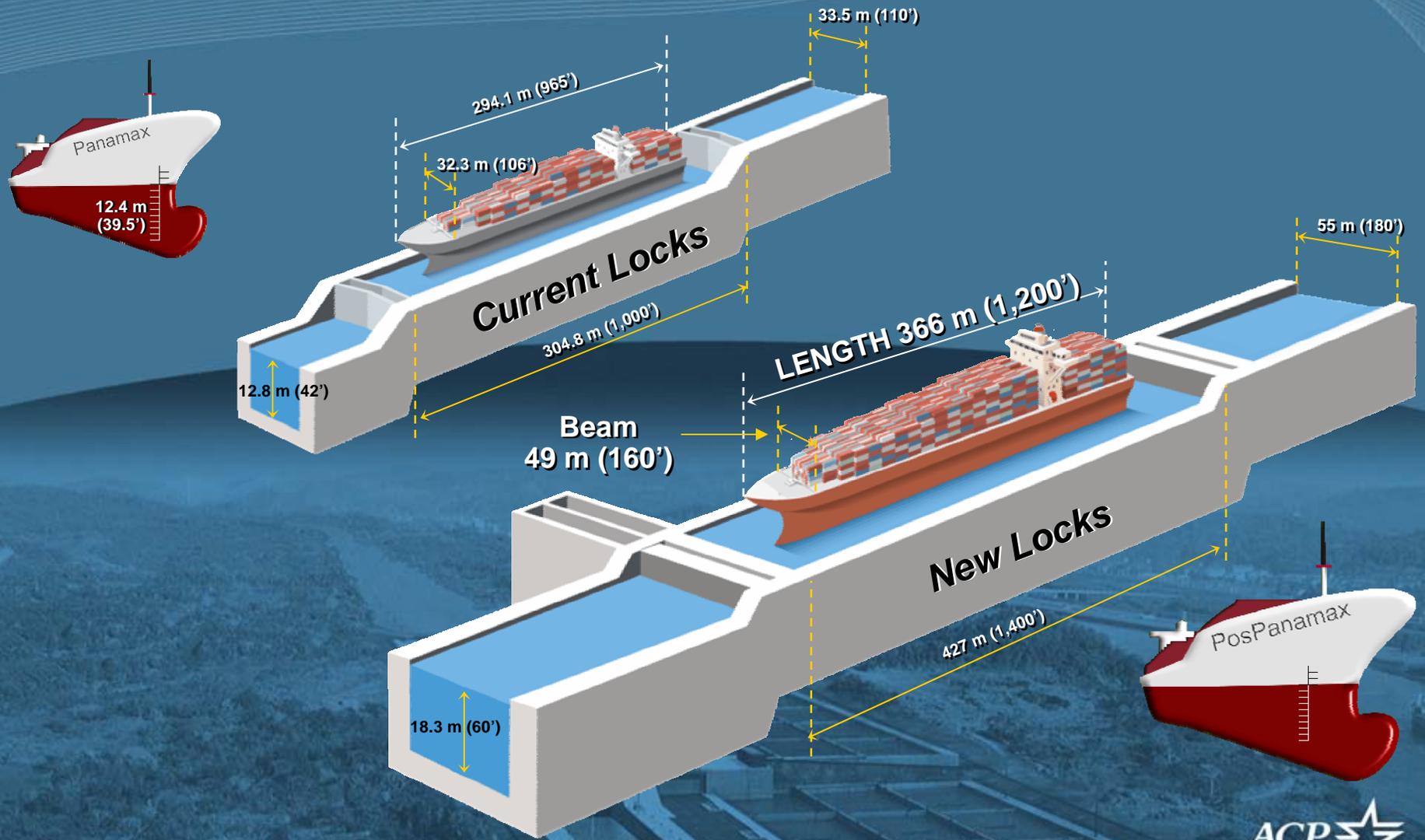
**+/- Refrigerated Vessels**

**+ Cruise**

**+/- Others**

# Dimension of Locks and New-Panamax vessels

Existing Locks Max Vessel: **4,400 TEU's**



New Locks Max Vessel: **12,600 TEU's**



# U.S. Port Depths

## Depths at Mean Low Water (MLW)

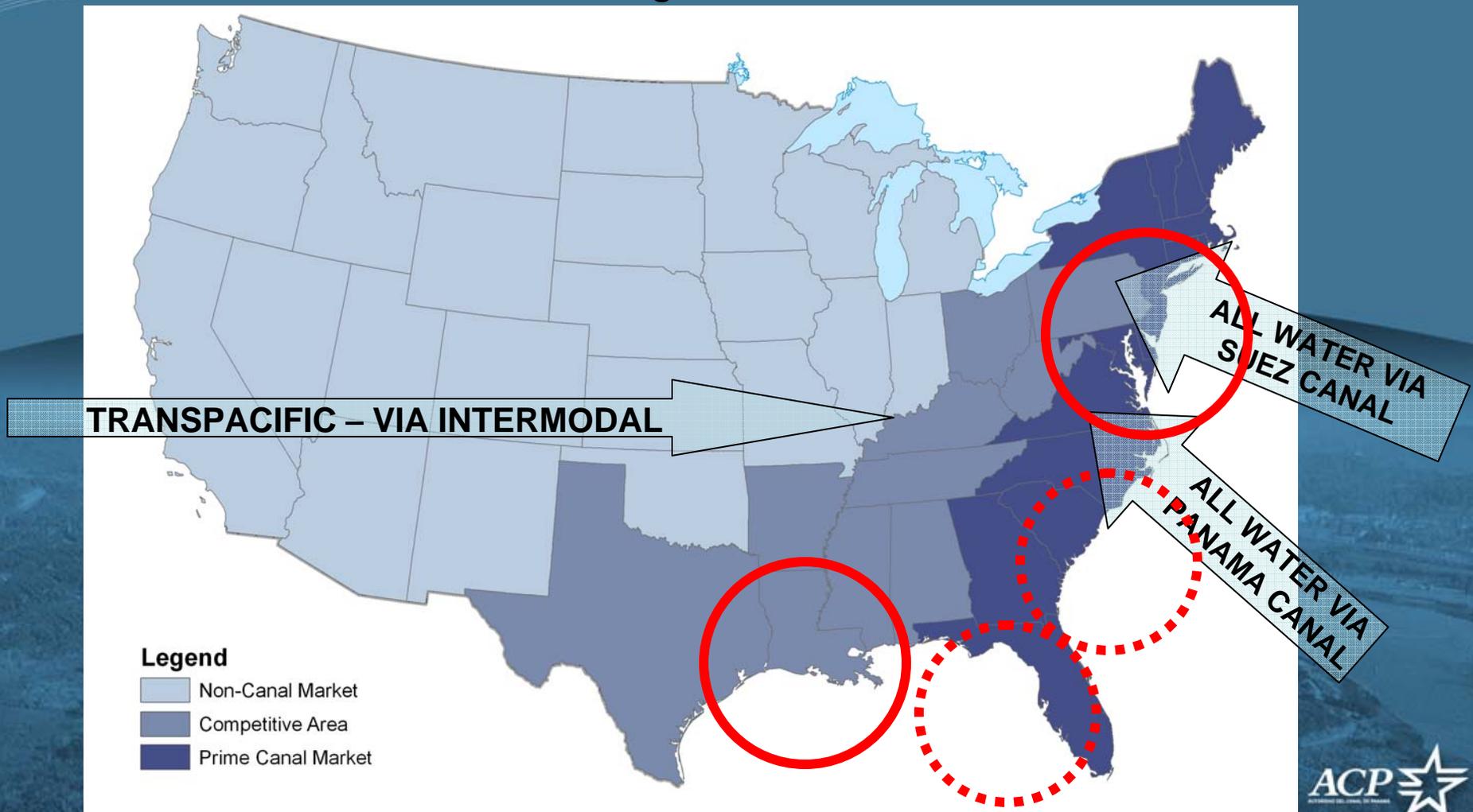
<b>U.S. East Coast</b>	MLW
Boston	38'
New York / New Jersey	43'
Philadelphia	38'
Baltimore	40'
Norfolk	48'
Wilmington	42'
Charleston	47'
Savannah	42'
Jacksonville	38'
Miami	39'

<b>U.S. Gulf</b>	MLW
Houston	40'
New Orleans	45'

<b>U.S. West Coast</b>	MLW
Los Angeles / Long Beach	50'
Oakland	50'
Portland	35'
Seattle / Tacoma	50'

# Canal and West Coast routings are most competitive in the US heartland

Canal market share for Chinese imports of finished goods to the US ranges from 1% in the West region to 81% in the Northeast

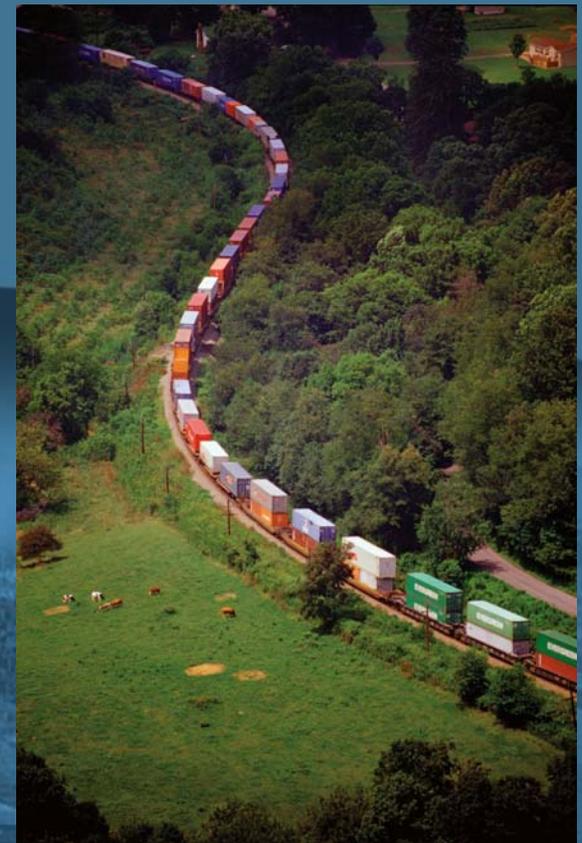


# NS' Intermodal Network



# NS Is Currently Engaged in Over \$3 billion in Network Improvements Targeting Intermodal

- Meridian Speedway: \$300mm
  - Complete 2010
- Heartland Corridor: \$250mm
  - Complete 2010
- Patriot Corridor: \$140mm
  - Complete 2010\*
- Crescent Corridor: \$2.4bb
  - Completion tbd



\*Still under review by STB

# NS' Core Intermodal Network

## 4 Corridor Strategy



# Trade route cross-roads

POPULATION	
Caribbean	34.3
Central America	43.1
South America	387.8
North America	445.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>910.3</b>



A major advantage for developing relay traffic, as it provides the possibility of linkages between multiple services on both east-west and north-south routes.



# Short Sea Shipping Network

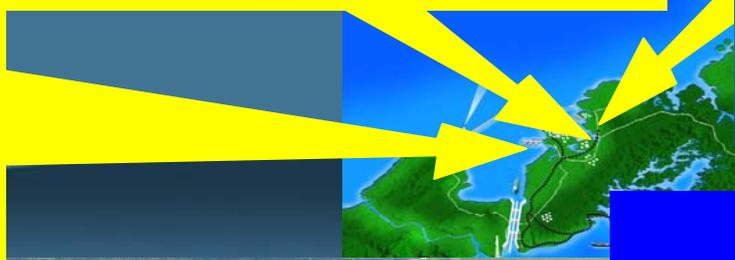
**EAST-WEST POST-PANAMAX MOVEMENT**

**CONNECTING PORTS**

MANZANILLO  
LAZARO CARDENAS  
ACAPULCO  
SALINACRUZ  
SAN JOSE  
PUERTO QUETZAL  
ACAJUTLA  
LA LIBERTAD  
CORINTO  
PUERTO SANDINO  
PUNTARENAS  
CALDERA  
GOLFITO  
PUERTO ARMUELLES  
BALBOA  
BUENAVENTURA  
TUMACO  
ESMERALDAS  
GUAYAQUIL  
PAITA  
CALLAO  
ANTOFAGASTA  
VENTANAS  
VALPARAISO  
SAN ANTONIO  
TALCAHUANO

TAMPICO  
VERACRUZ  
COATZACUALCOS  
BELICE CITY  
PUERTO CORTES  
PUERTO CASTILLA  
PUERTO CABEZAS  
EL BLUFF  
PUERTO LIMON  
CHIRIQUI BRANDE  
CRISTOBAL-MIT-EVERGREEN  
CARTAGENA  
BARRANQUILLA  
PUERTO BOLIVAR  
PUERTO CABELLO  
LA GUAIRA  
SUAP / PCEM  
RECIFE  
VITORIA TUBARAU  
RIO DE JANEIRO  
SEPETIBA  
SANTOS  
PARANAGUA  
MONTEVIDEO  
BUENOS AIRES  
BAHIA BLANCA





**Forecast**  
**2010: 6.6 millions TEUs**  
**2015: 8.4 millions TEUs**



Source: Panama Maritime Authority (AMP).

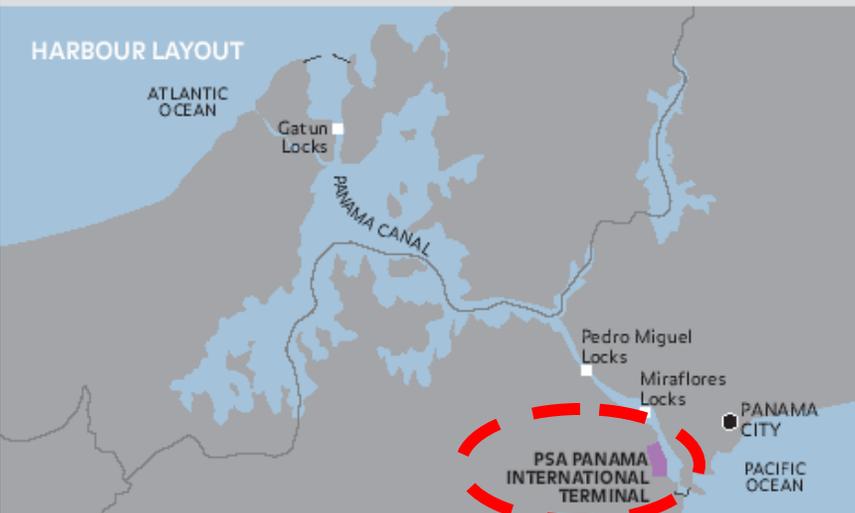
# PSA Panama International Terminal

- ½ million TEUs capacity
- USD\$ 70 million investment
- 20 yr concession agreement



Facilities*	
Container berths	1
Quay length (m)	330
Area (ha)	12
Max depth at Chart Datum (m)	14
Quay cranes	3
Designed capacity ('000 TEUs)	450

\* Terminal will commence operations in 2010



# Dry Bulk Carriers Additional Cargo Capacity in the Expanded Panama Canal

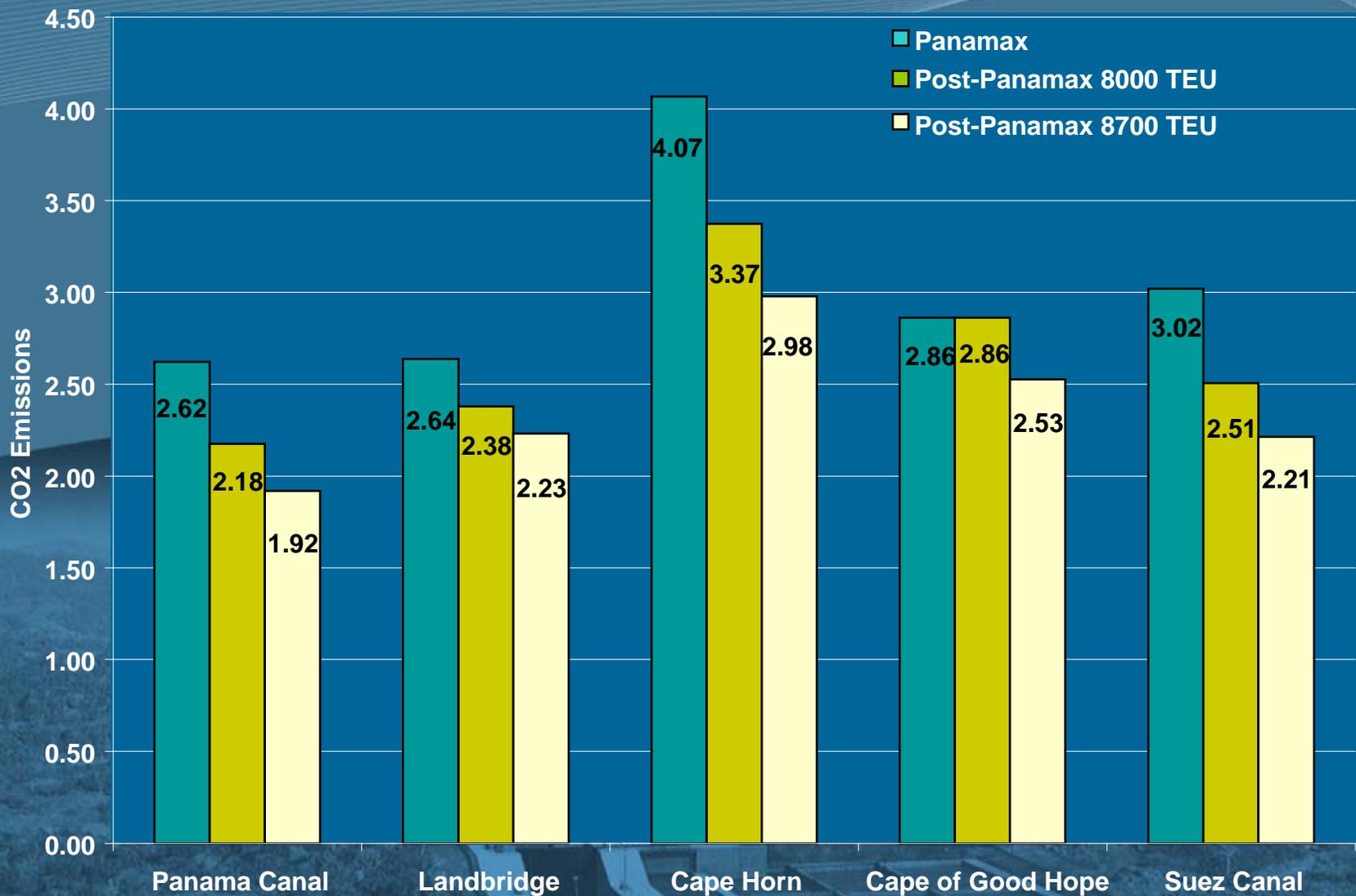
Concept	Existing Canal	Expanded Canal			
	Typical Panamax vessel Maximum size	Size Range for Dry Bulkers carrying Coal in the expanded canal			
<b>Vessel data:</b>					
Cargo carrying Capacity ( tons)	80,238	100,000 - 119,000	120,000 – 150,000	151,000 – 169,000	170,000 – 200,000
Utilization rate via the Panama Canal	78%	98%	78%	76%	74%
Cargo (Metric Tons)	62,430	107,310	105,300	121,600	136,900
Length (meters)	272.5	260.5	273	289	292
Beam (meters)	32.3	43.9	43	43.1	48
Salt Water Draft (meters)	14.1	13.8	17.5	17.4	18
<b>Panama Canal Restrictions:</b>					
Length (meters)	294.1	365.8	365.8	365.8	365.8
Beam (meters)	32.3	48.8	48.8	48.8	48.8
Tropical Fresh Water Draft (meters)	12	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3
Utilization rate via the Panama Canal without restrictions	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Cargo without restrictions (Metric Tons)	80,238	107,310	132,300	156,800	181,300



# Tankers Additional Cargo Capacity in the Expanded Panama Canal

	Existing Canal	Expanded Canal		
	Tanker Vessel with Maximum Dimensions	Size Range for Tanker Vessels in Expanded Canal		
<b>Vessel Data</b>		Aframax	Suezmax	VLCC
Total Cargo Capacity of vessel	88,170	100 - 119,999	120 - 199,999	> 200,000
<b>Utilization percentage of vessel through the Canal</b>	<b>70.0%</b>	<b>94.7%</b>	<b>89.6%</b>	<b>73.9%</b>
Cargo in metric tons	64,257	107,520	146,316	226,205
LOA (m)	272.5	269	267	326
Beam (m)	32.2	39.3	46.3	49
Fresh water draft (m)	15.5	16.0	17.02	20.64
<b>Dimensions allowed by the Panama Canal</b>				
LOA (m)	294.2	366	366	366
Beam (m)	32.2	49	49	49
Fresh water draft (m)	12	15.2	15.2	15.2
Unrestricted vessel utilization percentage	100%	100%	100%	100%
Cargo carrying capacity with maximum draft of 15.2 m	88,170	101,818	131,107	167,064
<b>Additional cargo allowed with expanded Canal (in MT)</b>	<b>23,913</b>			

# CO2 Footprints per TEU: Container Route Shanghai - New York



# Main Logistics Hubs



# Expansion of the Panama Canal Potential Impact on Asia – East Coast/Gulf Trade

Rodolfo Sabonge  
Vice-President, Market Research and Analysis Office  
Panama Canal Authority

