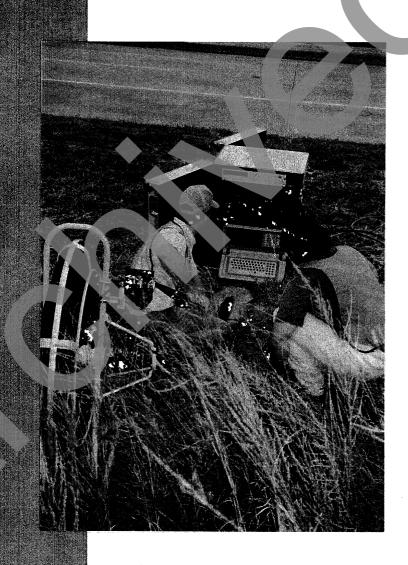


Video Inspection of Highway Edgedrain Systems April 1998



FHWA-SA-98-044

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16. Abstract

Minimizing infiltration of water in pavement structures has long been a priority of pavement designers. Incorporation of subsurface edgedrains is frequently an integral part of an pavement drainage system. In order for such a system to be effective however, it must be properly installed and maintained. With advances in video technology, inspection of edgedrain systems can now be conducted quite efficiently.

This report documents the results of 287 video inspections of highway edgedrain systems in 29 states. These inspections were conducted to both demonstrate the capabilities of the technology as well as demonstrating some of the common problems associated with the performance of edgedrain systems. Findings indicated not only that the equipment was quite effective in identifying edgedrain performance concerns, but also how widespread the concerns of edgedrain performance are. Almost one third of the systems inspected had nonfunctional outlets, another third were either found to have non-functional mainlines or the mainlines could not be inspected due to physical obstructions. Only one third of the systems inspected were found to be performing as intended.

Recommendations are provided for edgedrain design improvements to facilitate performance of the system and their inspections as well as recommendations to improve quality control during construction. Suggestions are also provided for maintenance procedures to address concerns identified in the inspection process. A Draft Guide Specification For Video Edgedrain Inspection and Acceptance is also provided as an Appendix.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Minimizing the infiltration of water in pavement structures has long been a high priority of highway and municipal engineers. Numerous studies have been conducted on this subject, many of which are referenced or discussed in the FHWA's Demo. No. 87 Participant Notebook (Reference 1). Ongoing studies like the Long-Term Pavement Performance Program (LTPP), have various specific pavement study test sections (SPS) constructed to include permeable bases which are designed to help transfer water away from the pavement structure to an edgedrain system constructed within the shoulder medium. These SPS projects include both new construction and rehabilitation projects.

The incorporation of subsurface edgedrains is frequently an integral piece of an effective pavement drainage system. Performance of the edgedrains can effectively dominate the performance of a drainage system. With this in mind, construction and maintenance of edgedrains is an area of considerable interest. Edgedrains stop performing their primary function of diverting water from the pavement for various reasons. Pipe settlement and/or sags, silt build-up, crushed pipes, rodents' nests or other similar obstructions can cause these systems to malfunction.

Fortunately, new video technology has allowed highway agencies to conduct inspections and establish if their edgedrains are functioning properly. Edgedrain inspection equipment has effectively been utilized to identify the types of problems that exist in an edgedrain system and their locations within the system. From these inspections, appropriate maintenance can be planned. This new technology has also been effectively utilized as a QA tool on rehabilitation and/or new construction of edgedrain systems.

Maintaining the edgedrain system is essential for continued successful performance of permeable bases. Inspecting edgedrain systems with a video camera provides a clear observation of their condition and/or ability to perform as intended. This project has introduced highway agencies to this new technology as part of the process in providing an effective pavement drainage system.

The intent of this project was to provide State Highway Agencies clear video images of the interior of highway edgedrain systems as a tool for inspecting and maintaining existing highway edgedrain systems, and demonstrate their capabilities for use in this capacity.

2.0 **DEMONSTRATIONS**

A high resolution, high sensitivity, color video camera, capable of negotiating a 100mm x 100mm 90° tees, is attached to a pushrod cable (approximately 15mm diameter, 150m long). A detailed listing of the equipment used is provided in Table 1. The camera design includes a ball-shaped lighthead that is introduced at outlet pipes; and the lighthead has spring actuated segments in the camera assembly to help it negotiate 90° tees. A camera guide has also been fabricated to help negotiate the tees, when necessary (Figure 5). A 200mm video monitor allows the operator to view the edgedrain system during the inspection process. As the camera is pushed along (Figure 6), the VCR records the inspection in progress, combining digital distance output, as well as a clear color image of the edgedrain's interior.

When the camera approaches an obstruction in the edgedrain system, it is identified on the screen of the camera control unit. The operator can also encode the exact location along the edgedrain where the obstacle or obstruction section lies. The operator types information, such as the highway location, milepost, state and other pertinent information on the the keyboard of the camera control unit, which is in turn displayed on the screen. Similarly, audio dubbing capabilities are available to help document observations made. A 35mm video printer also generates a clear color print of the edgedrain interior or problems of interest.

Upon completion of the inspection, the performance of the edgedrain system is well documented on video tape. State Highway Agencies were supplied with copies of a narrated videotape and a set of video prints showing representative conditions in the edgedrain system. The video inspection provided the State Highway Agency with a clear picture of edgedrain condition in their state, and gave them additional insight for developing different means for maintaining or constructing their edgedrains in the future.

Table 1. Equipment Description

<u>Camera</u> - The camera is a Pearpoint flexiprobe high resolution, high sensitivity, waterproof color video camera engineered to inspect pipes 75mm to 150mm in diameter. The flexiprobe lighthead and camera has a physical size of 70mm and is capable of negotiating 100mm x 100mm plastic tees. The lighthead incorporates six high-intensity lights. This lighting provides the capability for a clear "true" color picture of the entire surface periphery of a pipe. The camera includes a detachable hard plastic ball which centers the camera during pipe inspections (Figure 1).

<u>Camera Control Unit</u> - The portable color control unit includes a built-in 200 num color monitor and controls including remote iris, focus, video input/output, audio in with built-in speaker, and light level intensity control. Two VCR input/output jacks are provided for video recording as well as tape playback verification through the built-in monitor (Figure 2).

Metal Coiler and Push Rod With Counter - The portable coiler contains 150 meters of integrated semi-rigid push rod, gold and rhodium slip rings, electro-mechanical cable counter and electrical cable. The integrated push rod/electrical cable consists of a special epoxy glass reinforced rod with polypropylene sheathing material which will allow for lengthy inspections due to the semi-rigid nature of this system (Figure 3).

<u>Video Cassette Recorder</u> - The video cassette recorder is a high quality four head industrial grade VHS type recorder with audio dubbing, still frame, and slow speed capabilities.

<u>Generator</u> - A compact portable Honda EX650 generator is capable of 115 volts and 650 watts to power the inspection equipment.

Molded Transportation Case - A molded transportation case specifically built for air transportation encases the control unit, camera and video cassette recorder.

<u>Panasonic AG-EP60 Color Video Printer</u> - A video printer is incorporated into the system which allows the technician to obtain color prints of pipe anomalies or areas of interest. This system obtains direct electronic input from the monitor control unit providing a high quality print (Figure 4).

This system allowed the State Highway Agencies to determine pinpoint locations of defects within the system were portions could subsequently be excavated and repaired. The video camera system also allows highway agencies to efficiently and economically inspect edgedrains for quality control purposes immediately after construction.

Under this project, 22 demonstrations have been conducted which included 29 States (Figure 7). A listing of those demonstrations and the associated states and dates where demonstrations were conducted is provided in Table 2.

Table 2. State Demonstrations

August 7-11, 1995	North Carolina
August 21-24, 1995	Pennsylvania, New Jersey
September 25-29, 1995	West Virginia
October 9-12, 1995	Kentucky, Tennessee
October 23-26, 1995	Mississippi, Alabama
November 6-10, 1995	Arkansas
November 13-17, 1995	Louisiana
November 27-30, 1995	South Carolina
February 26-28, 1996	Florida
April 8-12, 1996	Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan
April 29-May 3, 1996	Connecticut
May 1-2, 1996	New York
May 13-17, 1996	New Mexico
May 20-24, 1996	Arizona
June 17-21, 1996	Wyoming
June 24-28, 1996	Montana
July 8-12, 1996	Oklahoma
July 23-25, 1996	Maryland, Delaware
September 16-18, 1996	Nevada
October 28-30, 1996	Missouri
April 15-17, 1997	Virginia
August 12-12, 1997	Hawaii

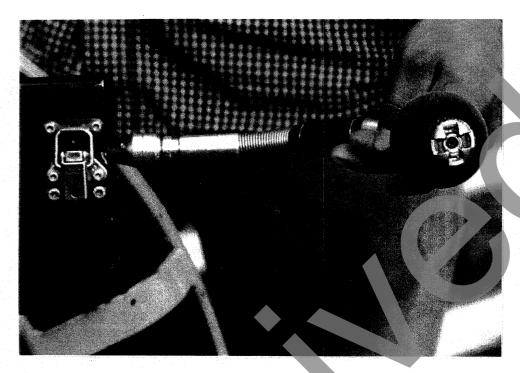


Figure 1. Pearpoint Camera.



Figure 2. Camera Control Unit.

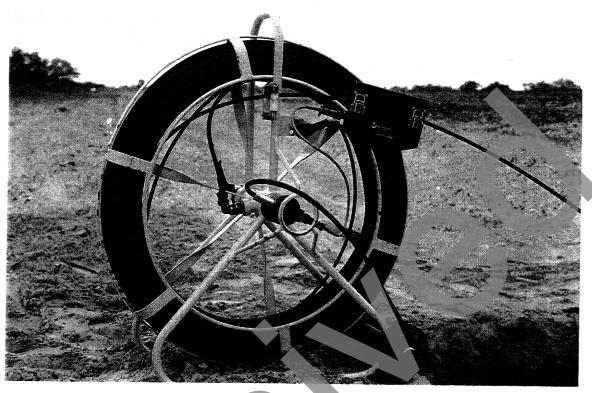


Figure 3. Metal Coiler and Push Rod.



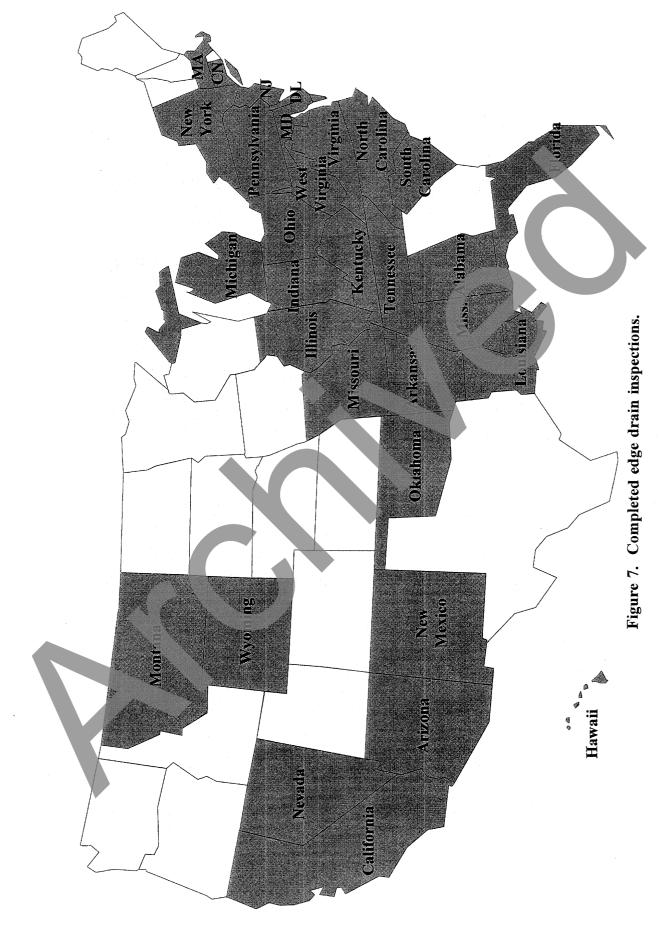
Figure 4. Panasonic AG-EP60 Color Printer.



Figure 5. Camera Guide.



Figure 6. Inspection in Progress.



3.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Video inspection/demonstrations have been performed in over 29 states during the past 24 months through August 1997 on behalf of Demo No. 87. The inspections have been conducted on 287 lateral/mainline segments which range in age from over 30 years to systems currently being constructed.

3.1 Edgedrain Observations

Of the 287 lateral/mainline edgedrain systems attempted, over 100 demonstrations were terminated due to defects with the laterals. Fifty-two (18%) had crushing in the lateral. Another 50 (17%) of the lateral systems were silted-in, limiting the investigations on these systems (Figure 8 and 9). In addition, 36 (13%) were composed of geocomposite sock, panel drain, drop tees, drop inlets, or no mainline systems at all (Figure 10).

149 (52%) mainline segments were capable of inspection. Figure 11 shows a clear 90° tee junction of the lateral and mainline. Of these 149, 17% (26) were found to be crushed, silted in, or obstructed within the first 30 meters. Sixteen percent (24) of the inspections covered 30-60-meters of the mainline segment, 28% (41) went to the 60-90-meter range (Figure 12), 18% (27) were in the 90-120-meter range and 21% (31) covered 120-150-meters of the mainline (Figure 13). In many instances, a crush in the mainline system could be identified or associated with a known construction crossing prior to the opening of traffic on to a given highway.

Some of the more common crushed pipe occurrences were found in edgedrain systems under construction. This lends evidence to the theory that many edgedrain failures may occur before the Contractor has left the project. Use of inferior construction materials (Figure 14) or questionable construction practices (Figures 15-17) can render the edgedrains ineffective before they are even paid for.

Similarly, if the pipe is not placed to an uniform grade, sags will develop which can lead to other concerns. These sags will collect water which fosters weed growth (Figure 18) and a habitat for all sorts of creatures, such as turtles, snakes, crawfish and frogs (Figure 19). If rodent screens are not

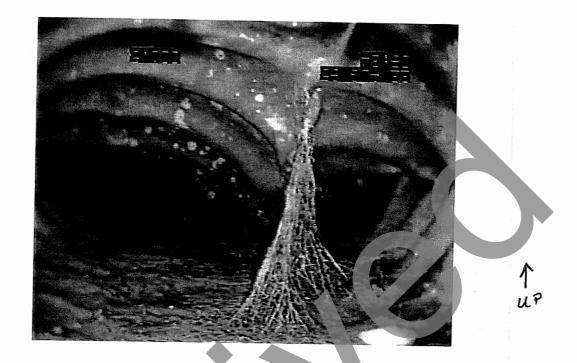


Figure 8. Silted and Crushed Lateral, Just Inside the Lateral Outlet (1.5 Feet).

(Note: The Image is Upside Down)

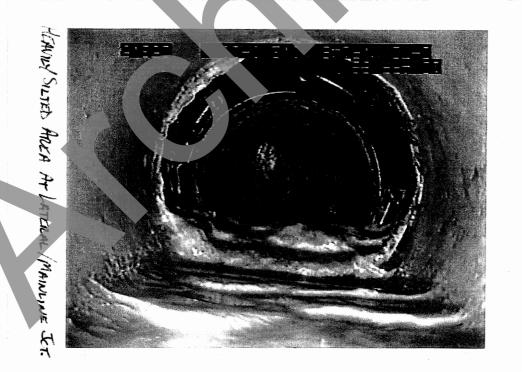
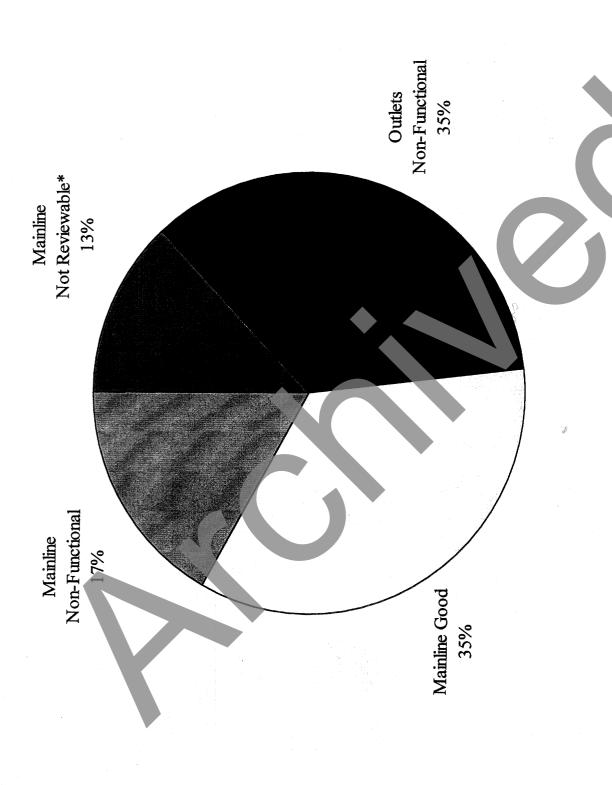


Figure 9. Heavy Silt Flow at Lateral/Mainline Junction.



Could not inspect geocomposite socks, panel drains, drop tees, drop inlets or systems where no mainline was installed.

Figure 10. Breakdown of Video Inspections.

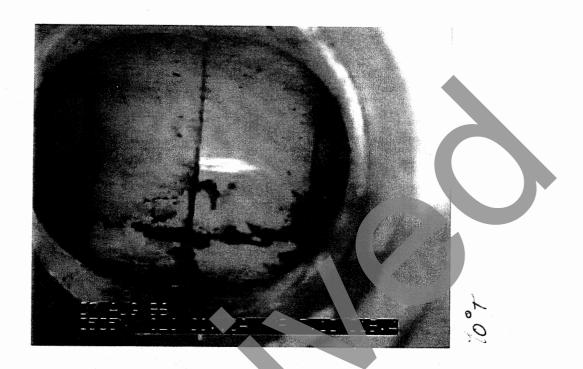


Figure 11. Clear 90° Tee Junction of Lateral and Mainline



Figure 12. Crushed Mainline Segment at 238.3 Feet.
(Note: Top of Pipe is Upper Right)

Figure 13. Mainline Demonstrations Resulting in the Following Attained Distances

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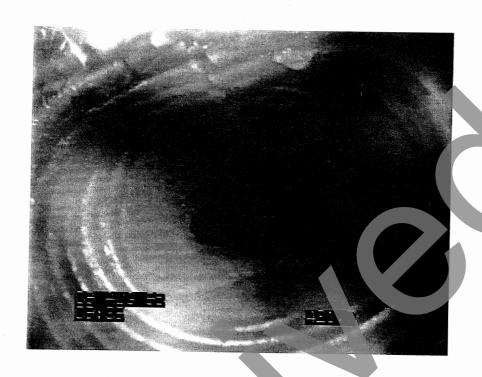


Figure 14. Inferior Construction Materials (A Brick End Cap)



Figure 15. Materials/Obstructions Introduced During Construction. Note: PVC



Figure 16. Asphalt-Stabilized Base in Edgedrain.



Figure 17. Asphalt Base Permeating Slots in Drain.

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Figure 18. Root Growth Underwater.

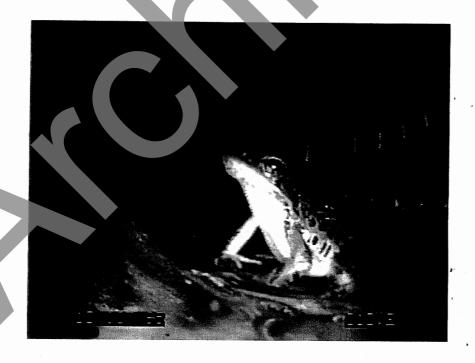


Figure 19. Sags With Standing Water Provide a Desirable Environment for Unwanted Inhabitants.



Figure 20. Rodent's Nests Found Blocking the Mainline at 61.0 Feet.



Figure 21. Mouse in Mainline.

incorporated in these systems, this can lead to other obvious unwanted inhabitants (Figures 20 and 21). These and other revealed problems highlight the need for video inspections of highway edgedrain systems as a quality assurance tool for both rehabilitation and new projects. Detailed observations are included in Appendix A.

3.2 Equipment Observations

There are several equipment observations that warrant consideration. The most significant concern was shipment of equipment via air transport. While the equipment was transported in heavy-duty air freight, hardened cases with foam backing, there were several instances where the equipment malfunctioned due to loosened sophisticated internal parts of the camera control unit, the carriage and tapehead assembly within the VCR, and the portable generator itself. All of the problems experienced could easily be associated with excessive force during shipment or due to the lack of observation of right-side up shipping instructions labeled on all shipping containers.

The 100mm x 100mm 90° tee also poses a certain element of difficulty. The stiff nature of this cable is necessary to attain the distances required for these inspections. When the lateral outlet is 90° to the longitudinal mainline, the PVC camera guide can be used to help guide the camera around the 90° tee (Figure 5) without having its transition interrupted by the angular physical geometry of the 90° tee's interior. In a large percentage of the laterals attempted, a significant amount of sediment and/or obstructions were encountered. Therefore, the rigid electrical PVC guide with sweep was required to overcome the silt and other obstacles. In several instances, the lateral outlet was constructed of a flexible corrugated pipe that meandered laterally from one side of the ditch to the other during construction. The result was a lateral outlet which was not a straight line as one might anticipate with a rigid PVC outlet pipe. At times, this caused the angle between the lateral and mainline edgedrain systems to be either less than or greater than 90° immediately at that junction. Those angles less than 90° posed a greater difficulty in negotiating the 100mm x 100mm junction.

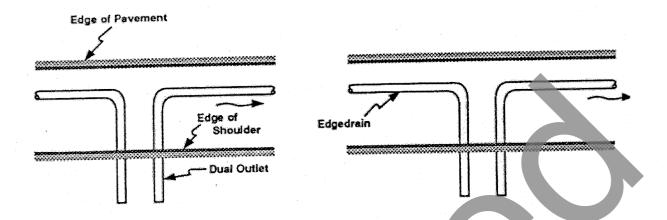


Figure 22. Edgedrain Design for Maintenance.

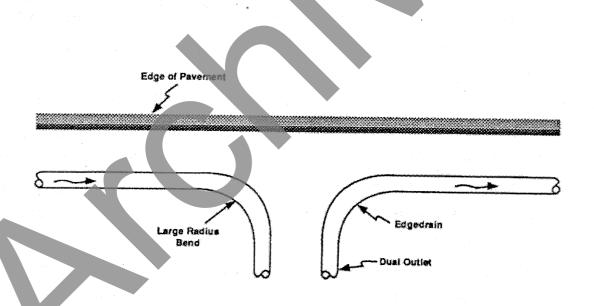


Figure 23. Smooth, Long Radius Bends for Edgedrain Outlet.

the specific equipment utilized on this project was developed for inspecting pipes 75-150mm in diameter. It was realized that when demonstrations were performed on pipes six inches in diameter, lighting approached an inadequate level. Also, there was a significant difference in the quality of video and prints obtained from the solid or rigid white PVC. The interior of the white PVC pipe tended to reflect the light vs. the flexible black pipe interiors which tended to absorb the light.

It was also noticed that corrugation appeared to affect the stability of the camera and lighthead assembly itself. After introducing the assembly over many corrugations, it became apparent that the camera and lighthead assembly would become loosened both internally and externally. The external loosened parts were easily remedied in the field by the technician, however, internal parts requiring attention had to be serviced by the manufacturer. Bituminous coating of those corrugated metal pipe systems also posed a level of difficulty during demonstration/inspections. After a short inspection run, it became apparent that the bituminous coating was easily transferred from the corrugated metal pipe's interior to the cable and subsequently counter assembly. Although minute amounts accumulated in a given short segment of pipe, the amount of bituminous coating over the length of a 150-meter cable required frequent cleaning and maintenance of the equipment.

Inspections/demonstrations of a given edgedrain interior were also complicated by the fact that the miniature systems required to perform an inspection are generally pushrod systems. As a result of the friction build-up between the cable and the pipe's interior which increased as the camera and lighthead assembly progressed down the pipe, a coil-like effect would occur causing the camera and lighthead assembly to rotate within the pipe. Unlike crawler systems which normally don't rotate beyond a 60° angle from vertical, the pushrod systems, at times, present a level of difficulty in discerning an upright position. Also, as a result of this coiling effect, using a Gyroscope Module System to provide both lateral and vertical deviations within the edgedrain system, may not work on a pushrod system. The Gyroscope system requires or utilizes the force of gravity. Once the camera and lighthead assembly rotated to a point beyond 60° from a vertical position, the Gyroscope would no longer be functional and would remain that way until it came back within the vertical range. This could result in the loss of data for several meters at regular intervals each time the Gyroscope rotated from its vertical operating limit.

Video inspection equipment such as the Pearpoint Pushrod System can be operated by one individual, however, this can lead to a variety of limitations if certain circumstances are encountered. The inspection operator must, at all times, be close enough to the camera control unit monitor as the inspection is being conducted, to ensure that the camera and lighthead assembly is not placed in an irretrievable position that would result in the loss of that equipment. The requirement to be near the monitor may result in the need for a second technician for this at times, may preclude inspections in manhole structures, drop inlets and/or steep slopes.

All of the equipment utilized to conduct the inspection/demonstrations for this project had a combined weight of approximately 250 kilograms and was divided up into three shipping containers, the largest of which weighed approximately 90 kilograms. This could present problems if the operator is of questionable physical capabilities or has a history of back trouble. For this project, a portable dolly was utilized for the transport of equipment down all inclines to the lateral outlet. The dolly was also fashioned with an additional set of wheels up towards the handle, which facilitated the stowage of the equipment into the transport vehicle.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS

With continuing advances in technology, closed-circuit video monitoring systems are now being produced economically and sufficiently field worthy to effectively be used in the inspection of these edgedrain systems. The use of the video system is very beneficial for both maintenance and rehabilitation on existing systems as well as a quality control measure for new systems. All the components of this system can be operated by one person in the field. More importantly, substantial cost savings can be realized by the State Highway Agency who accurately identifies specific areas requiring repair rather than making assumptions because of the inability to properly inspect these systems. In addition, the application for this technology appears to extend well beyond this specific application.

5.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Most states could benefit from additional quality control measures when constructing edgedrain systems. Some states (Arkansas, Michigan, Oklahoma and Virginia) are initiating the use of quality control specifications which require the use of video inspection prior to acceptance, however, the use of such specifications is still relatively new. Obviously crushed drains identified during inspection must be corrected but tolerances for acceptable deviations from grade (sags) or tolerable levels of silt infiltrations must be refined with experience. In all likelihood, the increased use of such specifications will drive improvements in the design of such systems and selection of materials.

Edgedrain design is already experiencing changes such as less angular connections (and dual outlets Figures 22 and 23) to facilitate performance and use of inspection and clean-out equipment. From these initial demonstrations one could identify materials which appear to be better suited for use in edgedrain systems. Such a practice for selection of materials can be very misleading. Evaluations incorporating initial materials and construction costs, maintenance and replacement costs were beyond the scope of this project. However, as quality control specifications come into play, such considerations will typically find their own natural balance.

As a result of the overwhelming information gathered from this project, it would appear that many of the states could also benefit from a more aggressive maintenance program. This would include the clearing of debris and vegetation at the lateral outlet, maintaining, marking and/or location programs, use of better rodent screens, as well as a periodic inspection/flushing maintenance activity. Maintenance systems which consist of a high pressure pump and water storage tank along with a reel of flexible high pressure hose outfitted with a jetted nozzle are currently in use in some states (Oklahoma) to help facilitate a maintenance-flushing program. The high pressure equipment (with pressures between 2,500-3,000 psi) forces a stream of water forward along with several jetted streams directed back towards the lateral outlet's opening. The result is a system which helps to cut

through roots and loosen debris facilitating the removal of built-up sediments. The use of a high pressure system coupled with the video inspection equipment could help ensure the viability of a given edgedrain system. This dual system approach could also provide State Highway Agencies with an opportunity to observe whether those fines existing in the lateral outlet are a result of the migration of fines immediately after construction of an edgedrain system or if the fines are continuously migrating from the road bed. This valuable information could help State Highway Agencies to develop specifications, if needed to control base or subbase erosion.

6.0 REFERENCES

1. Federal Highway Administration, "Drainable Pavement Systems", Participant Notebook - Demonstration Project No. 87, March 1992, FHWA-SA-92-008, 400 Seventh Street, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20590.

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APPENDIX A

Detailed
Observations
From
Demonstrations

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Model Section (1) The section				

DATE HWY MILEPOST COUNTY TYPE BUILT TERRAIN SIZE TYPE TYPE VER FREQ. LATRLS WRAP	STATE				PVM'T	YEAR			MAIN LINE	LATERAL	RETRO?	LATERAL	#	TRENCH
NORTH CAROLINA 1-40 277	DATE	HWY	MILEPOST	COUNTY			TERRAIN	SIZE				FREQ.	LATR'LS	WRAP
AUG, 1995 1-40 312 JOHNSTON JPC 1998 Rolling 4 BLK COR NO 850 2 YES														
AUG, 1995 1-40 312 JOHNSTON JPC 1998 Rolling 4 BLK COR NO 850 2 YES														
1-40		l - 40		DURHAM	JPC	1986	Rolling	4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	?	4	YES
1-40	AUG, 1995	I - 40		JOHNSTON	JPC	1989	Rolling	4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	450	2	
1-40 318				JOHNSTON		1989	Rolling	4	BLK COR	WHT PVC	NO	450	1	
1-40 329				JOHNSTON	JPC	1989	Rolling	4	BLK COR	WHT PVC	NO	450	1	
1-40 330				JOHNSTON	JPC	1989	Rolling	4	BLK COR	WHT PVC	NO	450	1 .	
1-40				JOHNSTON	AC	1989	Rolling	4	BLK COR	WHT PVC	NO	450	-1	
US - 70				JOHNSTON	AC	1989	Rolling	4	BLK COR	WHT PVC	NO	450	2	
US - 70				JOHNSTON	AC	1989	Rolling	4	BLK COR	WHT PVC	NO	450	1	
US - 70		US - 70		JOHNSTON	JPC	1991		4	BLK COR	WHT PVC	NO	300	1	
H485			US 70 / I-95	JOHNSTON	JPC	1991		4	BLK COR	WHT PVC	NO	300	1	YES
1-485			US 70 / SR-3	JOHNSTON	AC	1991		4	BLK COR	WHT PVC	NO	300	1	YES
H485		I-485	I-485 / I-77	MEULLENBURG	AC	1994	-	4	BLK COR	WHT PVC	NO	400	1	YES
H-85		I-485	I-485 / I-77	MEULLENBURG	AC	1994		4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	400	1	YES
H485		I-485	I-485 / I-77	MEULLENBURG		1994		4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	400	1 -	YES
I-485		I-485	MP 100	DAVIDSON	JPC	1982		4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	500	- 1	YES
L485		I-485	MP 100	DAVIDSON	JPC	1982		4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	500	1 .	YES
US - 52		I-485	MP 100	DAVIDSON	JPC			4		BLK COR	NO	500	1	YES
PENNSYLVANIA	1.	US - 52	STA 235+00	DAVIDSON	JPC			4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO 🧢	300	1	YES
PENNSYLVANIA		US - 52	STA 238+00	DAVIDSON	JPC	1994		4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	300	1	YES
AUG, 1995 -81	PENNSYLVANIA	I - 81	640	CUMBERLAND	CRC	1969		6	COR METAL		NO	500	1	YES
1-80 272	AUG, 1995	I - 81	621	CUMBERLAND		1969		4		CONCRETE	NO	500	1	YES
1-80 272		I - 80	272	LUZERNE	CRC	1991		4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	500	2	YES
1-80		I - 80	272	LUZERNE	CRC	1991		4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	500	1	YES
1-81		1 - 80	272	LUZERNE		1991		4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	500	1	YES
1-81		I - 81	145	LUZERNE	CRC	1967		6	COR METAL	COR METAL	NO	500	1	YES
NEW JERSEY		I - 81	145	LUZERNE	CRC	1967		6	COR METAL	COR METAL	1985	500	1	YES
AUG, 1995 I - 195 30 MONMOUTH AC 1980 6 COR METAL COR METAL NO 500 1 YES WEST VIRGINIA I - 77 104 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 100 1 YES SEPT, 1995 I - 77 104 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 100 2 YES I - 77 104 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 1 YES I - 77 105 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 1 YES I - 77 115 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 6 GEO SOCK BLK COR YES ? 100 1 YES I - 77 115 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 6 GEO SOCK BLK COR YES ? 100 1 YES I - 77 117.5 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 6 GEO SOCK BLK COR YES ? 100 1 YES I - 77 122 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 6 GEO SOCK BLK COR YES ? 100 1 YES I - 77 147.5 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 6 GEO SOCK BLK COR YES ? 100 2 YES I - 77 147.5 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 6 GEO SOCK BLK COR YES ? 100 2 YES I - 77 147.5 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 6 GEO SOCK BLK COR YES ? 100 2 YES I - 77 147.5 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 6 GEO SOCK BLK COR YES ? 100 2 YES I - 77 147.5 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 1 YES I - 79 35.5 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 1 YES I - 79 39.5 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 4 PANEL PVC 1987 250 1 NO CODR-G LORY RD BOONE AC 1994 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 1 YES CODR-G 1 MIN LOGAN BOONE AC 1994 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 3 YES		I - 81	EXIT 21	DAUPHIN	CRC	1995		6	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	500	1	YES
WEST VIRGINIA I - 77 104 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970	NEW JERSEY	I - 195	30	MONMOUTH	AC	1980		6	COR METAL	COR METAL	NO	500	1	YES
SEPT, 1995 I - 77	AUG, 1995	I - 195		MONMOUTH		1980	,	6	COR METAL	COR METAL	NO	500	1	
1-77	WEST VIRGINIA	l - 77	104	KANAWHA	AC / CONC	1970		4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	100	1	
1-77	SEPT, 1995	l - 77	104	KANAWHA	AC / CONC	1970		4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	100	2	
1-77		1 - 77	104	KANAWHA	AC / CONC	1970		4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	250	1	YES
1-77		1 - 77	105			1970		4		BLK COR	NO	250	1	YES
1-77		1 - 77	115	KANAWHA	AC / CONC	1970		6	GEO SOCK	BLK COR	YES?	100	1	YES
1-77		I - 77	115			1970		6	GEO SOCK	BLK COR	YES?	100	1	YES
1-77		I - 77			AC/CONC			6	GEO SOCK	BLK COR		100	1	YES
I - 77		1 - 77				1970		6	GEO SOCK	BLK COR	YES?	100	2	YES
I - 77												250	1	YES
I - 79 35.5 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 4 PANEL PVC 1987 250 1 NO I - 79 39.5 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 4 PANEL PVC 1987 250 1 NO CODR-G LORY RD BOONE AC 1994 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 1 YES CODR-G 1 MIN LOGAN BOONE AC 1994 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 3 YES													1	
I - 79 39.5 KANAWHA AC / CONC 1970 4 PANEL PVC 1987 250 1 NO CODR-G LORY RD BOONE AC 1994 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 1 YES CODR-G 1 MIN LOGAN BOONE AC 1994 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 3 YES													1	
CODR-G LORY RD BOONE AC 1994 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 1 YES CODR-G 1 MIN LOGAN BOONE AC 1994 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 3 YES								-					1	
CODR-G 1 MIN LOGAN BOONE AC 1994 4 BLK COR BLK COR NO 250 3 YES								4					-	
								4					-	
		CODR-G	BRWNRDG RD	BOONE	AC	1994	*****	4	BLK COR	BLK COR	NO	250		YES

rrench WRAP	٨٦	2 1	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	<u>0</u>	9	9	ON ON	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
# TI	c	ο 1		_	-	_	_	2	-	_	_	τ-	-	٦	τ-	-	-		-	τ-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	Ψ.		-
LATERAL FREQ.	010	007	200	250	250	200	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	-	IRREG	500'	IRREG	IRREG	200,	200,	200,	200,	200,	200,	200,	200,	250'	250'	250'	200	200	200	250'	250'	.720.
RETRO? YEAR		2 2	2 2	200	0 2	QN ON	9	<u>Q</u>	9	¢.	¢.	1993	1993	1994	1993	9	9	<u>Q</u>	<u>Q</u>	<u>Q</u>	<u>Q</u>	9	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>Q</u>	ON O	ON N	<u>Q</u>	<u>Q</u>	1977	1977	1977	2	29	SC
LATERAL TYPE	000	BLY COR	BIK COR	BIKCOR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	FIBER	FIBER	FIBER	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK
MAIN LINE TYPE	0	BLK COR	BLY COR	B K COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	BLK COR	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	FRENCH	FRENCH	FRENCH	FRENCH	FRENCH	FRENCH	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK
SIZE		4.	4 <	4	. 4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	9	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
TERRAIN S		KOLLING					SLOPE	SLOPE	SLOPE	CUT	CUT	50	CUT	CUT	SLOPE	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	SOLLING	ROLLING	SLOPE	SLOPE	SCOPE	SLOPE	FILE	FILL	CUT	CUT	CUT	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	SOLLING
YEAR BUILT		1995	۰. ر	۰. د	۰ ،	۰ ۵۰	1993	1993	1993	1980	1980	<i>ر</i> .	<i>ر</i> .	ć	4			1995	1994	_		1994	1994	1994	1994	1994	1995	1995	1995	1962		1962	1992	1992	1992
PVM'T TYPE		OHC !	AC/JPC		AC/IPC	AC/JPC	AC	AC	AC	AC / JCP	AC / JCP	8" AC	8" AC	AC	AC	JPC - 13"	JPC	JPC	AC/JPC	AC/JPC	JPC	S	JPC	JPC	JPC	JPC	AC	ĄÇ	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC
COUNTY		JEFFERSON	BAKKEN	BAPPEN	WARREN	WARREN	DAVIDSON	DAVIDSON	DAVIDSON	DAVIDSON	DAVIDSON	SUMNER	SUMNER	WARREN	WARREN			4		RANKIN	LAUDERDALE	LAUDERDALE	LAUDERDALE	LAUDERDALE	LAUDERDALE	LAUDERDALE	BIBB	BIBB	BIBB	CHILTON	CHILTON	CHILTON	当	빌	TEE
MILEPOST		16	45	A.R.	33	34.	25	25	25	36	32	66	66	S. OF VICKSBURG	S. OF VICKSBURG	15	46	46	55		. 19	19	. 19	RT. 19		US 145		82	82	205	205	205	134 (NOT A TS)	134 (010107)	134 (010109)
HWY		1 - 264	- 	, <u>u</u>		- 65	BRILEY P	BRILEY P	BRILEY P	1 - 24	1-24	1-65	1-65	US - 61			1-20	1-20	1-20	1-20	US - 45	US - 45		_		US - 45	US - 82	US - 82	US - 82	1-65	1-65	1-65	US - 280 /	US - 280 /	US - 280 /
STATE DATE		KENTUCKY	OCI, 1995				TENNESSEE	OCT. 1995						MISSISSIM	OCT, 1995												ALABAMA	OCT. 1995							

CTATE										A			TOTALOU
STATE	LIMA	MII EDOOT	OOL NITY	PVM'T	YEAR		0.75	MAIN LINE	LATERAL		LATERAL	#	TRENCH
DATE	HWY	MILEPOST	COUNTY	TYPE	BUILT	TERRAIN	SIZE	TYPE	TYPE	YEAR	FREQ.	LATR'LS	WRAP
ARKANSAS	I - 40	140	DLII ACIZI	IDC O	4005			OODD DIII	0000 011		2001		VEC
NOV, 1995	I - 40 I - 40	140 140	PULASKI	JPC - 9"	1985	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	1	YES
140 4, 1990	I - 40	140	PULASKI	JPC - 9"	1985	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	2	YES
	I - 40		PULASKI	JPC - 9"	1985	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	1	YES
	1 - 40 I - 40	140 140	PULASKI	JPC - 9"	1985	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	1	YES
	1 - 40 I - 40		PULASKI	JPC - 9"	1985	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300!	1 .	YES
		144	PULASKI	JPC - 9"	1985	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	1	YES
	I - 40	144	PULASKI	JPC - 9"	1985	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300	1 .	YES
	I - 40	144	PULASKI	JPC - 9"	1985	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	. 1	YES
	1 - 40	140	PULASKI	JPC - 9"	1985	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	1	YES
	I - 40	40	CLARK	JPC	1985	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	1	YES
	I - 40	40	CLARK	JPC	1985	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	1	YES
	SR - 540	1	CRAWFORD	JPC	1994	CUT	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	1	YES
	SR - 540	1	CRAWFORD	JPC	1994	SLOPE	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	1	YES
	SR - 540	1	CRAWFORD	JPC	1994	SLOPE	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	1	YES
	SR - 540	1	CRAWFORD	JPC	1994	SLOPE	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'	, 1	YES
	SR - 540	6	CRAWFORD	JPC	1995	SLOPE	4	CORR BLK	PVC-THIN	NO	300'	1	YES
	SR - 540	6	CRAWFORD	JPC	1995	SLOPE	4	CORR BLK	PVC-THIN	NO	300'	1	YES
	SR - 540	6	CRAWFORD	JPC	1995	SLOPE	4	CORR BLK	PVC-THIN	NO	300'	1	YES
	SR - 540	10	CRAWFORD	JPC	1995	SLOPE	4	CORR BLK	PVC-THIN	NO	300'	[.] 1	YES
	SR - 540	10	CRAWFORD	JPC	1995	SLOPE	4	CORR BLK	PVC-THIN	NO	300'	1	YES
1.	I - 30	32	HEMPSTEAD	JPC	1970	FILL	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	1985	300'	1	YES
	I - 30	37	HEMPSTEAD	AC/JPC	1970	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	1985	300'	1	YES
	I - 30	37	HEMPSTEAD	AC/JPC	1970	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	1985	300'	1	YES
	I - 30	38	HEMPSTEAD	JPC /	1970	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	1985	300'	1	YES
	I - 30	40	HEMPSTEAD	JPC	1970	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	1985	300'	1	YES
	I - 30	46	HEMPSTEAD	JPC	1970	ROLLING		CORR BLK	CORR BLK	1985	300'	1	YES
	I - 30	49	HEMPSTEAD	JPC	1970	ROLLING		CORR BLK	CORR BLK	1985	300'	1	YES
	1 - 30	41	NEVADA	JPC	1970	ROLLING		CORR BLK	CORR BLK	1985	300'	1	YES
LOUISIANA	LA - 3132	3	CADDO	JPC - 10"	1985	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	200'	1	YES
NOV, 1995	1-49	2	LAFAYETTE	AC/JPC	1965	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	250'	1	YES
	i - 10	101	LAFAYETTE	10" PCC	-	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	250'	1	YES
	i - 12	37	TANGIAPAHOA	10" JRCP	1965	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	1987	300'	1	YES
	1-12	37	TANGIAPAHOA	10" JRCP	1965	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	1987	300'	1	YES
	1-12	37	TANGIAPAHOA	10 JRCP	1965	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	1987	300'	1	YES
	1-12	152	W. BAT ROUGE	10" JRCP 10" JRCP	1965	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	YES ?	300'	1	YES
	I - 10		W. BAT ROUGE		7 1 1 7 1		-				300'	1	YES
	I - 10	152		10" JRCP	1965	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	YES ?		1	YES
		152	E. BAT ROUGE		1965	ROLLING	4	GEOCOMP	CORR BLK	1993	300'	1	
SO, CAROLINA	I - 12	4	E. BAT ROUGE			ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	NO	300'		YES
	1 - 85	73	SPARTANBURG	JCP	1994	ROLLING	4	PVC	CORR BLK	NO	250'	1	YES
NOV, 1995	1 - 85	73	SPARTANBURG	JCP	1994	ROLLING	4	PVC	CORR BLK	NO	250'	1	YES
	I - 85	73	SPARTANBURG	JCP	1994	ROLLING	4	PVC	CORR BLK	NO	250'	1	YES
	I - 85	73	SPARTANBURG	JCP	1994	ROLLING	4	PVC	CORR BLK	NO	250'	1	YES
	I - 85	73	SPARTANBURG	JCP	1994	ROLLING	4	PVC	CORR BLK	NO	250'	1	YES
	I - 85	73	SPARTANBURG	JCP	1994	ROLLING	4	PVC	CORR BLK	NO	250'	1	YES
	I - 77	54	CHESTER	AC / JCP	1984	ROLLING	4	CORR BLK	THIN DRAIN	1985	500'	1	YES
	1 - 77	56	CHESTER	AC / JCP	1984	ROLLING	4	PVC	PVC	1985	500'	<u>,</u> 1	YES
	l - 77	57	CHESTER	AC / JCP	1984	ROLLING	4	PVC	PVC	1985	500'	1	YES
	I - 77	61.	CHESTER	AC / JCP	1984	ROLLING	4	PVC	PVC	1985	500'	1	YES

TRENCH WRAP	YES	9	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	0	ON	YES	YES	YES	2 2	S į	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	29	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	22	2 2	2 2) C	2	2	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	<u>0</u>	2 C)
# LATR'LS	- 2		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	Ψ.	- -	-	- ,		 .	-	-	.	-	Ψ.	Ψ.	-	- ,	- •	- •	- •	- •						-	-	-	_	_	-	-	Ψ.		-
LATERAL FREQ.	500'	•	200,	200,	500'	200,	200,	500'	500'	500'	200,	2000	200	200	200	500'	200,	200,	200,	500	200,	500,	300'-500'	300-200	300-200	300-500	300-200	300-500	300-200	300-300	300-500	300-500	300'-500'	300'-500'	300'-500'	300'-500'	•				100'-300'	200 001
RETRO? YEAR	NO 1985		ON N	O N	Q	<u>Q</u>	<u>Q</u>	<u>0</u>	9	YES/?	YES/?	YES/?	99	2	0	2	9	2	0	<u>Q</u>	2	<u>Q</u>	YES	YES	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1994	1994	1994	1985	1985	1985	1994	1994	100
LATERAL TYPE	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	PVC/PERF	CORR BLK	PVC	D G	PVC	D S	PVC	CORR BLKx2	CORR BLKx2	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORRECT	CORKBLK	CORR BLA	CORR BLK	2020 2020 2020 2020	A B B B K	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	COUNTY DELL
MAIN LINE TYPE	CORR BLK	PVC	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLKx2	CORR BLKx2	MONSANTO	MONSANTO	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	GEOCOMP	GEOCOMP	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	OORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORRELA	7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	SON BLK	SON BLK	CORRECT	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	טטאא פריי
SIZE	4 4	. 0	9	9	9	4	4	4	4	စ	9	9	4	4	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	4	4	4	4	4	4.	4	4 4	4 -	+	t <	1 4	4	4	9	9	9	9	9	۵
TERRAIN (ROLLING POLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	SLOPE	SLOPE	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING POLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	SLOPE	SLOPE	SLOPE						
YEAR BUILT	1978	2 '	1984	1984	1984	1988	1988	1988	1988	1994	1994	1994	1994	1994	1995	1995	1996	1996	1996	1996	1996	1996	1994	1994	1994	1994	1994	1994	1994	1994	1994	1994	1994	1004	1994	1994	1985	1985	1985	1994	1994	1994
PVM'T Y	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	JCP	SCP	SCP	CRC	CRC	CRC	CRC	AC	AC	JPC	AC	AC	AC AC	AC	JPC	JPC	JPC	JPC	JPC	JPC	AC/CRC	AC/CRC	AC/CRC	AC/CRC	AC/CRC	AC/CRC	AC/CRC	AC/CRC	ACCRC	ACCRC	ACCA CACA	AC/CRC	AC/GRAN	AC/GRAN	AC	AC AC	AC	AC/CONC.	AC/CONC.	AC/CONC.
COUNTY	JACKSON	ORANGE	HILLSBOROUG	HILLSBOROUG	HILLSBOROUG	WOODFORD	WOODFORD	McLEAN	McLEAN	MARION	MARION	MARION	MUSILINGUM		LICKING	LICKING	CLINTON	CLINTON	CLINTON	CLINTON	CLINTON	CLINTON	TOLLAND	TOLLAND	TOLLAND	TOLLAND	TOLLAND	TOLLAND	TOLLAND	TOLLAND	TOLLAND	TOLLAND	TOLLAND	COLLAND	COLUMBIA	COLUMBIA	GRFFN	GREEN	GREEN	MONTGOMERY	MONTGOMERY	MONIGOMERY
MILEPOST	158	DETENTION POND			256 MEDIAN	11	10	8	7	115/#1	115/#2	107	148/#1	148/#2	136/#1	136/#2	STA 1374+50/2	STA 1374+50/1	STA 1374+50/3	STA 1418+00/1	STA 1433+00/1	STA 1433+00/1	STA 855 + 00/#1	STA 990 + 00/#2	STA 1055 + 00/#3	STA 1055 + 00/#4	STA 500 + 00/#5	STA 505 + 00/#5A	STA 725 + 00/#6	STA 485 + 00/#1	SIA 725 + 00/#1A	SIA 1128 + 00/#1	SIA 1085 + 00/#2	STA 1114 + 00/#3	STA 1116 + 00/#1	SOF SR - 9	127.5#1	127.5/#2	127.7/#3			166.2/#3
HWY	- 10	C		1-75	1-75	1-39	1-39	1-39	1-39	1-65	1-65	l - 65	1 - 70	1 - 70	1-70	1-70	US - 27N	US - 27N	US - 27S	US-27S	US - 27N	US - 27S	1-84	1-84	1-84	1 - 84	1-84	1-84	- 84	I - 84W	1-84W	1-84W	- 84W	N 84W	8 - 6	C RT - 3	1-87N	1-87N	1-87N	M06 - I	M06 - I	- 90W
STATE DATE	FLORIDA FEB 1006	123				ILLINOIS	APR, 1996	•		INDIANA	APR, 1996		OHO	APR, 1996			MICHIGAN	APR, 1996					CONNECTICUT	APR, 1996		-								YOU WIEN	APP 1996	7, 130						

	WRAP		YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	9	0	<u>Q</u>	9	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
7	# LATR'LS		-	-	T	, ,	•	-	•	• 🚛	· V -	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	<u>_</u>	_	Ψ-	Ψ-	-	-	-	Ψ-	~	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_		· -	-	_
- 1	FREQ.		200,	200,	500'	500'	200,	500'	500	300	300,	300	500'-1000	500'-1000	500'-1000	500'-1000	500'-1000	500'-1000	500'-1000'	500'-1000	300	300,	300,	300,	400,	400	400	400,	400,	400,	500'	200,	500,	500'	500,	500'	500'	200,	500,	500'	200,
0	YEAR		1		1	ı	1988	1988	1988	}	,	:	1989	1989	1989	1989	3	,	•		,	1	1	1			•	,	•		,	,	1	1	,	•	ı	,		•	
- 400	TYPE		PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	PVC	PVC	PVC	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2 CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2 CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2 CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2		CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK
PAA INI NA	_		NH.	NH.	NH	PVC	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	PVC	PVC	PVC	NIHL	NH.	NHL	NH.	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	PVC	PVC	PVC	PVC	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2	OORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	CORD RIK
	I SIZE		4	4	4	9	4	4	9	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	7	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	TERRAIN		ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	POLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	SLOPE	SLOPE	SLOPE	SLOPE	SLOPE	SLOPE	SLOPE	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	EO INC
VEAD	BULT		1989	1989	1989	1990	1967	1967	1967	1995	1995	1995	1967	1967	1967	1967	1991	1991	1991	1991	1995	1995	1995	1993	1992	1992	1992	1989	1994	1994	1992	1992	1992	1994	1992	1989	1989	1989	1995	1995	1995
TIMAT	TYPE		JPC	PC	PC	JPC	AC	AC	AC/JPC	AC.	AC	AC	PC C	PC	JPC	JPC	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC	PCCP	PCC	PCC	PCC	PCC	PCC	PCC	ပ္သ	PCC	PCC	ပ္ပ	PCC	AC/PCC	A'C/PCC	AC/PCC	CRCC	CRCC	CRC
	COUNTY		QUAY	QUAY	QUAY	QUAY	TORRANCE	TORRANCE	TORRANCE	DOMA ANA	DONA ANA	DONA ANA	DONA ANA	DONA ANA	DONA ANA	DONA ANA	COCONINO	COCONINO	COCONINO	COCONINO	MOHAVE	MOHAVE	MOHAVE	MARICOPA	UINTA	UINTA	OINTA		SWEETWATER	SWEETWATER	CARBON	CARBON	CARBON	CARBON	CARBON	LARAMIE	LARAMIE	LARAMIE	NOSNHOC	NOSNHOC	NOSNHOL
	MILEPOST		365	364.3	364.7	329	191.2	190.8	185	38	38	38	140	34	134	134	203	203	203	203	52	52	25	106.3	7	13	20.5	21.2	8	%	214	214	214	234	234	25	52	24	63	63	99
	HWY		1-40W	1-40E	1 - 40E	1-40W	- 40W	1-40W	- 40W	I - 25N/SP	I - 25N/SP	I - 25N/SP	- 10W	- 10W	- 10W	1 - 10E	1 - 40E/SP	1 - 40E/SP	1 - 40E/SP	1 - 40E/SP	NS - 93N/	US - 83N/	US - 83N/	US - 93N/	1 - 80E	1-80E	- 80F	- 80E	80E	80E	1-80E	1-80E	- 80E	1 - 80E	1-80E	I - 25S	I - 25S	I - 25S	M06 - I	W06 - I	- 90W
STATE	DATE	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	NEW MEXICO	MAY, 1996			****									ANCEIGA	ARIZONA MAX 4995	MAT, 1990				-		0.000	WYCMING	JUNE, 1996												-			

TRENCH	VEC	2 X	XES	X ES	У Ц У	- > - >) - 	2 5	S L	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	200	20	2 2	ν ΣΕΙ ΣΕΙ ΣΕΙ ΣΕΙ ΣΕΙ ΣΕΙ ΣΕΙ ΣΕΙ ΣΕΙ ΣΕΙ	- Y	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	0 U	S E	ν Ε.Σ.	ν Ε Ε Ο	2 L >	2 L	3 2	X - X	X H.S	XES	YES	YES	YES	YES
# LATR'LS				٠.	٠.	- •		- ,		-	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-		- `			-		-		_	-	Ψ.		, 4	- •					4	,				_	-	-	
LATERAL FREQ.	10110	250	250,	250'	250	250	200	007	MC/	75M	75M	75M	75M	75M	300	300	300	300,	300,	300,	25'- 50'	VARIED	VARIED	VARIED	ייייי	200	500	200	200'-300'	200'-300'	300	300,	200,	200	000	200	2007	VARIED	VARIED	VANIED VA	VAPIED VA	MADIED	VARIED	VARIED	VARIED	300'-500'	300,-200,
RETRO? YEAR	-	1	ı	ı	1	,	ı	•			ı			•	1993	1993	•	1993	1993	1993																											
LATERAL TYPE	97 1100	SCH 40	0 100	0, 100	2 5 5 5 5 5	05 H 20	SCH 40	SCH 40	CORR BLK	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	BIT FIBER	BIT FIBER	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLKX2	CORR BLK				100	25.5	2 0	SPE	CPE	CPE	CPE	CPE	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	20 T 04 T 00	200				SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC				
MAIN LINE TYPE		SCH 40	04 - 20	04 E C C	900	SCH 40	SCH 40	SCH 40	CORR BLK	CORR BLKX2 CORR BLKX2	CORR BLK	CORR BLK	BIT FIBER	BIT FIBER	CORR BLKX2 CORR BLKX2	2	CORR BLK	SCH 40 PVC	TERRACOTTA	TER	SMP.	O C	2 C	C PE	CPE	CPE	CPE	CPE	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 FVC	CALVANIZED	GALVANIZED	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC				
SIZE		4	4 .	4 -	4 .	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	9	9	4	9	2	9 (0 (0	9	9	9	9	3	က	m	.n	m i	က	က	က	უ (יייי	ກເ	00	40	1 (*)	0.00
TERRAIN SIZE		ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	KOLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING	ROLLING			ROLLING	ROLLING	KOLLING						SLOPE	SLOPE	SLOPE	SLOPE	SLOPE	SLOPE								ROLLING			1
YEAR BUILT		995	288	995	CAA	995	982	1995	966	9661	966	966	966	966	1980	1980	1980	1980	1980	1980	1994	1990	1988	1988	1988	1993	1002	1996	1994	1994	1996	1996	1992	1992	1992	1992	1992	1986	1986	1986	1986	1988	1988	1988	1000	100	1981
PVM'T Y TYPE B		AC	S.	۲ .	٠	AC	YC YC	, AC	, AC	AC	AC	AC	AC	AC		JPC	JPC	PC	ACMPC	AC/JPC	AC	AC/CRC	AC	AC.	AC	JPC/PATB	JPC/PAIB	AC/PATR	AC/GABC	AC/GABC	AC	AC	AC/PCC	AC/PCC	AC/PCC	AC/PCC	AC/PCC	JPC/ATPB	JPC/ATPB	JPC/ATPB	JPC/ATPB	AC/ATB	AC/ATB	AC/AIB	ا ا	ਸੂ <u>ਕ</u>	2 S
COUNTY		TETON	IEION	PONDERA	PONDERA	PONDERA	PONDERA	PONDERA	BIGHORN	BIGHORN	BIGHORN	BIGHORN	BIGHORN	BIGHORN	MUSKOGEE	MUSKOGEE	MUSKOGEE	MUSKOGEE	McINTOSH	McINTOSH		HOWARD	WICOMICO	WICOMICO	WICOMICO	KENT	KEN	SISSEX	NEW CASTIF	NEW CASTLE	NEW CASTLE	NEW CASTLE	SISKIYOU	SISKIYOU	SISKIYOU	SISKIYOU	SISKIYOU	BUTTE	BUTTE	BUTTE	BUTTE	SUTTER	SUTTER	SULEX	XOLO XOLO	NO CO	YOLO
MILEPOST		STA 1727+50	STA 1730+00	STA 1809+50	S1A 1809+50/MED	STA 1879+50	STA 1946+50	STA 1974+50	STA 30+79	STA 59+64	STA 59+64	STA 61+14/A	STA 61+14/B	STA 40+90/MED	10MILES N./I-40	8.3MILES N./I-40	11MILES N./I-40	10MILES N./I-40	1MILES N./I-40	2.5MILES N./I-40	5MILES W./MD713 AN	43	2MILES S./US50	2MILES S./US50	2.5MILES S./US50	99.5	108	119.3 CTA 416±50	31.4.410430	705	AT FREEDOM TR.	AT FREEDOM TR.	14.8	14.8	14.9	15.05	15.05	28.6	29.5	28.05	28	6.0		1.55	7.1	C. 4	6.2
HWY		I - 15N	1-15N	ì		I- 15N	I - 15N	1-15N	1 - 90E	1 - 90E	1-90E	1.90F	- 90F	106 - 106 -	N69 - SN	N69 - SN	N69 - SN	S69 - SO	S69 - SO	S69 - SN	-	N26-1	MD347N		_	SR1N	SR1N	OK IN	25.150				+	I-5N (1-B)	N9-1	(A) NS-I	I-5N (B)	SR99S	SR99S	SR99S	SR99S	SR99N	SR99N	SR99N	1-505N	1-505N	SR1135
STATE DATE		MONTANA	JUNE, 1996												OKLAHOMA	JULY 1996					MARYLAND	JULY, 1996	•			DELAWARE	JULY, 1996						CALFORNIA	AUGUST, 1996											-		

STATE				PVM'T	YEAR		MAIN LINE	LATERAL (RETRO?	LATERAL	#	TRENCH
DATE	HWY	MILEPOST	COUNTY	TYPE	BUILT TERRAIN	SIZE	TYPE	TYPE	YEAR	FREQ.	LATR'LS	WRAP
NEVADA	I-15S	50	CLARK	AC	1995 ROLLING			SCH 40 PVC	1995	200'	. 1	
SEPTEMBER, 199	I-15S	50	CLARK	AC	1995 ROLLING		SCH 40 PVC		1995	200'	1	
	I-15S	50	CLARK	AC	1995 ROLLING	4	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	1995		1	•
	US-95S	76.5	CLARK	JPC	SLOPE	6		CPE		VARIED	1	
	US-95S	76.5	CLARK	JPC	SLOPE	6		CPE		VARIED	1	
	US-95S	76.5	CLARK	JPC	SLOPE	6		CPE		VARIED	1	?
MISSOURI	I-44W	218	CRAWFORD	JPC	1995 ROLLING	4	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC		250	. 1	YES
OCTOBER, 1996	I-44W	218	CRAWFORD	JPC	1995 ROLLING	4	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC		250	1	YES
	1-44W	218	CRAWFORD	JPC	1995 ROLLING	4	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC		250	1	YES
	1-44W	218	CRAWFORD	JPC	1995 ROLLING	4	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC	A	250	1	YES
	I-44W	218	CRAWFORD	JPC	1995 ROLLING	4	SCH 40 PVC	SCH 40 PVC		250	1	YES
VIRGINIA	I-95	14	GREENVILLE	CRC	1977 FILL	3	CORR	CORR	1991	300	1	NO
APRIL, 1997	I-95	14.3	GREENVILLE	CRC	1977 FILL	3	CORR	CORR	1991	300	1	NO
	I-95	14.2	GREENVILLE	CRC	1977 FILL	3	CORR	CORR	1991	300	1	NO
	1-95	14.1	GREENVILLE	CRC	1977 FILL	3	CORR	CORR	1991	300	1	NO
	I-64	213	NEW KENT	CRC	1993 ROLLING	4	CORRUD4	PVC		300	1	YES
	I-64	213	NEW KENT	CRC	1993 ROLLING	4	CORRUD4	PVC		300	1	YES
	I-64	213	NEW KENT	CRC	1993 ROLLING	4	CORRUD4	PVC		300	1	YES
	I-64	213	NEW KENT	CRC	1993 ROLLING	4	CORRUD4	PVC		300	1	YES
	I-64	213	NEW KENT	CRC	1993 ROLLING	4	CORRUD4	PVC		300	1	YES
	I-64	213	NEW KENT	CRC	1993 ROLLING	4	CORRUD4	PVC		300	1	YES
	I-64	213	NEW KENT	CRC	1993 ROLLING	4	CORRUD4	PVC		300	. 1	YES
	I-64	213	NEW KENT		1993 ROLLING	4	CORRUD4	PVC		300	1	YES
	I-64	213	NEW KENT	CRC	1993 ROLLING	4	CORRUD4	PVC		300	. 1	YES
	I-95	107	CAROLINE	ACP	1994 ROLLING	6	PERF PIPE					YES
	I-95	107	CAROLINE	ACP	1994 ROLLING	6	PERF PIPE					YES
HAWAII	H-3		HONOLULU	CRC	1994	6	CORR BLK			250		NO
AUGUST 1997	H-1		HONOLULU	CRC		6	CORR BLK					
	H-61		HONOLULU	ACP	CUT	6	CORR BLK					

RDN'T NST - RODENTS NEST HS - HEAVILY SILTED OGWV - OVERGROWN W / VEGETATION NO HDWL - NO HEADWALL FWDGRASS - FILLED WITH GRASS

OUTLET	HS, OGWV	HS, OGWV		NO HDWL / WEEDS	NO HDWL / WEEDS	NO HDWL	CONC HDWL GOOD	CONC HDWL / OGWV	CONC HDWL / GRASS	CONC HDWL / OGWV	CONC HDWL / FWDGRASS	BROKN PIPE/GRASS	COVR'D W/ MULCH		CONC HDWL GOOD	CONC HDWL PLUGGED	CONC HDWL / OGWV			NO HDWL - 3' ABOVE DITCH	CONC HDWL GOOD	CINDERBLOCKS	DROP INLE! / NEW CONS!	CINDERBLOCKS	CINDERBLOCKS	CINDERBLOCKS	IH UNDER CONSI	DROP INLE!	DROP INLE!	CLEAN	CLEAN TO C	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	
OUTLETS	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES/HVY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	YES / HWY	2	2	9	9	<u>Q</u>	2	2 2	2	<u>0</u>	9	29	2 2	29	0	0	ON	9	ON	ON	NO	ON No	<u>Q</u>	<u>Q</u>	22	200
DRAINABLE BASE		5 INCH	S INCH	2 INCH	5 INCH	Ì	1	1	CR. AGG	CR. AGG	CR. AGG	8" CTABC	8" CTABC	8" CTABC	4" CTABC	4" CTABC	4" CTABC	CTABC	CTABC	1		1		1	1		-	1			es su manual				1	1	1				-	-	1	
MAINLINE INSPECTED	ON	ON S	433	413.5	400'	DROP TEE	DROP TEE	DROP TEE		450'	TEE NOT NEGOTIABLE	٠	TEE NOT NEGOTIABLE	TEE NOT NEGOTIABLE		422'	480.9'	2	329'	32'			415	36'	110,	400	415	140'	104	ON	ON	ON.	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON.	ON.	ON.	ON N	<u> </u>	200
SILT	LATERAL		2	MAIN	MAIN	1		1	LATERAL	MAIN / LAT	1	ON			LATERAL	MAIN	MAIN	MAIN	ON O	MAIN	LATERAL	LATERAL	MAIN	ON	<u>Q</u>	0	02	MAIN	YES/AGG	YES	2	TEE/FULL	LATERAL	LATERAL	9	LATERAL	LATERAL	<u>Q</u>	9	9	2	LATERAL	29	2
RDNT NST SAGS/H2O	SAG	1 :	ON N	ON	SAGS / H2O	- Mary and			YES	NST.SAGS.H20	m manum	NST			H2O	SAGS	SAGS/HZO-100	-	SAGS / H2O	ON	ON	ON.	SAGS	MAIN	O N	ON	ON	RDNT NST	RDNT NST/SAGS	O X	LAT FULL-H2O	LAT FULL-H2O	ON N	ON.	ON	ON	OZ	8	GRD RAIL	ON	ON	H20	Q :	O
Crushed SEGMN'T	LATERAL	LATERAL	ON	MAIN	MAIN		-			MAIN		9	i	-	LATERAL	MAIN	MAIN	MAIN	-	<u>Q</u>	9	LATERAL	<u>Q</u>	MAIN	MAIN	MAIN	<u>Q</u>	ON	ON ON	<u>0</u>	LATERAL	2	2	<u>Q</u>	9	SOCK	ON	LATERAL	LATERAL	Q.	<u>8</u>	Q N	LATERAL	LAIERAL
PIPE WRAP	NO	오:	2	2	2	9	9	2	2	9	2	9	8	9	9	8	2	<u>Q</u>	9	2	2	9	9	2	2	2	2	9	9	9	2	2	2	9	9	9	2	2	9	YES	YES	2	2	2
HWY	1-40	-40	1-40	1-40	1-40	1-40	1-40	1 - 40	US - 70	US - 70	US - 70	1-485	1-485	1-485	1-485	1-485	1-485	US - 52	US - 52	1-81	1-81	1-80	1-80	08-1	1-81	1-81	1-81	1 - 195	1 - 195	11-77	1-77	1-77	1-77	1-77	1-77	1-77	1-77	1-72	1-77	1-79	1-79	CODR-G	CODR-G	CODR-G
STATE DATE	NORTH CAROLINA	AUG, 1995																		PENNSYLVANIA	AUG, 1995							NEW JERSEY	AUG, 1995	WEST VIRGINIA	SEPT, 1995													

STATE DATE	HWY	PIPE	Crushed	RDN'T NST SAGS/H2O	SILT	MAINLINE	DRAINABLE	OUTLETS	OUTLET
					1				
KENTUCKY	1 - 264	9	LATERAL	ON	QV	ON		ON	CLEAR
OCT, 1995	1-65	<u>Q</u>	MAIN	SAGS / MAIN	MAIN	230,	BRK/SEAT	<u>Q</u>	CLEAR
	1-65	NO		UNCUPL'D / MAIN	MAIN	150.5'	BRK/SEAT	<u>Q</u>	CLEAR
	- 65	ON.	MAIN / 95'	9	2	95.5'	BRK/SEAT	<u>0</u>	OGWV
	1-65	0 N	ON	<u>Q</u>	MAIN	258'	RUBBLE	8	OGWV
	- 65	<u>Q</u>	NO	SAGS / MAIN	MAIN	281'	RUBBLE	2	COVR'D W/ MULCH
TENNESSEE	BRILEY P	2	LATERAL	LATERAL / SAG	LATERAL	<u>Q</u>	****	8	CLEAR
OCI, 1995	BRILEY P	2	LATERAL	ON ON	9	<u>Q</u>		<u>8</u>	CLEAR
	BRILEY P	2	MAIN	MAIN / SAGS	<u>Q</u>	204'		ON.	CLEAR
	l - 24	<u>Q</u>	MAIN	MAIN SAGS	MAIN	30,	GRAN	O _N	NO HDWL / CLEAR
	1-24	9	QV	MAIN / SAGS	MAIN / HVY	100,	GRAN	<u>Q</u>	CLEAR
	1-65	YES	MAIN / 221'	MAIN / RDN'T	2	221.5		Q N	CLEAR
	1-65	YES	LATERAL	ON	<u>Q</u>	<u>Q</u>		<u>Q</u>	CLEAR
MISSISSIPPI	US - 61	2	ON	MAIN / RDN'T	SN SN	270′	*****	YES	CLEAR
OCT, 1995	US - 61	8	<u>Q</u>	BOTTLE @ 5'	.6@	ON N		YES	OGWV
	I - 20	YES	<u>Q</u>	ON.	YES	250'	1	Ĭ	COVR'D W/ GRASS + SILTED
	l - 20	9	<u>Q</u>	o Q	YES + AGG	,04	1	YES	CLEAR
	1-20	9	<u>Q</u>	SAGS / H2O	YES	155'	1	YES	CLEAR
-	1-20	2	<u>0</u>	SAGS/H2O/NST	YES	250'		YES	CLEAR
	l - 20	9	9	SAGS	MINOR	240'		YES	CLEAR
	US - 45	9	Q N	NO	YES+VEG	375'	1	YES	HS, OGWV
	US - 45	2	9	ON.	YES	220		YES	OGWV
	US - 45	2	<u>Q</u>	ON	ON	350		YES	CLEAR
	US - 45	2	8	SAGS / H20	YES	293' NO CAP	-	YES	CLEAR
	US - 45	2	<u>Q</u>	SAGS / H2O	MINOR	280' BURRS		YES	CLEAR
	US - 45	2	2	RDNT NST	ON	350' BURRS	1	YES	CLEAR
ALABAMA	US - 82	1.	<u>Q</u>	ON O	ON	LAT TO 24.5'		YES	OGWV
OCT, 1995	US - 82	1	0	2	OUTLET	LAT TO 38"		YES	SS, OGWV
	US - 82	1	9	9	ON	LAT TO 33'	1	YES	CRUSHED & SILTED
	1-65	1	<u>Q</u>	9	YES	NO	SOIL/AGG	THERMOPL	SILTED IN @ 2'
	I - 65	l	LATERAL	ROD NST/SAG	YES	LAT TO 23'	SOIL/AGG	THERMOPL	SS, OGWV
	I - 65	ł	<u>Q</u>	9	YES	LAT TO 26'	SOIL/AGG	THERMOPL	SS, OGWV
	US - 280 /	2	LATERAL	<u>Q</u>	YES	LAT TO 14'	•	<u>Q</u>	CLEAR
		2	2	SAG	<u>N</u>	475'	PATB/AGG	YES	CLEAR
and the state of t	US - 280 /	ON N	<u>Q</u>	ROOTS	<u>Q</u>	300,	PATB/AGG	YES	DEAD VEG
			AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1						

OUTLET	OGWV / MUDDY OGWV / CLEAR	VEG GROWNG IN OUTLET OGWN SEMI-OGWN BURIED BURIED BURIED BURIED BURIED WUDDY MUDDY MUDDY MUDDY CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR CLEAR SEMI-OGWN CLEAR SEMI-OGWN CLEAR SEMI-OGWN SEMI-OGWN
OUTLETS IDENTIFIED		
DRAINABLE BASE	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	CR. STONE CR. ST
MAINLINE INSPECTED	TEE NOT NEGOTIABLE NO TEE NOT NEGOTIABLE TEE NOT NEGOTIABLE NO	TEE NOT NEGOTIABLE NO N
SILT	NO NO NO LAT / GRAL	LATERAL LATERAL MAIN LATERAL MAIN @ 1.5' MAIN @ 7.1.6 MAIN @ 7.4.6 MAIN @ 7.4.6 MAIN @ 7.4 LATERAL LATERAL LATERAL NO
RDN'T NST SAGS/H2O	SAG SAG SAG SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/MAIN NO NO NO NO SAG/LAT SAG/MAIN NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO	NO SAG/LAT SAG/LAT NO NO NO SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT SAG/LAT NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO SAGS-MAIN SAGS-MAIN SAGS-MAIN SAGS-MAIN
Crushed	LATERAL LATERAL NO NO NO NO LAT @ 5.4' LAT @ 1.5' MAIN @ 60' NO LATERAL NO NO NO NO NO LATERAL NO LATERAL NO NO NO LATERAL NO NO LATERAL NO NO LATERAL NO NO NO LATERAL NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO	LAT @ 1.0' LAT @ 1.1' NO LAT @ 1.5' LAT @ 1.5' NO
PIPE WRAP	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
HWY	- 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40 - 40	- 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 85 - 85
STATE DATE	ARKANSAS NOV, 1995	LOUISIANA NOV, 1995 SO. CAROLINA NOV, 1995

STATE		PIPE	Crushed	RDN'T NST	SILT	MAINLINE	DRAINABLE	OUTLETS	OUTLET
DATE	HWY	WRAP	SEGMN'T	SAGS/H2O	INFIL	INSPECTED	BASE	IDENTIFIED	CONDITION
		T VI O U	OLOWINI	0A00/1120	IINI IL	inorcored	DAGE	IDLIVIATED	CONDITION
FLORIDA	I - 10	NO	LAT @ 2.5'	NO	?	NO	NO	YES	CLEAR
FEB, 1996	I - 10	NO	NO	NO	YES	TO 185'	NO	YES	CLEAR
	SR 436/C	NO	NO	NO	?	TO 165'	NO -	NO	BURIED
	l - 75	NO	LAT	SGS/H2O/SILT/M	LAT/MAIN	TO 105'	NO	YES	DROP INLET CLEAR
	1 - 75	NO	LAT @ 2'	?	LAT	NO	NO	YES	DROP INLET CLEAR / DRY
11.10.00	1 - 75	NO	LAT @ 3.5'	?	LAT	NO	NO	YES	DROP INLET CLEAR / DRY
ILLINOIS	1 - 39	NO	NO	SAG 12'/UNCOUP	NO	unconv tee conn	-	YES	CLEAR
APR, 1996	I - 39 I - 39	NO	NO	SAG 10'/UNCOUP	NO	unconv conn		YES	CLEAR
	I - 39	NO	NO	SILT/1.5', RDNT/1.5',18'		Monsanto Mat	· / ·	YES	CLEAR
INDIANA	1-39	NO NO	NO YES	SILT 0-20', SAG/9.4'	YES	Monsanto Mat		YES	CLEAR
APR, 1996	1 - 65	NO	YES/6'	SAGS-SLIGHT NO	NO	470	-	YES	CLEAR
A(1X, 1990	I - 65	NO	YES/6'	NO NO	NO HEAVY	NO 200'		NO YES	CLEAR HVY DEPOSIT SILT
OHIO	I - 70	YES	NO NO	NO NO	NO NO	NO	RUBBILIZED		CLEAR
APR, 1996	i - 70	YES	NO	NO	15', 42'-55'	DROP TEE	RUBBILIZED		CLEAR
,	I - 70	NO	35.8'	14'/SAG	15'-31', 35'+		RECYCLED	NO	CLEAR/FLOWING
	I - 70	NO	19.2'	NO	0'-13'	TEE NOT NEGOTIABLE		NO	CLEAR
MICHIGAN	US - 27N	NO	85.7'	58'-85'/SAG	NO	TO CRUSH-85'	- NEOTOLED	NO	CLEAR
APR, 1996	US - 27N	NO	MULT	MULT/SAGS	MULT	TO CRUSH-111'	-	NO	CLEAR
	US - 27S	NO	NO	1.2-3.5'/SAGS	GRAV/18'	NO	-	NO	CLEAR
	US - 27S	NO	NO	NO	NO	448'		NO	NO HDWL/CLEAR
	US - 27N	NO	NO	MULT SAGS	5'	101.7'	-	CONST	NO HDWL/CLEAR
001111=0=1011=	US - 27S	NO	NO NO	NO	NO	150.1'	-	CONST	NO HDWL/CLEAR
CONNECTICUT	I - 84	NO	MULT	YES	NO	321.4	-	YES	ÇLEAR
APR, 1996	I - 84	NO	MULT	MULT SAGS	5.3', 15.6'	410'	-	YES	CLEAR
	I - 84	NO	NO	SAGS 0-14'	LIGHT 0-188	334'	-	YES	CLEAR/RUNNING
	I - 84	NO	-		, -	DROP IN	-	YES	DROP INLET
	I - 84 I - 84	NO NO		MAIN REMOVED	-	NO MAIN	=	YES	DROP INLET
	1 - 84 I - 84	NO	-	MAIN REMOVED	-	NO MAIN	-	YES	DROP INLET DROP INLET
	1 - 84W	NO	- LAT 13'		-	DROP IN NO	-	YES YES	DROP INLET
	1 - 84W	NO	LAT 21.2'	NO	MULT	99.6'	-	YES	DROP INLET
	1 - 84W	NO	20', 238.3	NO	MULT	238.3'	-	YES	PRE FAB HWDL
	I - 84W	NO	MULT	SAG/31'-49'	MULT	425'/ ELLIPTICAL	-	YES	CLEAR
	I - 84W	NO	29'	RDN'T/24', 61'	NO	303'	-	YES	CLEAR
NEW YORK	SR - 9s	NO	NO	SAG 3.9'	3.9'-5.1'	40'	GRANULAR	NO	CLEAR
APR, 1996	SR - 9n	NO	MULT	SAGS	NO	235.51/CRUSH	GRANULAR	NO	CLEAR
•	Co. RT - 3	NO	31', 130'	SAGS/MULT	MULT	208'/ROCK	GRANULAR	NO	CLEAR/FLOWING
	I - 87N	NO	NO	SAGS/3.3', 6.0'	GRAV/10.5'	NO	NATURAL	NO	DROP INLET
	I - 87N	NO	160'	SAGS/MULT	DEBRI/160'	160'	NATURAL	NO	DROP INLET/CLEAR
	I - 87N	NO		SAGS/LAT	LAT	90 TEE	NATURAL	NO	CLEAR
	I - 90W	NO	NO	SAGS/MULT, RDNT/69'	NO	387.4'	9"CONC	NO	SILTED/VEG
	I - 90W	NO	14.9', 34.2'	NO	NO	90 TEE	9"CONC	NO	SILTED/VEG
	I - 90W	NO	NO	RODN'T/42'	NO	90 TEE	9"CONC	NO	SILTED/VEG

genno in grammo a centro o celebrario in esta con el entro o celebrario de esta con el entro o celebrario de d

S OUTLET CONDITION		CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	BROKEN, SILTED	OVGRWNVEGITATION	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	SILTED	CLEAR	SILTED	BELOW GRADE, SILTED	SILTED	HEAVILY SILTED	HEAVILY SILTED	SILTED	DEAD VEGITATION	COV'D W/DEAD VEGITATION	COV'D W/DEAD VEGITATION	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAK	CLEAK	CLEAR	CLEAK	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAK	SILIED		
OUTLETS		YES	YES	YES	2	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	2	2	2	YES	YES	YES.	YES	YES	ES	X K	ES	YES PES	YES	
DRAINABLE		And the second s		i	•	CRK/SEAT	CRK/SEAT	CRK/SEAT	1	•	•	•		•	•	E.	•			PATB	PATB	PATB	1	•	•		•	1	2		. !	PATB			CRSH STON		E CRS	CTB	0 S	
MAINLINE	21 22 124	THIN DRAIN	THIN DRAIN	THIN DRAIN	104.	THIN DRAIN	THIN DRAIN	LAT CRUSH	NO/90 TEE	S S	302	THIN DRAIN	THIN DRAIN	THIN DRAIN	,	345	300	400	•	315	345	340	23/FRENCH	340	63,	430,	470,	LAT//5'	470'	LAT @ 2'	LAT/ 9.1'	MAIN/28.5			LAT @ 4.4'	LAT/26'	TEE NOT NEGOTIAB	365	STS	
SILT		@OUTI ET)	•	OUT. 91'	OUTLET	ON.		OUTLET	GRAV@TEF	000	0'- 4'	ROOTS	08	OUTLET		MULT	MULT		MULT	50,	13,	MULT	MAIN		_	LAT/HWY	LAT/HVY	•	•	LAT @9.1'	3',28',7'-10'	LAT @ 4.8'	1	1		AGG @ 26' TE	1	•	
RDN'T NST	ON TOO ON	ı	1	•	CZ	SAG/4.1', 9'-22'	SAG/6'-9' 13 -15'				ON	SAG/15'-18'	ON	ON N		1	ON	ON		ON	ON	RODN'T 271'-275'	RODN'T @ OUTLET	SAGS		RODN	SAG/LAT	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	ì		•	SAG/H20 @ 10'-14'	SAG @ 10-14	ī
Crushed	SEGIVINA	CN	ON N	LATIMAIN	CN	12.	MI II T	11 251			CN	1	Q	2	•		9	8		9	<u>Q</u>	LAT UNCOUP	LAT UNCOUP	MAIN/131',141'	LAT/17.6	LAT	LAT/7',8.3'	ı		LAT @ 2'	LAT @ 9'	3',28',7'-10'	1	LAT @ 6.4'	LAT @ 4.4'),	1	LAT@27.6'	- + + -	LA1@2.0
PIPE	12VA	CN	2	92	S	2 2	2	2	2	2 2	2	YES	YES	YES	YES	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	9	2	2	9	2	9	2	2	2	2	9	2	2	2	2	2	22	Ş
24.5		1-401/	1-40E	-40E	I - 40W	1-40W	1 - 40W	1 - 40W	1 - 25N/SP	1-25N/SP	I - 25N/SP	I- 10W	1-10W	1-10W	1- 10E	1 - 40E/SP	I - 40E/SP	I - 40E/SP	I - 40E/SP	US - 93N/	US - 93N/	US - 93N/	US - 93N/	I - 80E	I - 80E	I - 80E	1 - 80E	1-80E	I - 80E	1 - 80E	I - 80E	1 - 80E	1 - 80E	1 - 80E	1-258	1-258	1-258	M06 - I	M06-	1-301
STATE	שואם	NEW MEXICO	MAY. 1996											-		ARIZONA	MAY. 1996							WYOMING	JUNE, 1996							-								

OUTLET	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAK	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	50% BURIED	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	HEAVILY SILTED	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR	MII DI Y SII TED	CLEAR	SILTED	CLEAR	BROKEN	CLEAR	CLEAR	BROKEN	CLEAR	CLEAR	BURIED	CLEAR	BROKEN	CLEAR
OUTLETS	YES	YES	YES	Y ES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	9	YES	YES	YES	Q Q	9	ON.	8	2	ON ON	9	0 N	9	9	0	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	N ON	ON ON	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
DRAINABLE BASE	PATB	PATB	PAIB	PAIB	PAIB	PAIB	PATB	RUBBLE	RUBBLE	RUBBLE	RUBBLE	RUBBLE	RUBBLE	1	٠,	•			•						PATB	PATB	PATB	PATB	GABC	GABC	1						ATPB	ATPB	ATPB	ATPB	ATB	ATB		AIB	2	
MAINLINE	410	LAT REQST ONLY	484.4	420	470.1	400	128	272.1'	275.4'	273.4'	274.4'	274.4'	MAIN @ 148.6'	LAT @ 2.9'	MAIN @ 146'	LAT ONLY TO 34'	MAIN TO 59'	MAIN TO 471.6'	LAT TO 4.2'	MAIN TO 92'	LAT. TO 29.8'	LAT. TO 2.8'	LAT. TO 19.8'	170.0'	411	419'	343	275.4'	132.8	298.2	400.2	190.2	275	290.4'	251.1'	237.2'	410.1'	223.3'	172.5'	425.1'	NONE	275.1'	207	IEE NOI NEGOTABLE	191.3	177.4'
SILT		YES			١,		OBS1@128	1	•	•	•		•		ALL	AGG	AGG @ 59'	-		61'-92'		0-2.8'	19.8'	-		@ OUTLET		MAIN		168.5	87.5		Z15.1 OLITI ETS	OUTLETS	OUTLET	237.2'	,	223.3'	1	1	0-2.3'	2.5'-19.1'	,	_ i :	MAIN	1
RDN'T NST SAGS/H2O	SAGS/H20	ROUN'I/LAI	HZU/3/ -484/3-/U%	1120/10-/3,141-100,29	120/16-438, RUN 1/8.9	HZU/Z68 -38U	HZU/16-128	1				,		SAG @ 2.9'	MULT SAG IN LAT		MULT SAG IN LAT	-	-	1'-15/61'-92'			•	1	•	RDNT NST @27'	•		MULT. MAIN	50.8', 99'	i :	- TOW TIMOG	RDNT NST @24		RDNT NST @185') '		•	•	RDNT NST @53.2	•	RDNT NST @234'		• u	l 1:	RDNT NST @14.8'
Crushed SEGMN'T									19', 172.2'	-					MULI IN LAT		MULTINICAT	32.4'	4.2'	MULT IN LAT	1	LAT@1.0'	1.0'	•	,	,	228'	•	· •	1		•	1 1	,	•		•	•	172.5	53.2'	1	ı	1	1 AT 18 7	. '	1
PIPE WRAP	2	200					2 2	2 2	2	2	0	2	2	29	2 9	2 :	2	2	2	9	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	99	2 2	2 2	2 2	22	9	9	9	9	2	2	2	2	22	2 2		2	9
HWY	1- 15N	- 1 SN	1. 15N	15N	15N	200	200	1 60 c	106 - I	1-90E	306 - I	306 - I	1 - 90E	N69 - SO	N89 - SO	N89 - SO	S69 - SO	S69 - SO	NS - 69S	MD-100W	N26-1	MD347N	MD347N	MD347N	SR1N	SR1N	SR1N	US113S	OLD BAL	OLD BAL	RTF 273	L-5N (1. A		-2N	(A) NS-I	I-5N (B)	SR99S	SR99S	SR99S	SR99S	SK99N	Negs.	NEGEN I	1-505N	SR113S	SR113S
STATE DATE	MONTANA HINE 1006	JOINT, 1990											4 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1	ONLAHOWA	JULT, 1990					MARYLAND	JULY, 1996				DELAWARE	JULY, 1996			-	-		CAI FORNIA	AUGUST, 1996			-				Section 1						

STATE DATE		PIPE	Crushed	RDN'T NST	SILT	MAINLINE	DRAINABLE	OUTLLIS	OUTLET
1	HWY	WRAP	SEGMN'T	SAGS/H2O	INFIL	INSPECTED	BASE	IDENTIFIED	CONDITION
				4					
NEVADA	I-15S	?		-	-	210.2'		YES	CLEAR
	I-15S	?	-	-	_	250'		YES	CLEAR
	I-15S	?	-	_	_	270'		YES	CLEAR
	JS-95S	?	-	-	_	LAT ONLY TO 2.7'		YES	COVERED WITH AGGR.
Ü	JS-95S	?	-	-	_	END CAP @ 10.7'		YES	COVERED WITH AGGR.
l	US-95S	?	- .	_	-	LAT ONLY TO 9.7'		YES	COVERED WITH AGGR.
MISSOURI	I-44W	YES	-	-	-	TEE NOT NEGOTIABLE	4" PATB	YES	CLEAR
OCTOBER, 1996	I-44W	YES	-	-	-	220'	4" PATB	YES	CLEAR
	I-44W	YES	-	-	-	TEE NOT NEGOTIABLE	4" PATB	YES	CLEAR
	I-44W	YES	-	-	-	215'	4" PATB	YES	CLEAR
	I-44W	YES	-	•	-	360'	4" PATB	YES	CLEAR
VIRGINIA	I-95	NO	-	-	_	307'		YES	CLEAR
APRIL, 1997	1-95	NO	-	-		316'		YES	CLEAR
	1-95	NO	-	-	-	LAT ONLY TO 2.2'		YES	CLEAR
	I-95	NO		H20/22'-246'	-	310'		YES	CLEAR
	I-64	NO	-	NEST @ 29.2	_	TO NEST @ 29.2		YES	CLEAR
	I-64	NO	-		-	TO NAIL @ 45.2		YES	CLEAR
-	I-64	NO	-	-	· <u>-</u>	TO NAIL @ 62		YES	CLEAR
	I-64	NO	-	-	-	TO NAIL @ 69		YES	CLEAR
	I-64	NO	-	_	-	TO NAIL @ 104		YES	CLEAR
	I-64	NO	-	-	- "	TO NAIL @ 35		YES	CLEAR
	I-64	NO	-	-	-	266'		YES	CLEAR
	1-64	NO	-		\	TO NAIL @ 27.5		YES	CLEAR
	1-64	NO	_	-	-	TO NAIL @ 50		YES	ÇLEAR
	1-95		_	-	-	384'		YES	CLEAR
	1-95		-	H20/10'-50'	-	285'		YES	ČLEAR
HAWAII	H-3	NO	-	-/	-	250'		YES	CLEAR
AUGUST 1997	H-1					TEE NOT NEGOTIABLE	•	YES	CLEAR
	H-61		-	-	-	250'		YES	CLEAR

APPENDIX B

Guide Specification for Video Edgedrain Inspection



Draft
Guide Specification
For
Video Edge Drain Inspection
And
Acceptance

1.0 Scope

- 1.1 This guide specification provides a methodology for video inspection of edgedrain pipe systems conducted as part of their original installation during new construction or retrofitted edgedrains incorporated in an existing paved surface. This specification also provides guidance for the final acceptance of the edgedrain system
 - 1.2 This specification does not address the installation of the edgedrain system.
- 1.3 This specification is not specifically intended for inspections of existing edgedrain systems during maintenance operations, but can readily be adapted for such operations.
- 1.4 This specification does not purport to address all of the safety problems associated with its use. It is the responsibility of whomever uses this specification to consult and establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to its use for video edgedrain inspection.

2.0 Equipment

- 2.1 Camera A high resolution, high sensitivity, waterproof color video camera will be required that has been engineered to inspect pipes 75 mm to 150 mm in diameter. The camera must be capable of negotiating a 90 degree angle from one 100 mm diameter pipe to another 100 mm diameter pipe. Sufficient lighting must be provided by the camera to provide a clear "true" color picture of the entire periphery of a 100 mm diameter pipe. The camera should be designed with appropriate attachments such that the camera itself maintains a position in the center of the pipe during inspections.
- Camera Control Unit The controls for the camera should be incorporated in a portable unit capable of adjusting iris, focus and light level intensity. The control unit shall include a built-in 200 mm color monitor (or greater) for tracking the cameras progress through the inspections, two video input/output jacks for video recording as well as tape playback verification through the built-in monitor. Audio input shall also be provided to allow for dubbing of the video tapes to incorporate comments as necessary.

- 2.3 Metal Coiler and Push Rod With Counter Sufficient cable/push rod is required to conduct inspections to a length of 150 meters. In order to facilitate lengthy inspections the push rod system must be sufficiently rigid and designed with a coating that minimizes frictional resistance between the cable and the pipe. The portable coiling system shall be equipped with a distance counter for monitoring length of inspection.
- 2.4 Color Video Printer A video printer shall be incorporated into the system to produce color prints of any observations of interest during the course of an inspection. The video printer shall be directly connected to the camera control unit to insure prints of the highest quality possible.
- 2.5 Video Cassette Recorder The video cassette recorder shall be a high quality four head industrial grade VHS type recorder with audio dubbing, still frame, and slow speed capabilities.
- 2.6 Generator A compact portable generator shall be provided with sufficient capacity to power the inspection equipment.

3.0 Safety

- 3.1 Awareness of nearby traffic is essential. Traffic control may be warranted under some circumstances.
- 3.2 Special attention around drainage areas is warranted to be alert for snakes, rodents and other potential inhabitants.
- 3.3 Safety gear such as hardhats, reflective vests may be warranted based on proximity to traffic and or construction operations.
- 3.4 The physical requirements of the inspection procedures will require a technician in good health and cognizant of proper lifting procedures.

4.0 Technician Qualifications

- 4.1 The operator of the video inspection equipment must have a good mechanical aptitude.
 - 4.2 A working knowledge of standard video equipment is required.
- 4.3 Video inspection requires lifting of large heavy containers (40 kilograms) and the ability to push 150 meters of rigid video cable through drain pipe and retrieve and recoil the cable upon completion of the inspection. Good health and physical fitness are essential.
 - 4.4 Knowledge of appropriate safety precautions is advisable.

5.0 Inspection

- 5.1 All mainline edgedrains and lateral outlets installed on this project will be subject to video inspections.
- 5.2 Random video spot-checks will be made at the Engineer's discretion. The random checks will be conducted on no less than 10 percent of the lateral outlets and extending to 150 meters down the mainline system. Should deficiencies be found, a more extensive video inspection with expanded video coverage will be conducted.
- 5.3 Video inspections will be conducted by the contractor (or their representative) after mainline pavement placement (under the Engineers direction), but before shoulder paving (in the case of new construction). For retrofitted edgedrains, inspections will be conducted before the installation trenches are paved over.
- 5.4 Outlets, including outlet end treatment installations, must be completely installed prior to conducting video inspections.

6.0 Deficiencies

- 6.1 Excavation and repair and/or removal and replacement of the deficient portion(s) of edgedrain or edgedrain outlets will be required if the video inspections identify any of the following defects:
 - 6.1.1. Crushed or compressed pipe
 - 6.1.2. Separated Joints
 - 6.1.3. Obstructions within the system which inhibit the passage of the video camera
 - 6.1.4 Structural failure of the pipe wall (a rip or crack)
- 6.1.5. Sags in the mainline, which allow water to stand more than half the depth of the pipe
 - 6.1.6. Any sags where collection of silt is apparent
- 6.2 The Contractor's repair method and/or removal and replacement method must meet with the Engineer's prior approval.

7.0 Payment

- 7.1 All work to correct deficient edgedrain or edgedrain outlets will be the responsibility of the Contractor and performed at the Contractor's expense.
- 7.2 No claims for extension of time or additional compensation will be allowed for delays due to correcting deficient edgedrains or edgedrain outlets, or for the video inspections to identify same.
- 7.3 All edgedrains repaired or replaced as a result of video inspection findings shall be reinspected and certified to be functioning properly before final acceptance.
- 7.4 Payment for the video edgedrain inspections and acceptance should be incorporated under the bid item "edgedrain installation", and considered a prerequisite to payment for acceptable edge drain installations.



